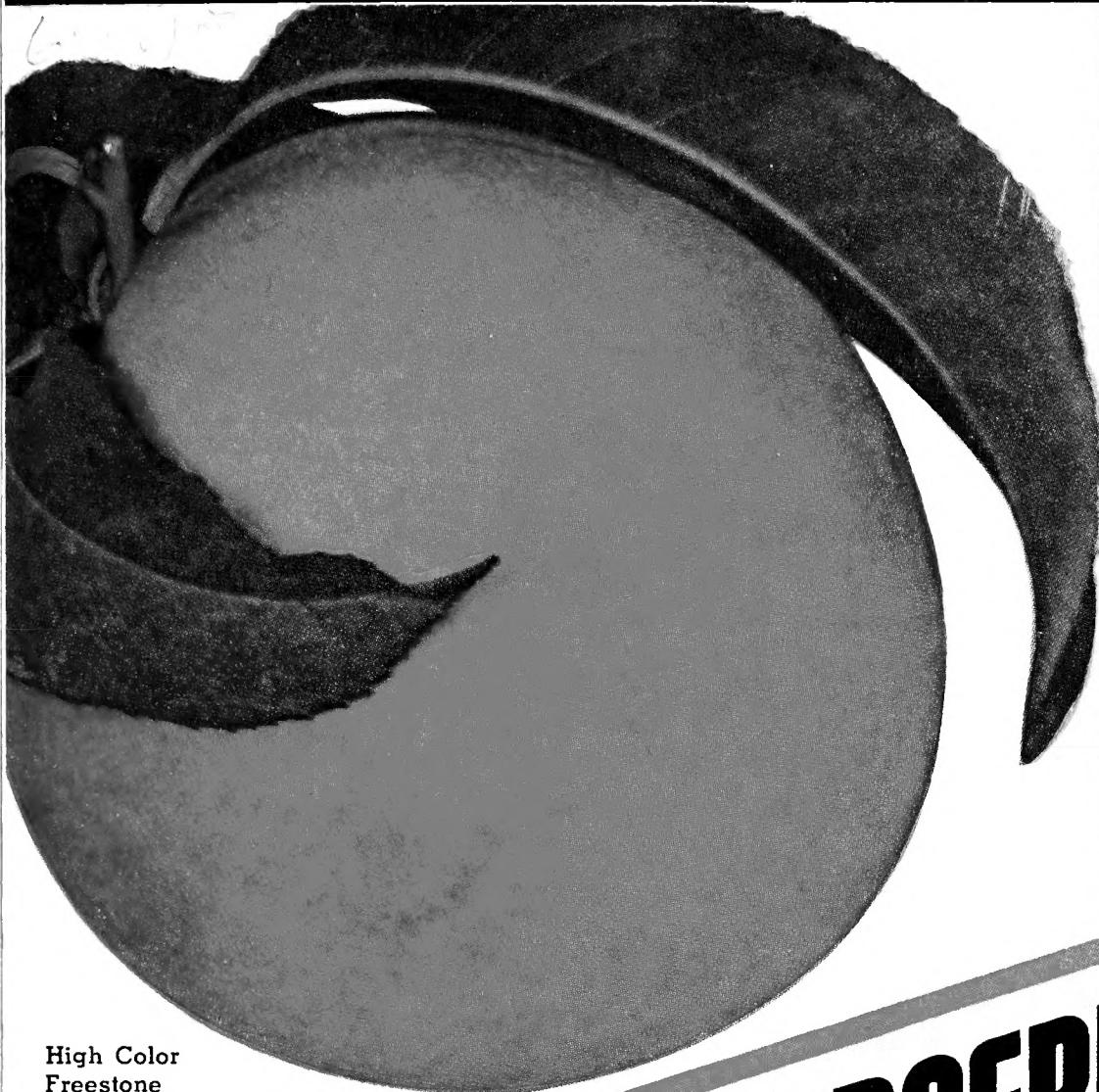


Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





HALF- HAVEN

A Premium Peach
for every commercial
grower and orchard

(See page 7)

High Color
Freestone
Two Weeks Ahead
of Elberta

BUNTINGS' NURSERIES, Inc.

1940

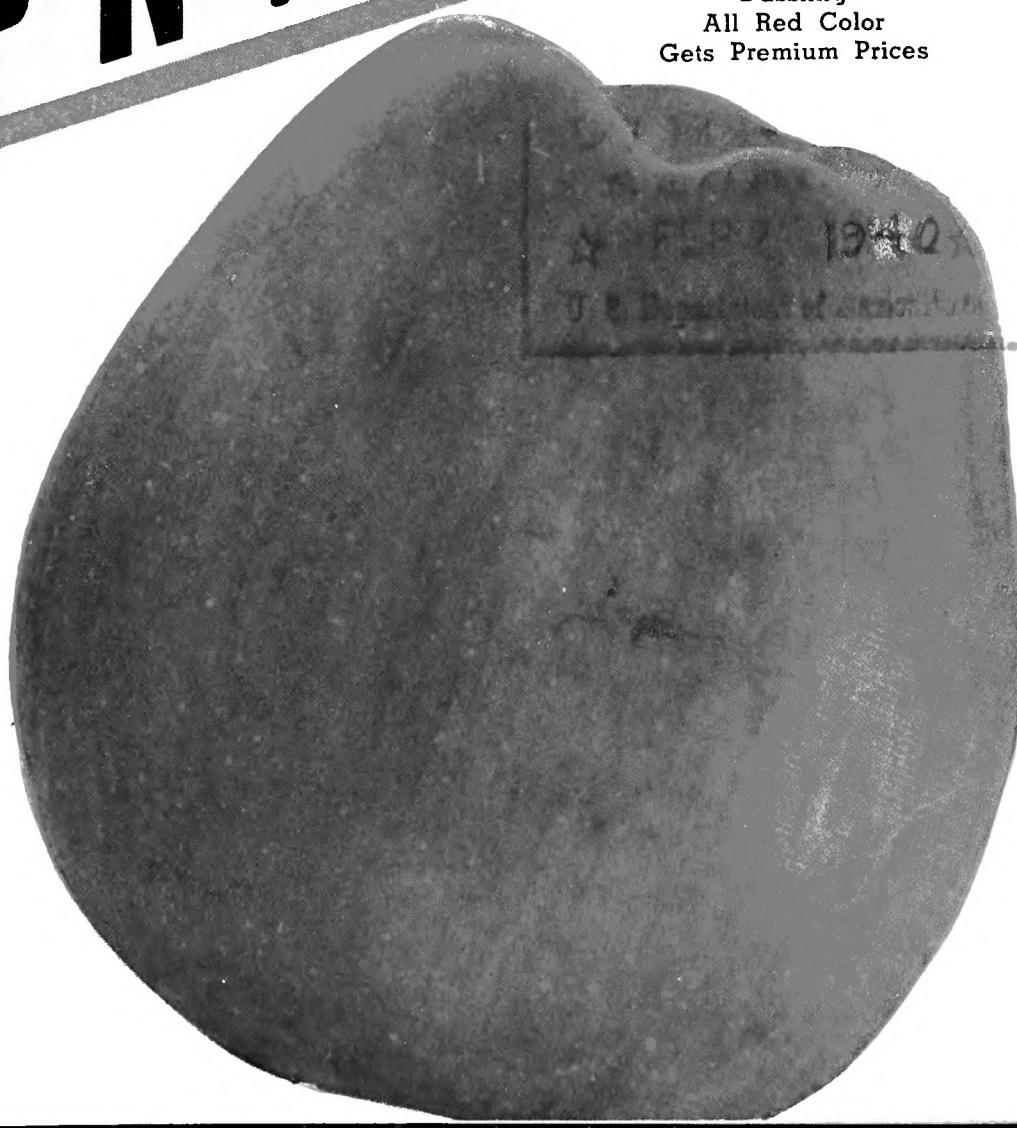
SELBYVILLE, DELAWARE.

Dazzling
All Red Color
Gets Premium Prices

Shotwell DOUBLE RED DELICIOUS

Selected strain that bears
full red fruit always —
same as Regular Delicious
except color.

(See page 12)



MASTODON →

Everbearing. Berries from June to frost, the real home garden variety. Pick fruit 90 days after planting. Does well in all locations. See page 24 for further description.



DORSETT

Large, attractive, bright red berries. Excellent for either home garden or commercial market. See page 20 for complete description.



← PREMIER

A dependable and thoroughly satisfactory variety for the home garden or commercial market. Beautiful, luscious berries early in the season. See page 21 for further description.

ALL-SEASON

Strawberry Collection

100 Mastodon. Evrbrg.

100 Premier. Early

100 Dorsett. Early.

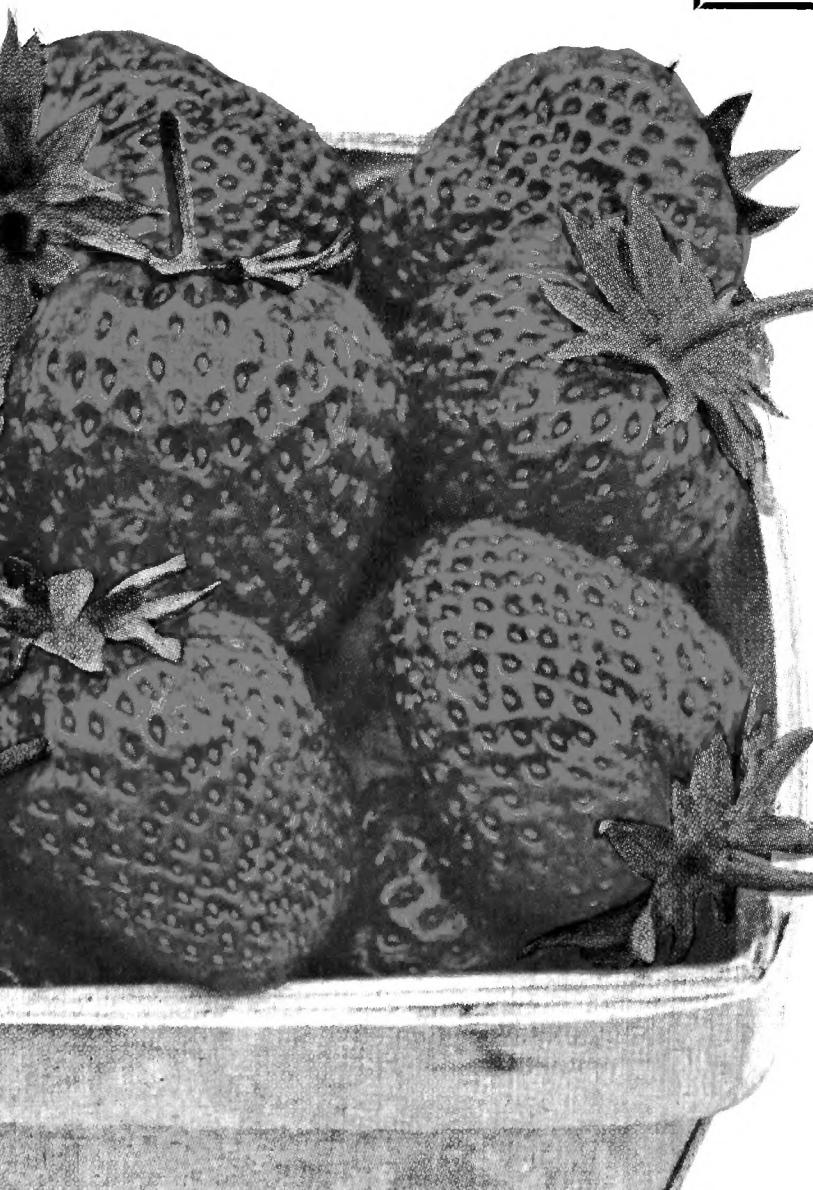
100 Catskill. Midseason.

Heavily-rooted plants

400 for \$2.90

CATSKILL

Best midseason berry. Abundant producer of firm, wonderfully flavored berries. See page 21 for complete description.



Bunting's Reputation

*is at stake every time we
fill an order—we dare not
disappoint you.*

Our reputation has been built on the policy of giving each customer full value for his money on every transaction. To insure complete satisfaction with each purchase, every effort is put forth to deliver the tree or plant to the customer in the best of condition, and nothing is left undone to this end.

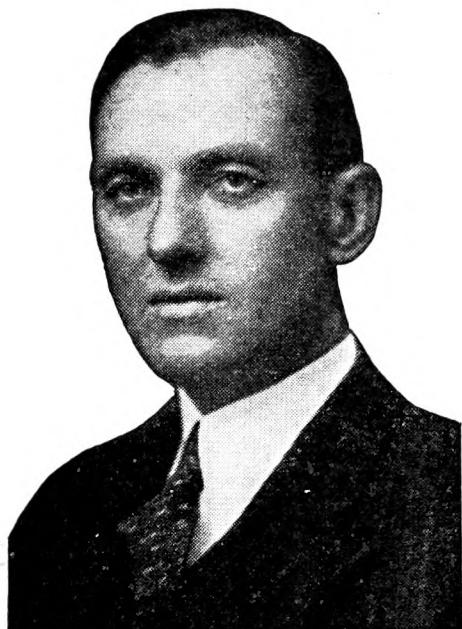
Away back in 1910, our business of growing trees and plants was established. From a humble beginning we have grown until today our firm is ranked with the leaders in the industry, having over 1,000 acres under cultivation.

We filled more orders for nursery stock last year than in any previous year in the history of our business. In checking over our records of last year, it was most gratifying and encouraging to note the great number of "repeat" orders from customers who started buying fifteen, twenty and twenty-five years ago.

It is our hope that you will find listed in this book many items of real interest. If you have not previously purchased from us, we ask that you give us a trial order this year. We will stake our reputation on your being satisfied. To our old customers, we extend our heartiest thanks for their patronage, and hope they will continue thinking of us as a most dependable source of supply for trees, shrubs and plants for city, farm and suburban homes.

Sincerely yours,

CLAYTON A. BUNTING
President



BUNTING'S NURSERIES, INC.

Selbyville, Delaware

the Bunting *Creed is One*

Dependable Source of Supply For All Your Planting Needs

Our organization includes a number of men who have been with us for as many as twenty-five years. They are experts in the production of the product we sell. Every operation in the growing, digging and packing of our products is supervised personally by an expert of practical knowledge. This means the stock which you order is grown, dug and packed in such a manner that it will keep right on growing when transplanted on your grounds, and be a source of pride for years and years to come.

Careful Packing Protects Plant Life

Trees and plants are living, growing organisms. The way they are dug and packed for shipment is one of the most important operations in the nurseryman's routine of filling an order. We are proud of our mammoth packing houses illustrated below, and the photographs are included to show you how well equipped we are to handle nursery stock from the time it is dug until delivered.

1. Good Stock
2. True-to-Name
3. Disease Free
4. Best Varieties

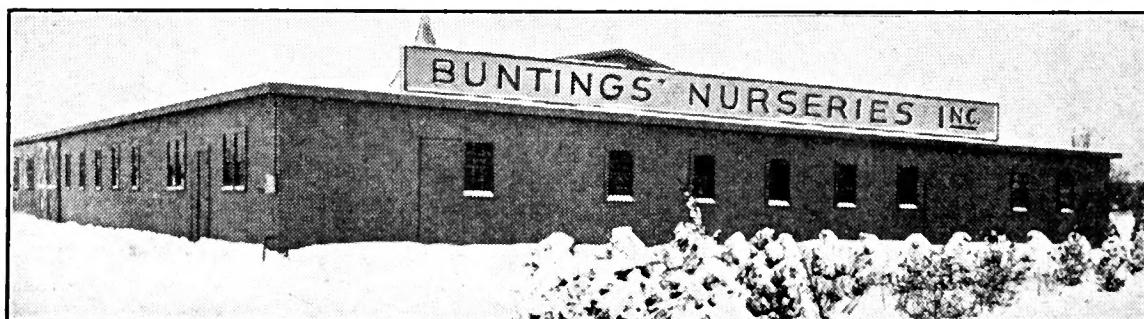
**Buy
BUNTINGS'
QUALITY
Trees and
Plants
and
SAVE!**



**SHIPPING
DEPARTMENT
No. 1.**
Used exclusively for
assembling Asparagus
and Strawberry plant
orders for shipment.



Bunting's Shipping Department No. 2, where Express, Freight and carlot orders are packed and made ready for shipment. With this building we have our own private siding, where we can load as many as six cars at one time.



**SHIPPING
DEPARTMENT
No. 3.**

An exclusive department for packing parcel post orders for shipment to all parts of the United States. From this building carloads of Bunting's trees and plants annually depart for their new homes.

Word "DEPENDABILITY"

- 5. Reasonable Prices
- 6. Grown Right
- 7. Properly Dug
- 8. Packed Correctly

Golden Rooted Strawberry Plants

These strong fibrous-rooted Bay Shore grown plants are the best to resist drought and yield abundant crops for gardeners and commercial growers.



Buy BUNTINGS' Whole Root Trees

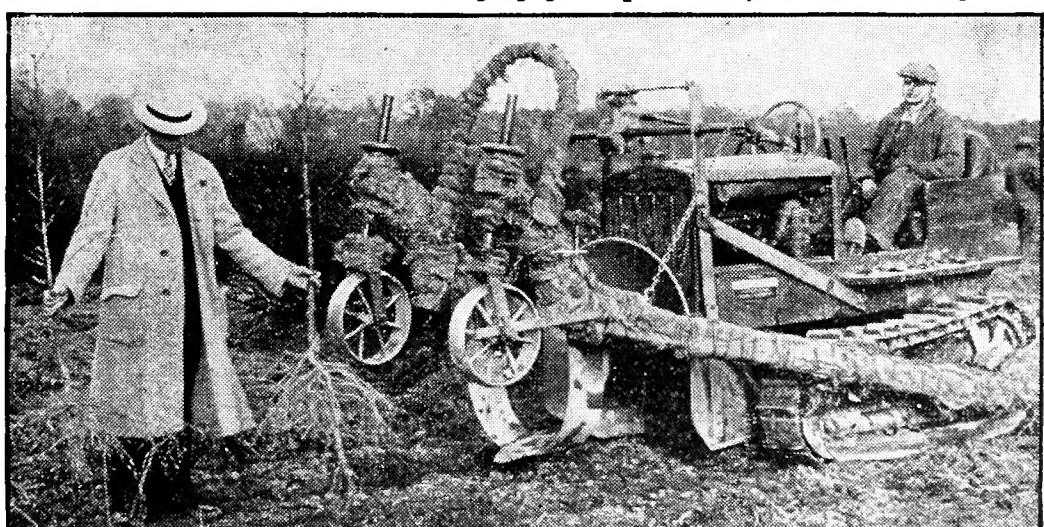
When placing your order, buy Bunting's tractor-dug trees, and **you will have no reason** after your shipment is received to say "I have received the trees, now send me the roots."

It is logical that a tree with a root area large in comparison to its top will start more quickly and make more growth than one with short roots. A carefully dug tree will bear earlier, and because of its stronger growth will have larger crops on younger trees.

We Send You All the Roots With Your Trees

Our digging equipment, especially designed for the purpose, is equipped to get under the roots regardless of weather conditions.

Note the long fibrous roots on our golden rooted Dorsett strawberry plants. Deep digging gives you all the roots of each plant.



Note the heavy digging blade and completeness of root system on the dug trees.

2 Worth-while New Patented



Both of the
"Old-Fashioned"
Elberta type.

PEACHES HARDEE

U. S. Plant Patent 120

A NEW PEACH CULTIVATED TO RESIST
EXCESSIVE COLD

Produces Peaches and Lots of Them
When Other Trees Fail

The Hardee Peach is a freestone, firm, yellow flesh, Elberta type; a good shipper, with a tendency to attain a slightly larger size than Elberta, and with a somewhat thicker skin. It produces good Peaches and lots of them when other varieties are winter killed, thus it will make profits for you when the common sorts fail and when prices are highest.

"The peach itself (Hardee) is of the general Elberta type, equally as firm and about the same size. It is equal or superior to Elberta in quality. It differs from Elberta in that it is longer and the ground color appears to be a somewhat deeper yellow. The variety has demonstrated that it is hardy both in bud and wood far beyond that of Elberta and most of the common varieties. This variety ought to help take some of the hazards out of peach growing."

C. W. ELLENWOOD, Ohio Exp. Station

REDELBERTA

(U. S. Plant Patent No. 232)

The old reliable Elberta with all its good characteristics retained **PLUS bright red color 10 days earlier**.

This Peach is identical with Elberta in tree and fruit, except that the fruit ripens approximately 10 days earlier than common Elberta and has fully double the red color of that variety.

For the profitable earlier markets, you can't beat Redelberta. With its early red color and earlier picking season, it can be shipped firm ripe. For generations Elberta has been the standard commercial Peach variety by which all other varieties have been judged, and now Dame Nature has given us an improvement on it. A bud sport or mutation, originating in the orchard of Mr. Jay Perry, Kennewick, Washington.

Healthy, Well Grown, Vigorous Trees Are Worth More

Quality in Peach trees is not a mere matter of the size of the trees at the time of purchase. It includes the horticultural skill, knowledge, care and personal integrity actually employed from the securing of the Peach seed to the delivery of the stock.

Considering our long experience in Peach tree production, the knowledge we have obtained in watching the trees in our bearing commercial orchards here in Sussex County, it is our belief that you cannot buy better Peach trees anywhere in the country regardless of the price. The prices we are getting for our trees are as reasonable as we can make them for the quality stock produced here.

Prices Per Tree On HARDEE and REDELBERTA Peach Trees Only

	Each	10	25	100
5/16 to 7/16 in. cal.	\$0.65	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.25
7/16 to 9/16 in. cal.	.70	.55	.45	.30
9/16 to 11/16 in. cal.	.75	.60	.50	.35

Write for prices on larger quantities.

HARDEE
and
REDELBERTA

Peaches are prop-
agated and sold on-
ly by Nurserymen
authorized by the
Distributors.

Bunting's Peaches Bear Young, Produce Heavily. At Their Best When Picked Fresh From Your Own Trees.

Elberta

Still
the KING
of Peaches



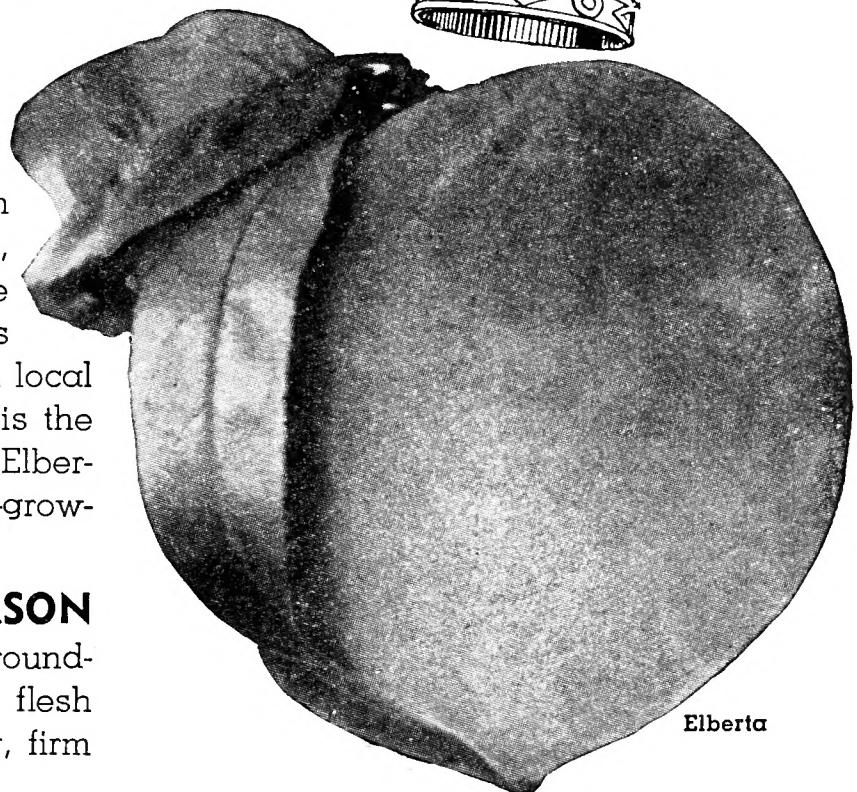
See
Low Prices
Below

Leading All
Other Varieties
of the Same
Ripening Season

Elberta leads all other peaches in number of trees in America. It is, too, the most popular of all peaches in the markets. The pre-eminent meritorious character of Elberta is its freedom from local prejudices of extra soil or climate—it is the cosmopolite of cultivated peaches, thus Elberta is grown with profit in every peach-growing state in the Union.

FRUIT MATURES IN MID-SEASON

3 inches long and 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches wide, roundish, with a pointed tip and skin thick, flesh yellow stained pink near the pit, juicy, firm but tender, good quality, stone free.



Elberta

**Prices All Standard Varieties of Peach Trees listed on pages 5, 6 and 7.
(per tree)**

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 or more trees
1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	\$0.15	\$0.12	\$0.09	\$0.06	\$0.04
1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. ....	.18	.14	.11	.08	.05
2-3 ft., regular grade ....	.20	.16	.12	.09	.06
2-3 ft., 5/16 to 7/16 in. cal. ....	.25	.20	.15	.12	.09
3-4 ft., 7/16 to 9/16 in. cal. ....	.30	.25	.20	.15	.12 $\frac{3}{4}$
4-5 ft., 9/16 to 11/16 in. cal. ....	.35	.30	.25	.20	.18
5-6 ft., 11/16 in. and up cal. ....	.45	.35	.30	.25	.20

Ripening Order of Peach Trees

Use this list for selecting varieties that will provide you with fruit throughout the summer. The varieties are listed in their order of ripening, from the very earliest to the latest.

EARLY:	EARLY:	MIDSEASON:	LATE:	LATE:
Mayflower Red Bird Cling Greensboro Carman Golden Jubilee Cumberland Rochester Vedette	Hiley Champion Valiant Slappy Hale-Haven Redelberta Eclipse Crawford's Early South Haven	Belle of Georgia Early Elberta J. H. Hale Hardee Elberta Frances Brackett	Crawford's Late Shipper's Late Roberta Fox Seedling Iron Mountain	Salberta Salwey White Heath Cling Krummel Berk's Favorite

Our fruit trees are certified for trueness to name by ourselves, and we have been in the fruit growing business (as well as producers of trees) for more than thirty years. Also, each year, they are inspected for trueness to name by the staff of Dr. J. K. Shaw, Research Professor of Pomology, Massachusetts State College, a recognized authority of fruit variety certification. Every precaution is taken to assure you of getting the variety ordered.

PICK FRUIT the third year after planting from Bunting's High Quality Peach Trees. Bunting's trees speak a language of productiveness and profit every orchardist knows.



"I give credit to Bunting's trees," writes Mr. Mills. "Never in my life have I seen such a young and progressive orchard of three-year-old trees."

29 Standard Peach Varieties RECOMMENDED BY BUNTING'S

BELLE OF GEORGIA. Ripens the 1st to 5th of August. Fruit is large, white with red cheek; flesh white, firm, of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower and very productive. One of the very best market sorts. Freestone.

BERK'S FAVORITE. Freestone. Ripens September 15th to 20th; size large, skin white with red cheek; flesh white; a good cropper and unexcelled shipper.

BRACKETT. Follows Elberta in ripening. Size large to very large. Orange-yellow skin tinted with carmine. Flesh is deep yellow. Very highly flavored. A very good one for home use and extensively planted in commercial orchards. Freestone.

CARMAN. A very hardy, semi-freestone peach, ripening about the middle of July; skin pale yellow with blush on sunny side; flesh white, tender, sweet and melting. Ships well. Best early market peach.

CHAMPION. Freestone. A western peach of very large size and good quality; also noticeable for the regularity of its bearing. Skin is of a rich creamy white, with a red cheek; flesh creamy white, sweet and delicious, rich and juicy. A most profitable and good selling market peach. July 20th.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY. Freestone. Large, oblong, yellow with deep red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy and rich; excellent flavor. August 1st to 15th.

CRAWFORD'S LATE. Ripens after Elberta. Freestone. High quality and very large size; flesh deep yellow; skin yellow with a broad dark red cheek.

CUMBERLAND. Semi-freestone. A cross between Belle and Greensboro. Fruit above medium in size, attractive in color. Good quality.

EARLY ELBERTA. Exactly the same in both foliage and fruit as the old reliable Elberta. Ripens a week before this well known variety.

ECLIPSE. Freestone. Large dark red, yellow-fleshed with good flavor, ripening in July. Excellent shipper and good variety to replace Hiley.

FOX SEEDLING. Freestone. Ripens about September 15th. Fruit is very large, good quality and grade.

FRANCIS. Ripens about August 25th to September 1st. Skin yellow with red cheek. Flesh yellow. A very desirable variety to follow Elberta. Generally known as half-sister to Elberta. Freestone.

GREENSBORO. Semi-cling. Ripens from June 25th to July 10th. Large, white with a red cheek. Flesh white, rich and juicy. Tree a strong grower.

SEE PAGE 5 FOR PRICES

HILEY. Ripens about a week before the Belle of Georgia; also a seedling of the Belle. Tree very hardy. A large creamy white peach with rich blush; flesh white. Freestone.

IRON MOUNTAIN. Ripens September 1st. White, freestone. Fruit is of large size, color white, good quality.

J. H. HALE. Freestone. One of the best sorts for market or garden. Fruit is very large, round, yellow, sweet and melting; quality excellent. Skin yellow, finely colored. Ripens just before the Elberta. A very good one.

KRUMMEL. Freestone. Season of ripening in Delaware about September 10th to 20th. Fruit quite large, fine flavor, skin yellow splashed with red. Fine for canning or preserving.

MAYFLOWER. Very early red. Hardy. Cling.

RED BIRD CLING. (Early Wheeler.) Very early, white, cling, extra large with a bright red blush; an excellent shipper.

ROBERTA. Yellow; freestone; ripens about 10 days after Elberta, which variety it resembles very closely. A new variety which fruit growers are planting extensively. Ripens at a time to bring good prices.

ROCHESTER. Has the habits and characteristics of the Crawford, but fully two weeks earlier. Yellow; freestone; good size; very sweet, fine flavor. Requires only half the usual amount of sugar for canning. Ripens middle July.

SALBERTA. Late. Large yellow freestone. Ripens about one week after Roberta.

SALWEY. Freestone. Flesh yellow, firm and juicy. Especially good for canning and preserving.

SLAPPY. Freestone. Yellow flesh, medium to large size. Good grade.

SHIPPER'S LATE RED. Follows Elberta in ripening. Skin yellow with attractive red coloring. Flesh yellow, juicy, sweet, pleasing flavor. Bears young; good late commercial variety. Freestone.

SOUTH HAVEN. Early, freestone. Large, deep yellow with red cheek; heavy bearer. One of the best paying varieties for commercial orchards. Comparatively new, but tried and tested in a commercial way for several years.

VEDETTE. Freestone. Ripens a few days before Valiant. Fruit is large, roundish oval, yellow flesh. Ripens three weeks before Elberta.

VALIANT. Freestone. Fruit large, yellow blushed with red, with firm, juicy flesh of very good quality. Ripens about two weeks ahead of Elberta.

WHITE HEATH CLING. Ripens September 10th to 15th. Fruit extra large, roundish; flesh white, exceedingly juicy.

True-to-Name Certified Peaches

Two New De Luxe Peaches

HALE-HAVEN and Golden Jubilee

at Regular Standard Prices—See Page 5

Hale-Haven

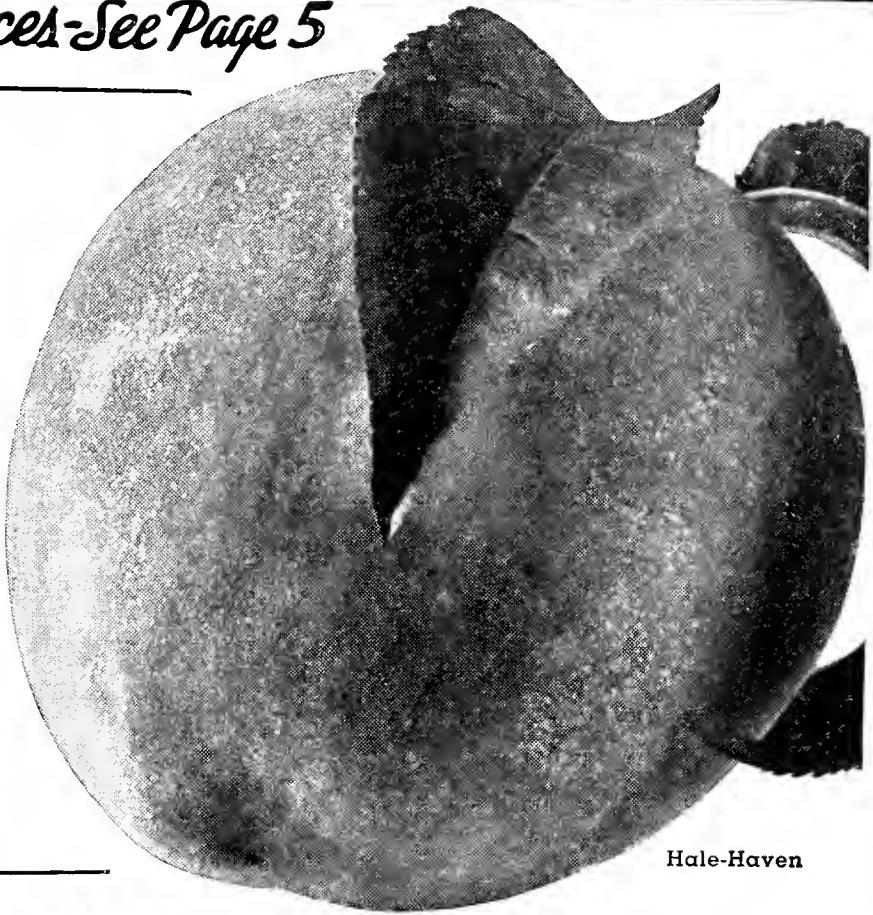
Ripe 2 Weeks
before Elberta

Steadily gaining favor, because of its size, color, good shipping qualities and hardiness in bud.

This marvelous new peach, an introduction of the Michigan State Experiment Station, is a cross between the famous South Haven and J. H. Hale. It's an aristocrat of the first order.

Extremely high color before ripening; withstands cold temperatures; very hardy; heavy bearer. A perfect freestone, yellow fleshed.

(Prices, see page 5.)



Hale-Haven

Golden Jubilee

Ripe 4 Weeks
before Elberta

An outstanding, comparatively new variety. Never has failed to bring high prices.

Already in extensive production.

Very hardy. Resists excessive cold. A sure cropper after severe winters and heavy frosts at blooming period.

A large early yellow free-stone flushed with flaming red; flesh yellow, tender, juicy and sweet. Similar in general appearance to Elberta.

A few Cents invested in better trees, means Dollars later on. With Bunting's you never gamble.



Golden Jubilee

**REMEMBER—the best peach trees
are grown by Bunting's.**



APPLE TREES

An Apple Orchard Is a Lifetime Investment

PLANT

summer, fall and winter bearing varieties for fresh fruit throughout the year. A small sum of money invested in Bunting's superior strain trees will produce for the average home-owner an abundance of this most delectable fruit.

PRICES — Commercial Planters, Check the New Low **PRICES** on all Standard varieties of Apple trees:

One-Year:

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 or more trees
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.20	\$0.15	\$0.13	\$0.10	\$0.08
2 to 3 ft.	.25	.20	.18	.16	.14
3 to 4 ft.	.30	.25	.22	.19	.16
4 to 5 ft.	.35	.30	.25	.22	.20
5 to 6 ft.	.40	.35	.30	.27	.25

Two-Year:

3 to 4 ft., 7/16 to 9/16 in. cal.	.35	.30	.25	.21	.18
4 to 5 ft., 9/16 to 11/16 in. cal.	.40	.35	.30	.25	.22
5 to 6 ft., 11/16 in. and up cal.	.50	.40	.35	.30	.26

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 or more trees
	\$0.20	\$0.15	\$0.13	\$0.10	\$0.08
	.25	.20	.18	.16	.14
	.30	.25	.22	.19	.16
	.35	.30	.25	.22	.20
	.40	.35	.30	.27	.25

STANDARD VARIETIES

Recommended by Bunting's

ALBEMARLE PIPPIN. Yellow, medium in size with tender, crisp, juicy flesh. Excellent quality, late keeper, shy bearer.

BALDWIN. Large, roundish, skin deep red; flesh juicy, crisp, sub-acid, good flavor. Tree very vigorous and productive. One of the best all-around winter apples for New England and northern states. Splendid keeper.

BLACKJON. See page 12.

BLACKMACK. See page 12.

BONUM. Medium size. Red. Ripening late fall. Originated in North Carolina.

CORTLAND. Winter. The fruit is medium to large in size, of a bright red color. Flesh is pure white and of very good flavor. Ripens about three weeks later than McIntosh. In our estimation one of the leading winter apples, already being extensively planted by commercial orchardists.

DELICIOUS. Winter apple. Keeps well, color red and yellow; fine grained, and quite juicy; flavor slightly acid, but very good. A good apple for either home use or market. Ripens September 10th to 25th.

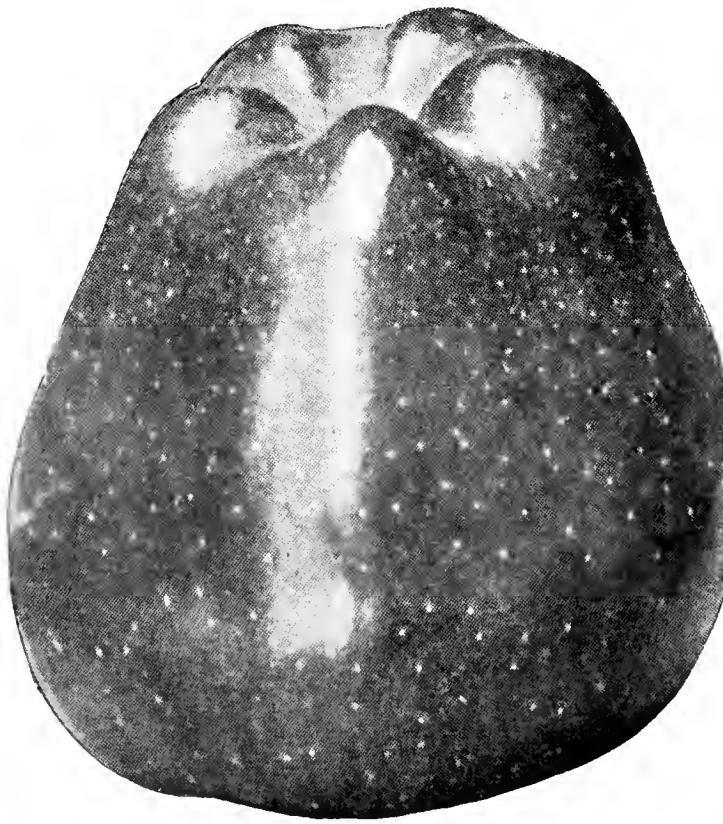
EARLY HARVEST. Medium to large. Pale yellow. Tender with a mild fine flavor. One of the first to ripen.

EARLY McINTOSH. Summer. Holds same prominent qualities as the Winter McIntosh. Flesh white, tender, juicy, and fine flavor.

FALL PIPPIN. Greenish yellow. Large, excellent fall apple for cooking and dessert. Home and local market.

GANO. Large apple, perfect shape, smooth, glossy, deep red skin. Flesh white, rather coarse and crisp.

GRAVENSTEIN. Large, greenish to orange-yellow with stripes of light and dark red. Flesh yellowish, acid, aromatic.



DELICIOUS

Popular STANDARD APPLES

Solid Red Apples Are Popular with the Commercial Grower Today

GRIMES GOLDEN. Very large, skin golden yellow, flesh tender and crisp. A very good fall apple. September to January. Grown in all sections of the country.

JONATHAN. Winter. Season November to April. Fruit medium to large, brilliant red, juicy, fine grain, tender, and very highly flavored. Tree long lived, but comes into bearing very young. Produces heavy crops every year.

KING OF TOMPKINS COUNTY. Very large, round, oblate, yellow striped with bright crimson; flesh yellow, crisp, melting, with a rich, high, aromatic, and very agreeable flavor.

LOWRY. A comparatively new variety, which has done extraordinarily well in Virginia and is now one of the most popular commercial varieties wherever grown. Very juicy, slightly sub-acid, of mahogany-red color; a medium heavy bearer and a sure one. The tree is a strong grower and an early bearer. We recommend it for either commercial planting or for home use.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH. Medium size, pale yellow and a beautiful red cheek; flesh white, tender, and a pleasant sub-acid flavor; very productive.

M. B. TWIG. Same as Paragon.

MACOUN. A cross between McIntosh and Jersey Black. Shape of the fruit is similar to that of McIntosh. Color is darker red with less stripe. Flesh is much the same color, texture, flavor, and aroma as McIntosh. Trees bear regularly and heavily.

McINTOSH. Winter. Medium size, nearly covered with a bright red; flesh white, tender, juicy, sub-acid. Tree hardy, vigorous, and healthy. October to February.

MILTON. A McIntosh-like apple ripening a month before McIntosh. Trees hardy, vigorous and an annual bearer. The fruit is pinkish red with a heavy bloom most beautiful. Flesh white, tender, crisp, juicy.

NERO. Deep red, with handsome shading. Medium large size, of good quality and excellent flavor. Does not show bruises, and holds up well in storage.

NORTHERN SPY. Red and yellow. Good commercial variety in the North. Flesh juicy, rich, crisp, aromatic, of good flavor.

SEE PAGE 8 FOR PRICES



EARLY McINTOSH APPLE
Ripens 10 days later than Yellow Transparent

NORTHWESTERN GREENING. Tree is splendid vigorous grower. Fruit large to very large, green becoming yellowish green when ripe. Flesh yellow, fine-grained and firm.

PARAGON. Winter. A round apple, of extra large size; skin smooth, yellowish, covered with deep red, the general effect being dark red; flesh tender, tinged with yellow, crisp, sub-acid, aromatic, of excellent quality in every way. Tree is vigorous and healthy and yields big crops every year.

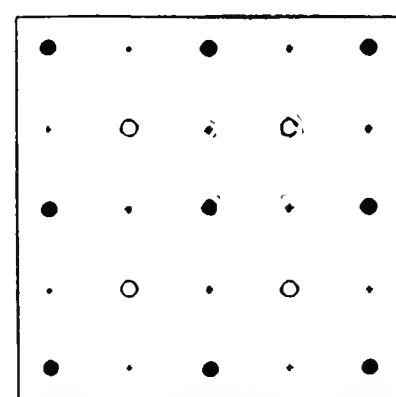
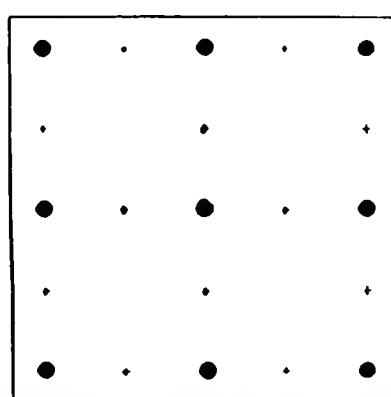
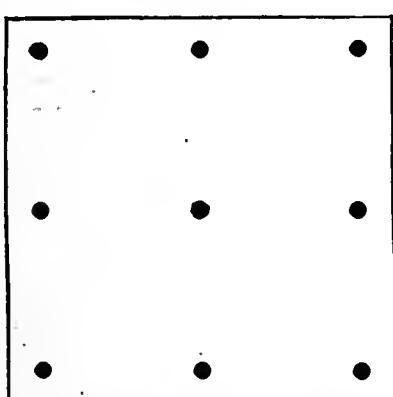
RED ASTRACHAN. Large, roundish, nearly covered with deep crimson. Juicy, rich acid. A good bearer.

RED GRAVENSTEIN. Much better color than the original Gravenstein. Has practically replaced the old strain.

RED NORTHERN SPY. Our own selected sport of this popular Northern apple.

RED YORKING. See page 12.

RED ROME. See page 11.



The figures above represent three ways of planting an orchard. No. 1 without fillers; No. 2 with fillers between the trees in the rows, but none between; No. 3, fillers between trees and between the rows as well. The trees marked X can be taken out when the trees begin to touch each other; the trees marked O can be left for a few years longer and then taken out.

High Grade Apples



STANDARD APPLES Recommended by Bunting's

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. Very large winter apple, having a rich acid flavor, also tender and juicy. When fully developed it is a beautiful yellow in color, sometimes having a red cheek. Very delicious.

ROME BEAUTY. Large, roundish, slightly conical, with bright red on a pale yellow ground; fine grained, juicy; good quality. Winter apple.

SHOTWELL DELICIOUS. See page 12.

SOLID RED DUCHESS. Sport of Duchess. Fruit is large, symmetrical, skin moderately thick, flesh yellowish white, firm, juicy and sub-acid.

SOLID RED DELICIOUS. The leader of all Red Apples. Our own selected sport of this famous variety. Same characteristics as its parent, except for its double red color; 3 weeks earlier.

SOLID RED JONATHAN. Insure your profits from Jonathan by planting this new red sport that will give you bright red colored fruit about two weeks earlier.

SOLID RED McINTOSH. A selected bright red sport of the reliable old McIntosh.

SOLID RED STAYMAN. Bright red color without stripes. We consider our sport Stayman the best of them all.

STARR. Large, yellowish smooth skin; sometimes marked with a faint blush and russet dots. Flesh yellow, very tender, crisp, juicy.

STAYMAN WINESAP. Winter. November to April, but keeps well in May. A profitable sort to grow for market, and the best for home use. Large in size, fine appearance. Flesh yellow, good flavor, juicy, and crisp. Color red. A great success.

SUMMER RAMBO. Large yellowish green splashed with red. Crisp and tender.

SWEET BOUGH. Large, pale yellow, sweet; summer apple.

SMOKEHOUSE. Winter. Fruit medium to large, uniform size and shape. Color yellow or greenish mottled with rather dark red. October to March.

SWEET PARADISE. Excellent quality; greenish yellow; sweet. Medium size.

TWENTY OUNCE. Large. Excellent cooking and baking apple.

VIRGINIA BEAUTY. Resembling Red Delicious in quality and color, but much darker in color. Native of Virginia, and very popular there.

WEALTHY. Fall. Almost solid red. Flesh white, tender, crisp, juicy, fine grained. A good keeper.

WILLIAMS EARLY RED. Among the earliest to ripen and the largest of all early apples. A better name for it is "Big Red Apple." Flesh is white and slightly tart. Like Transparent, bears heavily on young trees. July.

WILSON RED JUNE. Early, enormous in size for an early apple. Skin a brilliant, glorious deep red. Tree extremely hardy. Ships well.

WILLOWTWIG. Winter. Excellent commercial variety because of its exceedingly long-keeping qualities; rather early and regular bearer. Medium to large, light red apple, of good quality.

WOLF RIVER. Large, handsome, bright yellow skin mottled with deep red and broad stripes of bright carmine. Fair quality.

WINTER BANANA. Size large, golden yellow with bright crimson-red. Beautifully shaped. Flesh lemon-yellow, fine grained, sub-acid, rich, aromatic flavor. Season November to January.

WINESAP. Medium to large size. Red color; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, with rich flavor, good quality. Very good in storage; winter apple.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Fruit medium to large, with a brilliant waxy skin; flesh is tender, crisp, and juicy; color yellow. July.

YORK IMPERIAL. Winter. Medium size, skin bright yellow covered with bright red and striped. Trees come into bearing early and bear a good crop each year. November to February. Suitable to any part of the country.

SEE PAGE 8 FOR PRICES

Pay Real Dividends

Red Rome *It's a Beauty*

A brilliant, solid red that produces over 50 per cent more extra fancy apples for color grade than common Rome Beauty. A beautiful apple identical in quality, productiveness and other characteristics with the regular Rome, except for a greatly superior color. We can supply either Gallia Beauty or Cox's strain of Red Rome Beauty. The apples are similar in color but the Cox's strain will average larger in size and will keep better in storage.

At regular prices, see page 8.

Yellow Delicious *Ripens Golden Color*

This golden apple sells on sight, a national favorite commanding highest prices on the market.

Very Young Trees Bear These Luscious Apples

Where apples grow, YELLOW DELICIOUS is 100% successful. In the South it produces bumper crops, selling at very high prices, and does equally as well in the North because of its extreme hardiness.

CRAB APPLES

RED SIBERIAN. (Crab Apple.) Large, round, brilliant red on a pale yellow background. Flesh acid and greatly esteemed for preserves and jellies.

TRANSCENDENT. (Crab Apple.) September to October. Very strong grower and abundant bearer. Fruit large, round. Skin smooth, rich yellow shaded with red. Flesh yellow, crisp and juicy.

WHITNEY. (Crab Apple.) August. Fruit red striped, large, uniform in size. Skin smooth, glossy, yellow striped and splashed with carmine. Flesh firm and juicy with pleasant acid flavor.

HYSLOP. (Crab Apple.) September. Large, handsome, crimson, splashed with dark red. Very prolific.

Ripening Order of Apple Varieties

SUMMER AND FALL

Yellow Transparent
Early Harvest
Red Astrachan
Williams Early Red
Starr
Sweet Bough
Early McIntosh
Solid Red Duchess
Wilson Red June
Milton
Red Gravenstein
Gravenstein

Summer Rambo
Wealthy
Maiden's Blush
Blackmack
Solid Red McIntosh
McIntosh
Macoun
Smokehouse
Bonum
Fall Pippin
Wolf River

WINTER

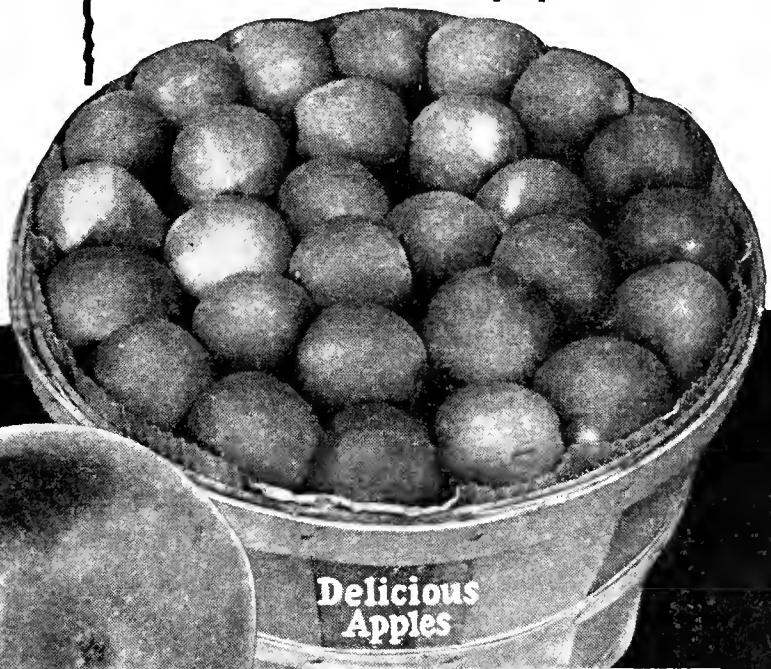
Cortland
Twenty Ounce
Grimes Golden
King of Tompkins County
Northwestern Greening
Rhode Island Greening
Blackjion
Solid Red Jonathan
Jonathan
Gano
Shotwell Delicious
Solid Red Delicious
Delicious
Red Northern Spy
Northern Spy
Winter Banana
Yellow Delicious

Baldwin
Red Yorkin
York Imperial
Red Rome
Rome Beauty
Albemarle Pippin
Lowry
Nero
Virginia Beauty
Solid Red Stayman
Stayman
Paragon
M. B. Twig
Winesap
Sweet Paradise
Willowtwig

CRAB APPLES

Whitney
Transcendent

Red Siberian
Hyslop



Jonathan
Apples

Home grown fruit like this for cooking and eating can be grown for a few cents per bushel, when you grow them yourself! Why buy them every year when you can have all you want from your own trees for almost nothing?

Four Blazing Red Apples

SUPERIOR NEW VARIETIES

Grown by
BUNTINGS'

BLACKJON It's Patented

Trade Mark Registered

A Superior Deep Red Jonathan

This apple is the same as the common Jonathan in flavor, quality and productiveness. It is different from the common Jonathan in that it attains an intense bright red color from two to three weeks earlier and can be picked while hard ripe. Those who like a crisp, juicy Jonathan with a beautiful deep cherry-red color can be sure of getting it in the Blackjon.

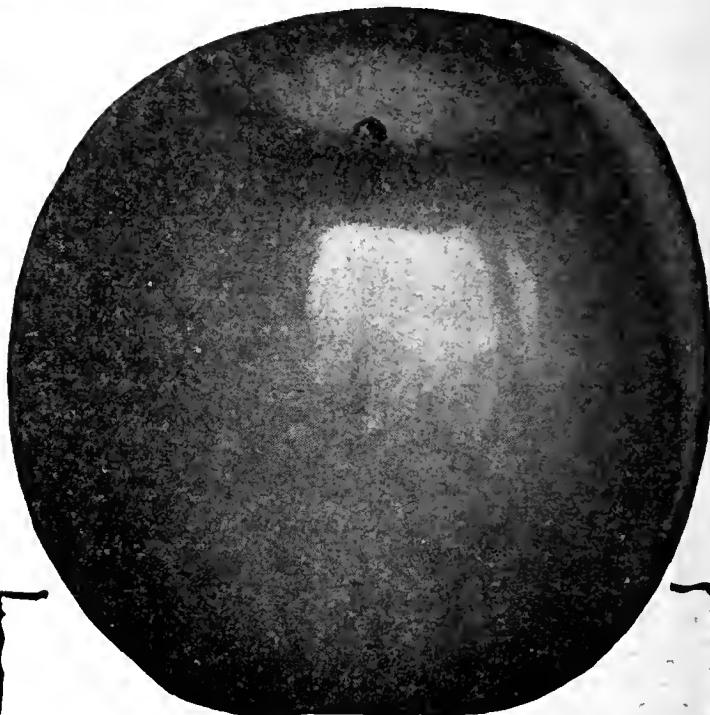
BLACKMACK

(Trade Mark Registered)

This is a strain of McIntosh which colors two weeks in advance of the regular variety. A solid deep red which can be picked when in prime condition, which improves shipping and eating qualities and eliminates loss from windfalls.

SHOTWELL (U.S. PLANT PAT. NO. 90) **DELICIOUS**

Exceeded by no other improved Red Delicious on the market. This tree originated from a sport of the regular Delicious, and is exactly like it in growth of tree and productiveness. The apple is a very rich red and colors three to four days in advance of any of the improved red strains of Delicious apples.



"RED YORKING"

REDYORKING

TRADE MARK REG.

U. S. Plant Patent No. 125

**Orchardists, here's
the Apple that will
make history.**

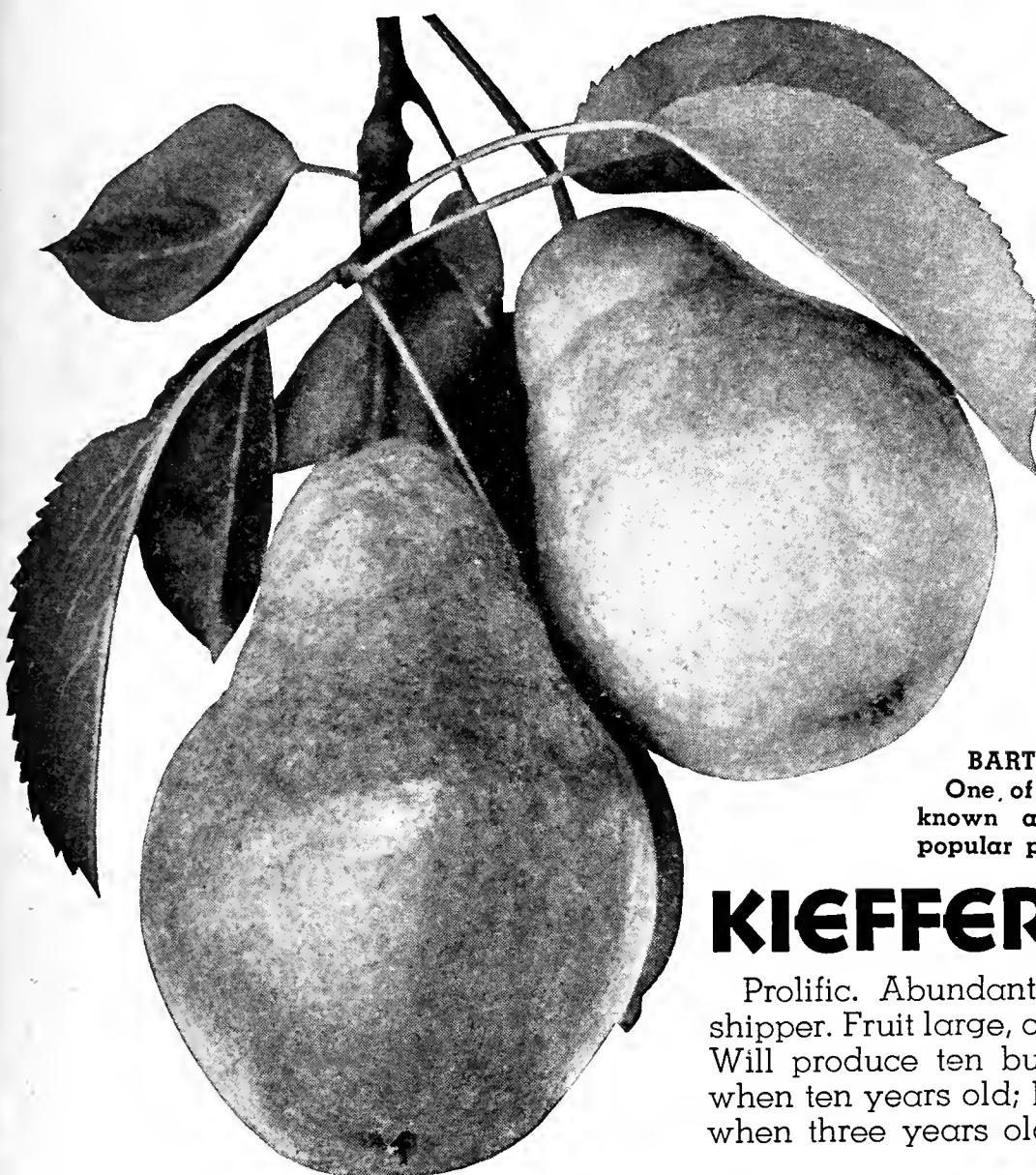
A sport from its famous daddy, York Imperial. It has the same fine and dependable qualities except that its skin is thicker, does not scald in storage, and it ripens to a solid cherry-red color.

Shows color five weeks earlier. An excellent shipping apple. Plant these early ripening Red Yorkings and get into the market with a sure profit-making new variety that finds a ready sale. Offered for the first time at regular standard prices. **See page 8 for prices.**

PRICES of BLACKJON, BLACKMACK and SHOTWELL DELICIOUS ONLY

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 or more trees
1-yr.. 2 to 3 ft.	\$0.35	\$0.30	\$0.28	\$0.26	\$0.24
1-yr.. 3 to 4 ft. ....	.40	.35	.32	.29	.26
1-yr.. 4 to 5 ft. ....	.45	.40	.35	.32	.30
1-yr.. 5 to 6 ft. ....	.50	.45	.40	.38	.35
2-yr.. 3 to 4 ft., 7-9/16 in. cal. ....	.45	.40	.36	.32	.28
2-yr.. 4 to 5 ft., 9-11/16 in. cal. ....	.50	.45	.40	.36	.32
2-yr.. 5 to 6 ft., 11/16 in. and up cal. ....	.60	.50	.45	.40	.36

Bunting's **BARTLETT** HOLDS ITS LEADERSHIP



For CANNING
PICKLING
EATING

*It's the
Favorite
Pear*

Bartlett, the standard on all markets. Large, rich golden yellow with red blush; juicy, melting, with rich indescribable flavor that has made it the most popular flavored pear. An old favorite.

BARTLETT

One of the best
known and most
popular pears.

KIEFFER

*Rich Golden Yellow
Widely Planted*

Prolific. Abundant and regular bearer. Good shipper. Fruit large, color yellow with red cheek. Will produce ten bushels of pears to the tree when ten years old; begins fruiting successfully when three years old. October.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE

Summer. Fruit large, lemon color, spotted with brown dots; flesh fine, rich and sweet. A very good one. Early August.

SECKEL

For Pickling

Medium size, skin rich yellowish brown with deep brownish red cheek when fully ripe; flesh very fine grained, sweet, exceedingly juicy, melting, buttery. One of the richest and highest flavored Pears known. Sept.



Standard Pear Tree Prices

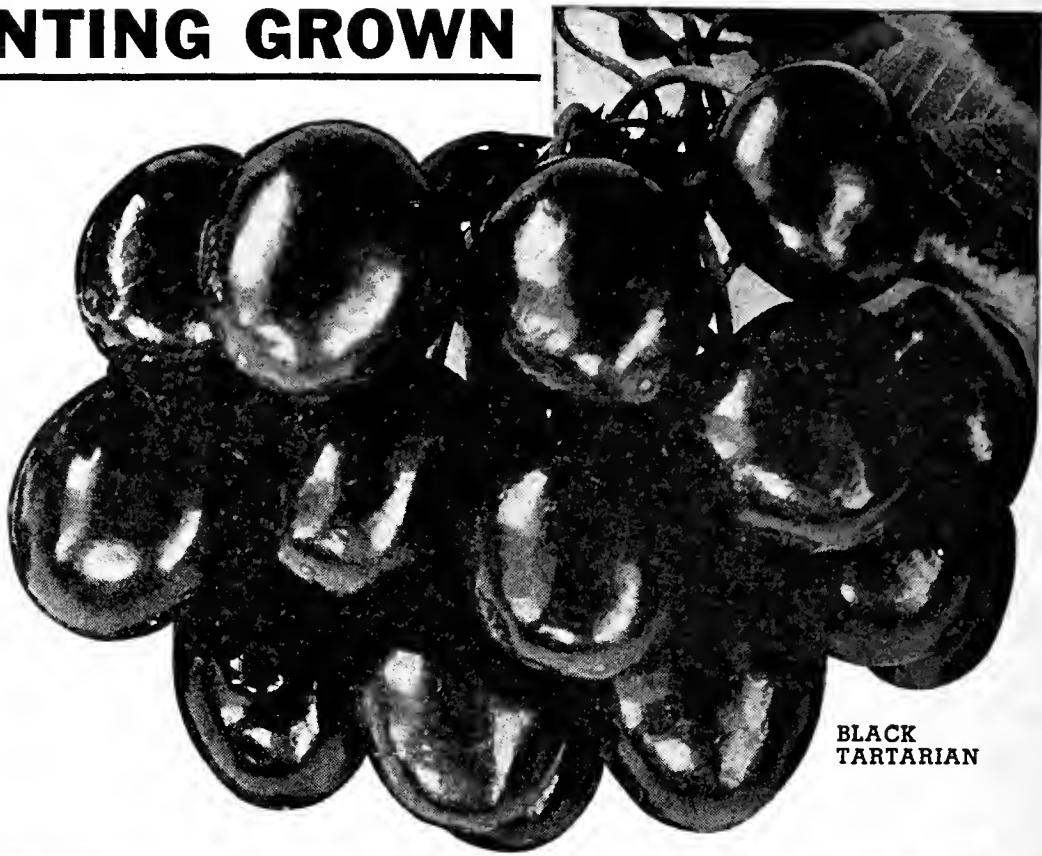
Prices on Pears (per tree):	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees
3 to 4 ft.	\$0.40	\$0.30	\$0.25
4 to 5 ft. ....	.50	.40	.35
5 to 6 ft. ....	.60	.50	.45

Write for special prices on quantities of 300 or more.

STURDY BUNTING GROWN

CHERRY TREES

*Pick
of the
Sweets
and Sours*



Sweet Cherries

BLACK TARTARIAN—A Treat to Eat

Here is the best, most dependable and widely successful of the sweet cherries. Its great heart-shaped fruits (rich, dark purple hue) look irresistibly tempting. The sweet, mild flavor and rich tang have won for it a nation-wide popularity both with commercial and home growers.

A Prime Market Favorite

For the big market trade hundreds of miles from orchards, the local fruit markets or fruit stands scattered all over the country, they offer a dependable yearly yield that is sure to bring profit to the grower.

GOVERNOR WOOD. Light yellow with red cheek; tender rich, delicious; very fine, large, roundish. June.

NAPOLEON. Light lemon-yellow, tinged with red. Late June.

SCHMIDT'S BIGARREAU. Flesh tender, juicy, good flavor. Mahogany color. Middle of July.

YELLOW SPANISH. Ripens early in June. Fruit large, color yellow. Tree vigorous grower.

Prices of Sweet Cherries

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees
3 to 4 ft.	\$0.40	\$0.35	\$0.30
4 to 5 ft. ....	.50	.45	.40
5 to 6 ft. ....	.60	.55	.50

Sour Cherries

MONTMORENCY—A Leader

These select record-breaking Montmorency trees develop into uniform shapely specimens bearing heavy crops of very large fruit.

Fruit large, firm, ships perfectly. Bears very young, produces tremendous money-making crops and is successful everywhere.

Fruit Growers Consider This the Finest Sour Cherry In Cultivation

Because of its distinctive acid flavor, delightful in pies and preserves.

ENGLISH MORELLO. Tree small, round-headed, with distinctly drooping branches. Fruit three-fourths of an inch in diameter, color dark red. Flavor tart, good quality; excellent for preserving and pies. Freestone. Ripens in July.

EARLY RICHMOND. A leading Sour Cherry, used extensively by canners, excellent for pies, and preserves. Tree medium size, dense, upright-spreading. Fruit three-fourths inch in diameter, color light red, fruit thin-skinned, freestone. Ripens in June.

Prices of Sour Cherries

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.35	\$0.25	\$0.20
3 to 4 ft. ....	.40	.30	.25
4 to 5 ft. ....	.50	.40	.35

Write for special prices on quantities of 300 or more.

HANSEN-Bush Cherry

The New Quick Bearing Cherry

Easy To Grow

Positive Production

Plant These Hansen Bush Cherries Because:

- 1—They are easy to grow and perfectly hardy.
- 2—Good to eat fresh and make delicious preserves.
- 3—Bear early, heavy, and annually.
- 4—Are dwarf growing, bushy, need little room.
- 5—Are excellent for hedges or ornamental shrubs.



Masses of Fruit Completely Cover the Branches



Beautiful in Spring Flower

PRICES OF HANSEN BUSH CHERRIES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 or more trees
2-yr. plants, 18-24 inches	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.30

Though the fruit of this bush cherry closely resembles a plum in size and shape, it comes in clusters, and sometimes completely covers the limbs. It is large sized fruit, good flavor, and it is excellent for eating fresh, for jams and jellies, and it makes a splendid cordial. The fruit is slightly tart, although it cannot be classed as sour, and is medium to dark red in color.

The bush or tree grows in a dwarf bushlike shape, rarely getting over five or six feet tall. It branches and bears from the ground up, and it bears the year after planting, and often the same year the tree is planted, and annually thereafter. They should be planted three to four feet apart in rows and the rows should be five to six feet apart. The plant is hardy in South Dakota, so it should certainly be entirely hardy here in the East. The bush is sturdy and disease-resistant.

The New Extra Hardy Manchurian Apricot

Put them on your "must" list. Particularly outstanding because of their ability to thrive and bear fruit almost anywhere in the U. S. A., thus extending the present Apricot belt to the Canadian border and even beyond. Have withstood temperatures of 50 below zero. Very drought resistant. They bear early, almost always in one or two years after planting. Fruit is of good size, freestone, good flavor. **Strong one-year trees, 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.**



Sweet September Cherry

Sweet September Cherry

(Plant Pat. No. 94)

The amazing new fall-bearing Cherry. Produces deliciously sweet cherries, medium dark red, large size fruit, which ripen about September 1st. The young trees start bearing the second or third year after planting, and continue producing heavy crops thereafter. **Strong, 3-4 ft. trees, \$1.40 each; \$13.50 per 10.**

Hardy PLUMS

ABUNDANCE. (Asiatic.) Fruit very large and showy; flesh light yellow, exceedingly juicy, tender and sweet. A good market variety. Ripens the first of August.

BURBANK. (Asiatic.) Fruit very large; dark violet-red; flesh juicy and pleasant. Ripens middle of August. Productive.

GREEN GAGE. Skin pale green. Excellent. An old standard variety. September.

GERMAN PRUNE. Dark purple or blue; juicy, rich, of best quality. September.

RED JUNE. (Asiatic.) Ripens first of August. Fruit large, red; flesh light lemon-yellow, half cling, slightly sub-acid and of good quality. Very productive.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Medium size fruit, produced in thick clusters or groups. Tree a strong grower and very productive of dark purple-colored Plums. October.

ITALIAN PRUNE. Flesh juicy and delicious. Dark purple with a dark blue bloom; medium size. September.

BRADSHAW. Trees grow large and are well formed; bear regularly and heavily. Fruit large, light purplish red, changing to dark reddish at maturity. August.

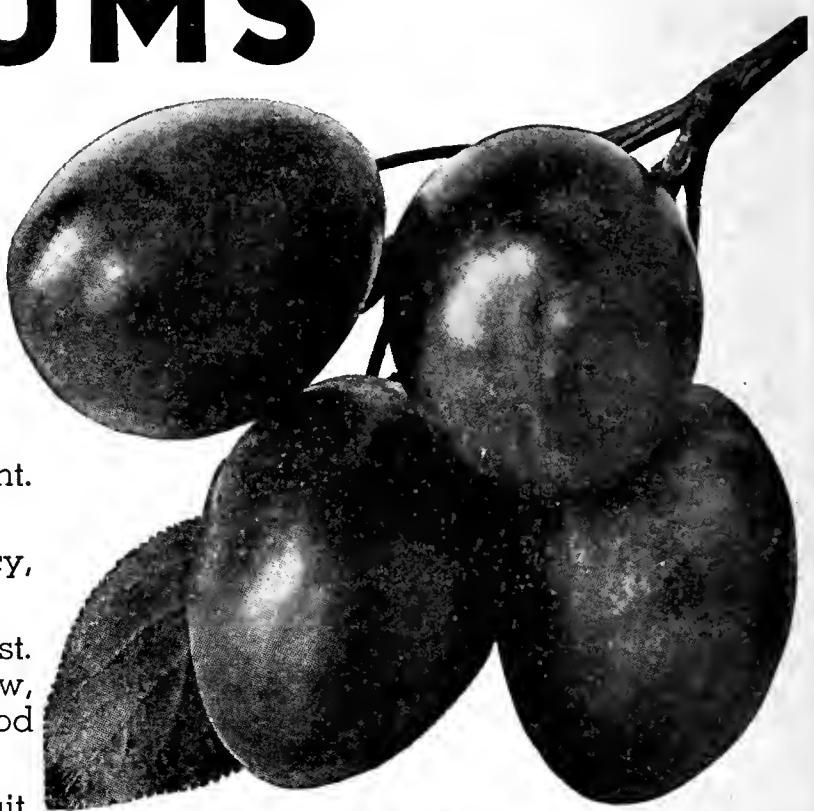
QUINCES— for jelly, jam and marmalade

	1 to 9 trees	10 or more trees
3 to 4 ft.	\$0.70	\$0.60
4 to 5 ft. ....	.80	.70

CHAMPION. Tree strong grower; produces a good crop every year. Fruit is large and of good quality. Late.

BOURGEAT. Large, golden yellow, fine quality. Ripens soon after Orange.

ORANGE. Good size. Heavy bearer. Flesh yellow. October.



Italian Prune (Fellenburg)

All varieties of Plums, especially the Asiatic sorts, make handsome ornamental trees as well as being rich in fruit. You will find Bunting's Selected Plum Trees fruitful, ornamental and shapely.

PLUM TREE PRICES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 to 299 trees
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.20
3 to 4 ft. ....	.35	.30	.25
4 to 5 ft. ....	.45	.40	.35
5 to 6 ft. ....	.55	.50	.45

Write for special prices on quantities of 300 or more.

APRICOT TREES - *hardy*

THEY GROW LIKE PEACHES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 49 trees	50 or more trees
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.20
3 to 4 ft. ....	.35	.30	.25
4 to 5 ft. ....	.45	.40	.35
5 to 6 ft. ....	.55	.50	.45

ALEXANDER. Large yellow fruit. July.

NUT TREES

Nut trees are valuable, useful and ornamental. No home should be without them. They are valuable as shade and ornamental trees, as well as for the nuts they produce.	Each
Black Walnut, 6-8 feet, from seed	\$2.00
English Walnut, 18-24 in., from seed	1.00
English Walnut, 3-4 feet, grafted	3.00
English Walnut, 4-5 feet, grafted	4.00
Japan Walnut, 4-5 feet, from seed	2.00
Pecan, 5-6 feet	2.00

BLACK WALNUT. Widely known, very hardy. Trees grow to an immense size and bear heavy crops regularly. Nuts very delicious.

ENGLISH WALNUT. A fine, lofty growing tree with handsome spreading head. Very hardy, will stand extreme cold. Produces abundantly.

JAPAN WALNUT. Very hardy, makes quick growth, bears abundantly when young, produces large nuts.

PECAN. Strong grower. Very large, thin-shelled nuts, easily opened.

5 Popular Berries

*Tried and Tested
Thru Many Years*

BELLMAR—BIG JOE—CHESAPEAKE—GEM—LUPTON LATE

Bellmar

(Perfect.) Originated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. A cross between Missionary and Howard 17 (Premier) made in 1923 at the U. S. Plant Field Station near Glen Dale, Maryland. Foliage resembles Howard 17 very much and about the same in production of plants. Fruit is of a combination Premier-Missionary type, colored darker than Premier and somewhat lighter than Missionary; a very attractive color. Berries are not as firm as Missionary and more firm than Howard 17. Yields are heavier than Missionary. A good one.

Big Joe

(Perfect.) Midseason. Ripens about three days before Gandy. Fruit is firm and of large size, good color and of a delicious flavor; no green tips, wonderfully productive; plants are strong growers and thrive on any soil that will produce Strawberries.

**See Page 19
For Prices**

See page 18 for illustration and description of Gem, Chesapeake and Lupton Late.

BELLMAR,
Early,
Heavy Yielder

BIG JOE,
Midseason—
A General
Midseason to
Late Variety

4 REASONS WHY Bunting's Golden Rooted Strawberry Plants Excel In Quality

There are very good reasons why Bunting's golden rooted Strawberry plants are among the best that money can buy.

- 1** First and foremost, we have here ideal soil and climatic conditions to produce heavily rooted plants with strong fruit buds, and this is very important.
- 2** Only those soils particularly suited to Strawberry plant growth are selected for their production.
- 3** Very careful attention is paid to the planting stock. Plants of known merit are selected to produce the stock plants.
- 4** The plants at digging time are very carefully dug, graded, tied in bundles of 26 for 25, packed with sufficient damp moss around their roots, in ventilated crates, to reach you in excellent condition, and at the time you are ready to do your planting.

Each operation in the production of our Strawberry plants is personally supervised by Mr. Gardner E. and No man Bunting, both of whom devote all their time to this phase of the business.

Select varieties that are adapted to your section and soil, give them proper care and you will have a crop of berries to market that you will be proud of, and which will pay you handsome profits.

Home Grown Collection

100 **BELLMAR.** Early.
100 **BIG JOE.** Midseason.
100 **CHESAPEAKE.** Late.
100 **LUPTON.** Late.
100 **GEM.** Everbearing.

500
Heavily Rooted Plants For
\$3.50

5 Popular Berries

Tried and Tested
Thru Many Years

BELLMAR - BIG JOE - CHESAPEAKE - GEM - LUPTON LATE

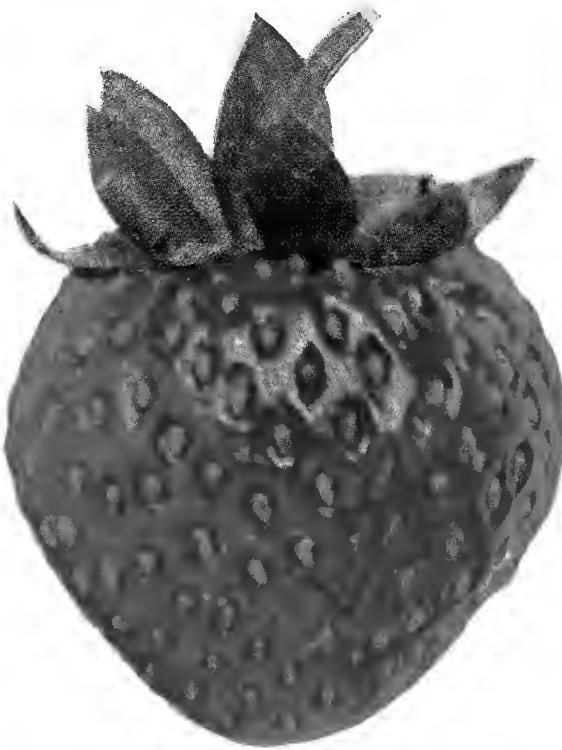
Chesapeake

(Perfect). Late. Ripens a little earlier than Gandy. Has a beautiful appearance. Size

extra large, even in shape and uniform. We have grown Chesapeake commercially for a number of years, and it will carry to the market equally as well as any variety we know of, and that means much to the fruit grower because unless the berries arrive in the market in good condition and appear well, receipts are not as much as is true of other varieties that do carry well. Plants are healthy, dark green in color, large and vigorous. A very strong grower but a shy plant maker. A very good variety, well known and extensively planted.

Gem (Everbearing)

Fruit is reasonably large, of rich, brilliant color, calyx good, and it produces a crop of berries excelling other everbearing sorts on our famous strawberry soil here in our own nurseries on the peninsula. Gem is by far the greatest plant maker of all the everbearing varieties we have ever propagated. Plants are sturdy and strong, but not nearly so large as Mastodon and other varieties which do not produce an abundance of new plants.



CHESAPEAKE—
The big favorite in the
eastern states.

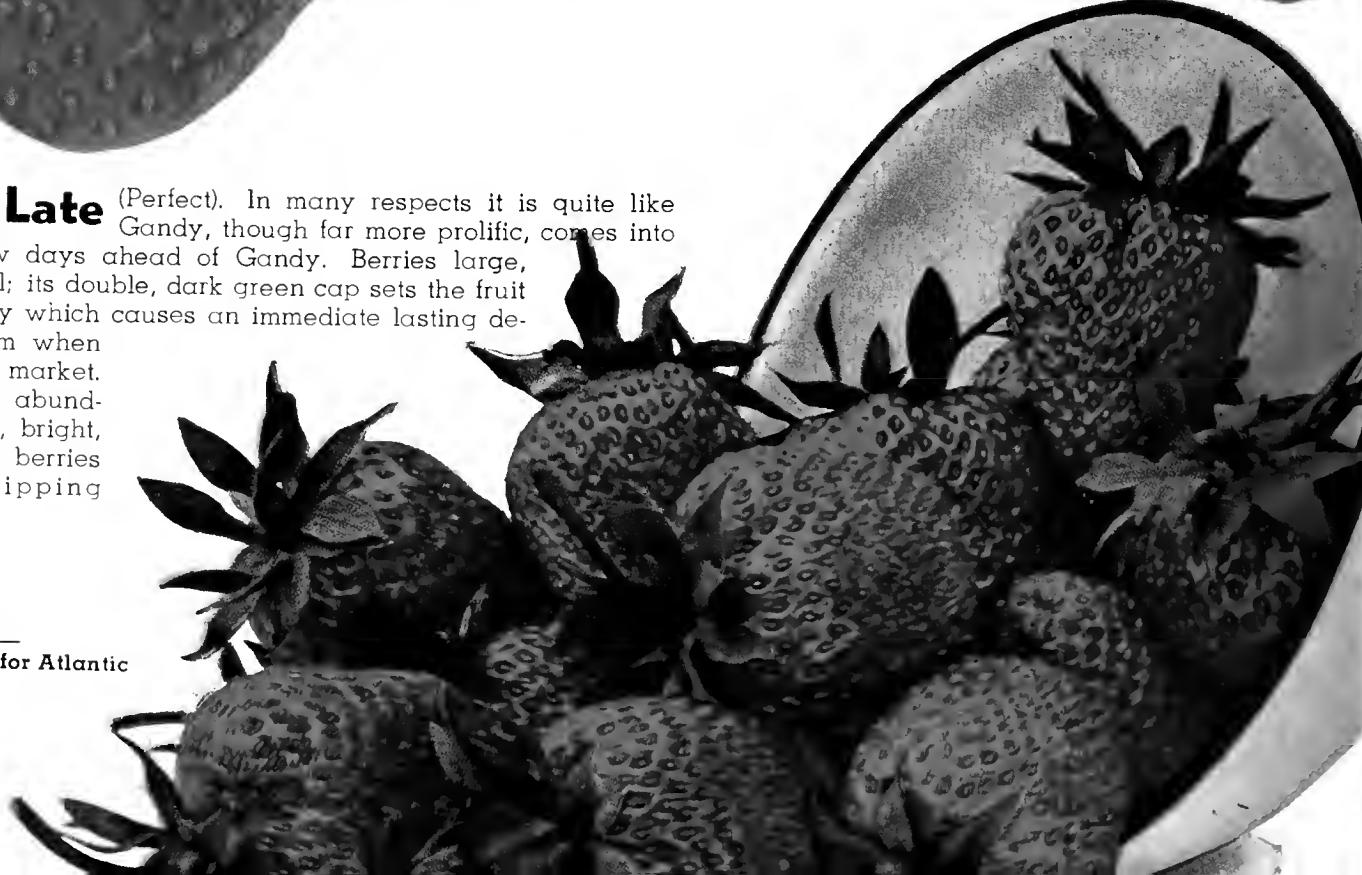
Lupton Late

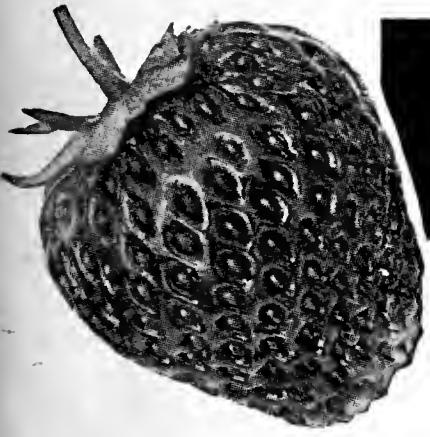
(Perfect). In many respects it is quite like Gandy, though far more prolific, comes into bearing a few days ahead of Gandy. Berries large, bluntly conical; its double, dark green cap sets the fruit off wonderfully which causes an immediate lasting demand for them when placed on the market. Produces an abundance of large, bright, flame-colored berries with good shipping qualities.

LUPTON LATE—
Recommended for Atlantic
Coast States.



GEM—
A real June-to-frost plant maker,
recommended for general use.





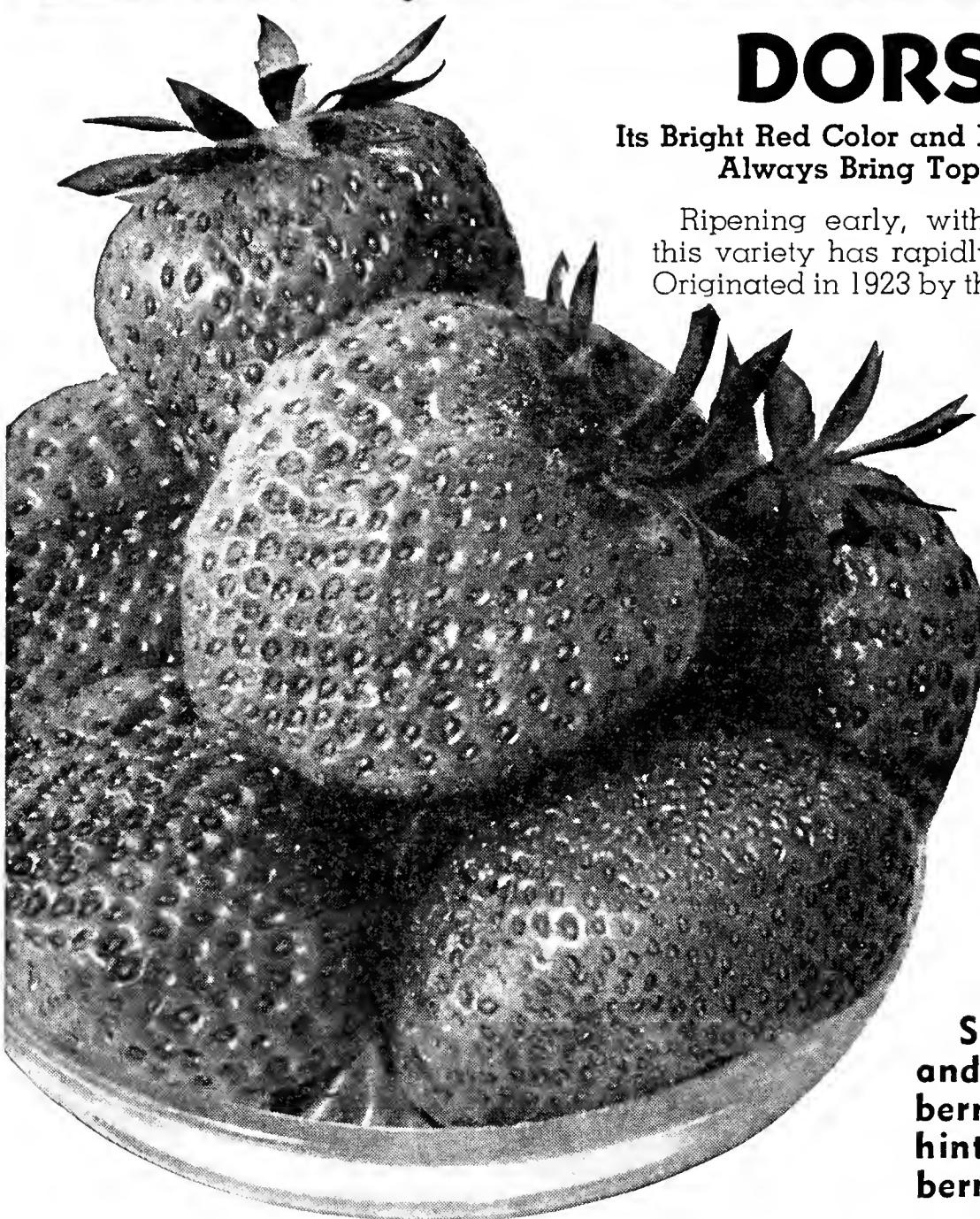
Strawberry PRICE LIST

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY BUNTINGS' GOLDEN ROOTED STRAWBERRY PLANTS

	EARLY VARIETIES						Per M	Per M	Per M	Per M	Per M	Per M
Beaver .....	.25	50	100	200	300	400	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	
Bellmar		\$0.25	\$0.40	\$0.65	\$1.10	\$1.50	\$1.80	\$4.00	\$3.90	\$3.80	\$3.65	\$3.50
Blakemore .....		.25	.40	.60	1.00	1.35	1.60	3.50	3.40	3.30	3.15	3.00
Campbell's Early .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
Clermont .....		.30	.45	.70	1.20	1.65	2.00	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.15	4.00
Cooper .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
Dorsett .....		.30	.45	.70	1.20	1.65	2.00	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.15	4.00
Fairfax .....		.30	.45	.70	1.20	1.65	2.00	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.15	4.00
Fairmore .....		.30	.45	.75	1.30	1.80	2.20	5.00	4.90	4.80	4.65	4.50
Heflin's Early .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
Howard 17 .....		.25	.40	.65	1.15	1.55	1.90	4.25	4.15	4.05	3.90	3.75
Klondyke .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
Lady Corneille .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
Missionary .....		.25	.40	.60	1.00	1.35	1.60	3.50	3.40	3.30	3.15	3.00
Narcissa .....		.30	.45	.70	1.20	1.65	2.00	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.15	4.00
North Star .....		.35	.55	.90	1.50	2.10	2.60	6.00	5.90	5.80	5.65	5.50
Premier .....		.25	.40	.65	1.15	1.55	1.90	4.25	4.15	4.05	3.90	3.75
Red Gold .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
Ridgely .....		.25	.40	.60	1.00	1.35	1.60	3.50	3.40	3.30	3.15	3.00
Warfield .....		.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50
	MIDSEASON VARIETIES											
Aberdeen .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Big Joe .....	.30	.45	.70	1.20	1.65	2.00	4.50	4.40	4.30	4.15	4.00	
Bubach .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Catskill .....	.30	.45	.70	1.25	1.70	2.10	4.75	4.65	4.55	4.40	4.25	
Corsican .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Dr. Burrill .....	.25	.40	.60	1.00	1.30	1.50	3.00	2.90	2.80	2.65	2.50	
Frostproof .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Gibson .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Glen Mary .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Haverland .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Marshall .....	.30	.45	.75	1.30	1.80	2.20	5.00	4.90	4.80	4.65	4.50	
New York .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Parsons' Beauty .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Pathfinder .....	.30	.45	.75	1.30	1.80	2.20	5.00	4.90	4.80	4.65	4.50	
Senator Dunlap .....	.25	.40	.60	1.00	1.30	1.50	3.00	2.90	2.80	2.65	2.50	
Success .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Tennessee .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Uncle Jim .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
William Belt .....	.30	.45	.75	1.30	1.80	2.20	5.00	4.90	4.80	4.65	4.50	
	LATE VARIETIES											
Ambrosia Late .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Aroma .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Big Late .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Brandywine .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Chesapeake .....	.30	.45	.75	1.30	1.80	2.20	5.00	4.90	4.80	4.65	4.50	
Gandy .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Late Giant .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Lupton Late .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Nick Ohmer .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
Sample .....	.25	.40	.65	1.10	1.50	1.80	4.00	3.90	3.80	3.65	3.50	
	EVERBEARING VARIETIES											
Gem .....	.40	.60	1.00	1.70	2.40	3.00	6.75	6.65	6.55	6.40	6.25	
Lucky Strike .....	.35	.55	.90	1.50	2.10	2.60	6.00	5.90	5.80	5.65	5.50	
Mastodon .....	.40	.60	1.00	1.70	2.40	3.00	6.75	6.65	6.55	6.40	6.25	
Wayzata .....	.75	1.50	2.75	5.00	6.75	10.00	18.00	17.50	17.00	16.50	16.00	

WRITE FOR SPECIAL PRICES if in the market for plants in large numbers. We have one of the largest supplies of plants to be found in this country, all grown on our farms located here on the famous Eastern Shore. All plants are tied in bundles of twenty-five. Five hundred plants at the thousand rate.

Bunting's' 5 Outstanding



DORSETT

Its Bright Red Color and Rich, Delicious Flavor
Always Bring Top Market Prices

Ripening early, with Premier and Blakemore, this variety has rapidly come to the top in favor. Originated in 1923 by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture,

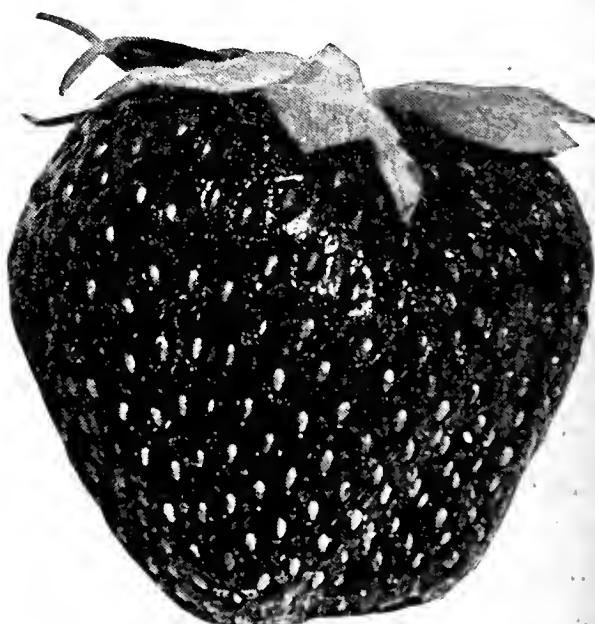
introduced in 1934, Dorsett is now well known and widely planted in all strawberry sections of the United States. In this latitude it does exceptionally well. Very resistant to leaf spot diseases. Its flavor is mild sub-acid, sweet and very pleasing. The fruit is usually conic in shape, bright red in color, somewhat firmer than Premier but not as firm as Fairfax.

See page 19 for prices, and page 27 for strawberry culture. Valuable hints on growing strawberries are given here.

FAIRFAX

A Favorite In Quality, Flavor and Productiveness

Originated and introduced with Dorsett; now widely known and planted. Far superior to all other varieties we know of in quality, and for home garden or local markets it cannot be beat. Fairfax has a tendency to become dark when over-ripe (although it remains solid and full flavored), and for this reason the berries should be kept picked as they ripen. The berries are exceptionally large all through the fruiting season, and very firm. Starts ripening about two days after Dorsett, and fruiting season covers a long period. The plants are large and vigorous. Plant Fairfax for its superb flavor, large size and universal demand.



FAIRFAX

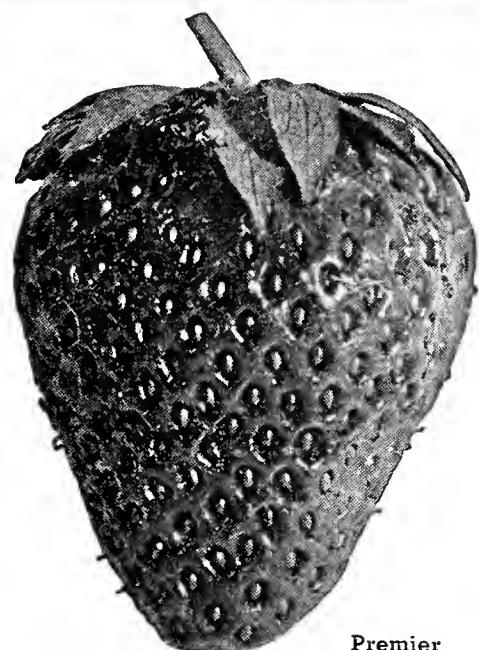
Profit-making Strawberries

PREMIER

**Always a Heavy Yielder, Frost-Proof—An Excellent Variety
For Northern Regions**

This ever-popular berry has stood the test for 25 years. Fruit large, and holds its size well throughout ripening season. Foliage smooth, bright and clean. A good plant maker. One of the most extensively planted early varieties of strawberries at this time. A perfect flowering, early ripening variety.

There are but very few varieties that have equalled Premier's production record. In flavor and quality it ranks with the best. Recommended for home use, local sales or reasonably nearby markets.



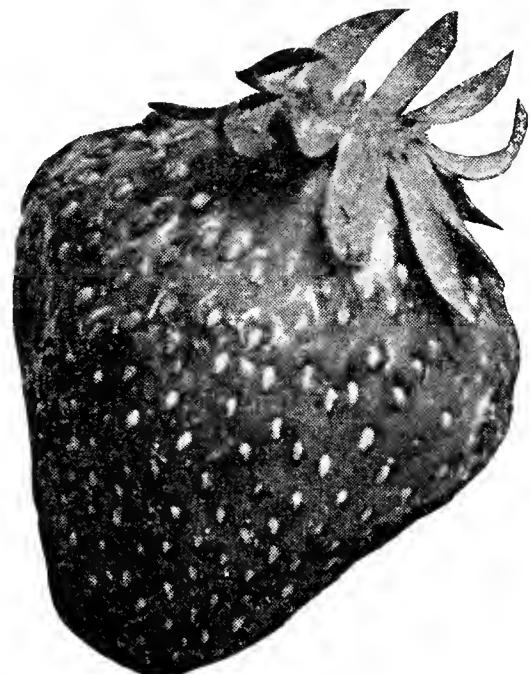
Premier

BLAKEMORE

(Early)

**The Ideal Early Shipping Berry—We Offer a Special
Strain of Blakemore, Free From Yellows**

A healthy plant that yields big crops of berries—a factor worthy of note. Will stand two or three days without over-ripening. Foliage is healthy and stands up well during drought. Fruit is firm, light in color and unexcelled as a long-distance shipping berry. Ranks high in productiveness. To get all that you are entitled to from Blakemore, do not allow them to mat too thick in the rows during the growing season.

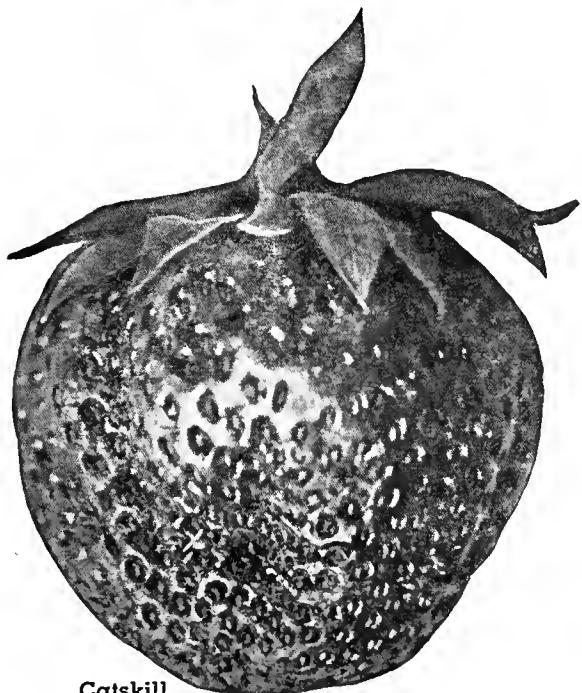


Blakemore

CATSKILL

**Best Midseason Berry, Becoming More Popular
Every Year**

Originated in 1934 from a cross between Premier and Marshall. Produces large, strong plants and makes an ideal fruiting bed. The berries are large in size, equaling Premier in flavor, carrying a bright green cap. That's the story on Catskill. An excellent shipping berry, bright red in color, firm enough to arrive on the market in excellent condition. It is considered almost frost-proof, and produces abundantly.



Catskill

Strawberry Plants

*Grown by
Buntings'*
STANDARD VARIETIES

ABERDEEN. (Perfect.) A strong, vigorous grower, foliage dark green to bluish in color. Unusually free from disease. Under favorable conditions we doubt if any variety will produce more berries than Aberdeen. Fruit is only of fair quality, being somewhat acid, but a little better than the average berry in size. Aberdeen ripens in midseason, the fruit being light in color which makes up a very attractive package.

AMBROSIA. (Perfect.) Late. Berries very large, semi-pointed. Rich sparkling bright red, delicious flavor. Ripens month later than Premier when other strawberries are gone. Is self-pollinating and extremely hardy. Fruit stems are very rigid and often attain a height of six inches. Berries develop in the shade of the leaves and off the ground which makes clean fruit.

AROMA. (Perfect.) Late. One of the best late varieties; plants are large, very vigorous and healthy. Fruit is large, bright glossy red, of excellent carrying quality, and one of the most productive late varieties. Always produces a large crop of first-class fruit. Planted in all sections of the country; most extensively in the Middle West.

BEAVER. (Perfect.) Extra early. A cross of Dr. Burrill and Premier. A heavy yielder like Premier. Berries solid, medium to large and of good quality. A good long distance shipper.

**AVOID FREAKS,
OVER-ADVERTISED
NOVELTIES, ETC.**

While we have the highest regard for new varieties of proven merit, we have learned from long experience that all too often, by use of attractive pictures and high sounding, often exaggerated descriptions, many varieties have been sold at high prices, only to prove a bitter disappointment to those who bought them. When any really worthwhile new varieties appear like Dorsett, Fairfax and Catskill, we follow them closely and when we feel we can safely and conscientiously recommend them, we are glad to offer them. What we do offer and recommend we know are good.

For Strawberry
Prices, Page 19



A Field of Bunting Grown Mastodon Everbearing Strawberry Plants

Absolutely True-to-Name

We give an unlimited, unqualified guarantee that ALL stock we ship will be true-to-name. See our liberal guarantee on page 52.

Buntions' Famed Strawberry Plants

BIG LATE. (Imperfect.) Late. Vigorous grower, very productive. Fine quality. Berries very large, rich in color, with a handsome bright green cap that increases the beauty and selling price of the berries, which are very, very firm and will carry to market in excellent condition. Produces great quantities of berries which average large in size throughout the fruiting season. Extensively planted in a commercial way.

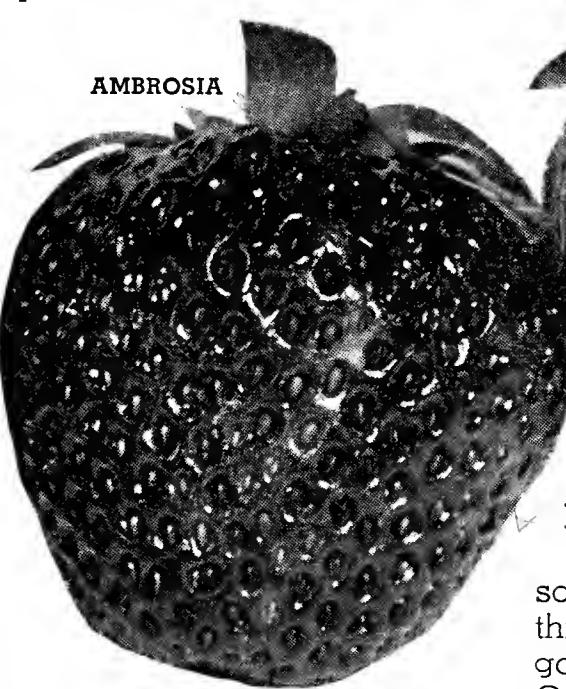
BRANDYWINE. (Perfect.) Medium late. Fruit large and very firm, good shipping qualities, a very heavy cropper; it is a standard variety the country over. More extensively planted in the tropical climates; bears a heavy crop of No. 1 fruit anywhere strawberries will grow. You will like Brandywine.

BUBACH (Perfect.) This is one of the old-time favorites. Plants make a good growth; foliage dark green, leathery type; produces an abundance of big red berries of medium firmness. Mid-season.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY. (Perfect.) The earliest variety on our list; plants healthy with light green, waxy, upright foliage. Berries beautiful, rich red, of large size; ripen perfectly all over with no green ends. A very good variety to plant for table use and local markets. No garden should be without them.

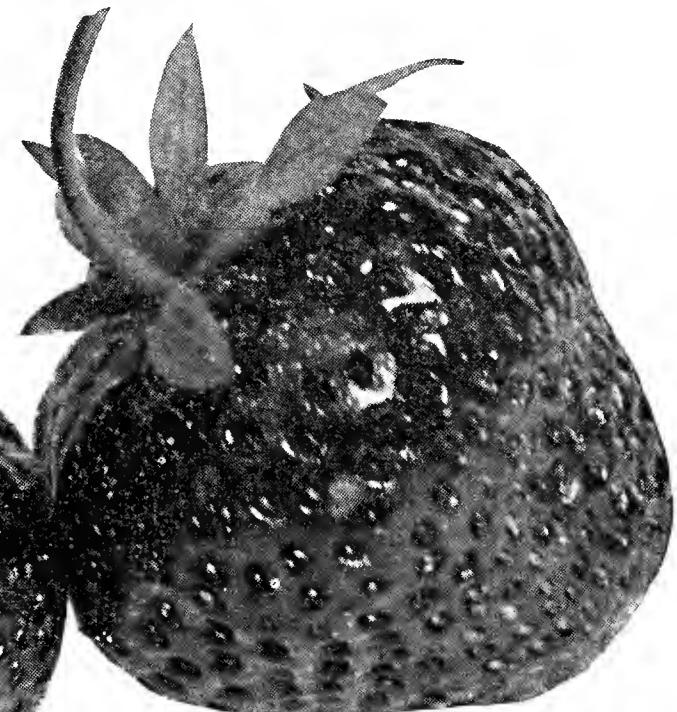
CLERMONT. A cross between Premier and Marshall, made by the New York Experimental Station, that is gaining much popularity in the northern states. Under favorable conditions, this is a very good early variety, producing a nice crop of large, light red, glossy fruit, with a bright green cap; good quality and flavor. The plants are vigorous and make a good fruiting row.

COOPER. (Perfect.) Fruit large and of good quality. Plants productive. Cooper produces its crop early in the season, and the flavor of the fruit is delicious. It is grown successfully in all soils and climates that will produce Strawberries. Too soft for long distance shipping.



CORSICAN. Same as New York.

DR. BURRILL. (Perfect.) Very similar to Senator Dunlap. Excellent for canning and very delicious for table use. Blossoms are perfect and its long blooming season makes it good for planting with imperfect flowering sorts.



FROSTPROOF. (Perfect.) A new variety. Will stand more frost than any sort we have ever known. Plants large, thrifty, tall and deep rooted. Fruit large, good color, shaped much like Dunlap. Of good quality and extra firm. Good shipper and extremely heavy cropper.

GANDY. (Perfect.) This is an excellent late variety. Does best in springy land with some clay in its makeup. Fruit is large, firm, and of fine flavor. A good long distance shipper. The perfect shape of the berries and the large, bright green caps make them very beautiful and attractive. A vigorous grower, making plants freely.

GIBSON. (Perfect.) Exactly the same as Parsons' Beauty. We can see no difference in growth of plants or fruit.

GLEN MARY. (Perfect.) Very popular throughout the northern half of the United States and especially in Pennsylvania, New York and New England. The meat is so rich and juicy and of such high flavor that, when once eaten, more is wanted. Firm enough for distant shipping. It is of handsome appearance and good quality. The fruit is of large size and dark red in color with prominent seeds of bright yellow. A strong grower. Berries always bring top prices on the market.

KLONDYKE. (Perfect.) Berries uniform in shape and size, dark red, mild and delicious; very handsome. Plants make a remarkable growth, are tall and compact, stalks strong, leaves light green. One of the paying early varieties. Recommended for the South and Pacific Coast states.

Bunting's Bay Shore Grown

HOWARD 17. This variety is the same as Premier. One of the best early varieties.

LUCKY STRIKE. (Perfect.) A fairly heavy bearer; berries good quality and appearance; not a very vigorous grower. One of the best everbearing varieties on the market.

LATE GIANT. (Perfect.) Berries are dark red all the way through and honey sweet, firm and of extra good quality. Heavy cropper. Ripens about the middle of June.

MARSHALL. (Imperfect.) Fruit extremely large, bright red. Plants large, healthy, bright green in color; not as prolific as some other varieties but size of berries makes the baskets easy to fill. Extensively planted in the North.

MASTODON. (Perfect.) The most extensively planted variety of everbearing strawberry plants at this time. Fruit is very large, of waxy appearance. Plants also very large and healthy. Foliage dark, glossy green, and produces fruit throughout the entire summer and fall months. See inside front cover page for photograph of this popular variety in color.

MISSIONARY. (Perfect.) A good early variety. Has been extensively planted for commercial purposes and still is in most sections of the country. Probably 95% of the strawberries grown in the state of Florida are of the variety Missionary. A strong grower and productive. The berries are well colored, firm, large, and hold their size well throughout the season.

NARCISSA. (Perfect.) Released in 1933 by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Has the same parentage as Dorsett and Fairfax, being a seedling of Howard 17 and Royal Sovereign. While not so well known here in the East, it has become very popular in the Northwest. Berries good quality; excellent shipper. Give it a trial this season.

NEW YORK. (Perfect.) Midseason. Plants are large and healthy. Fruit extremely large, well colored. A good midseason variety for the northern states.

NICK OHMER. (Perfect.) A medium late variety. The berries are large, glossy red, globular in shape with bright green caps which show them up splendidly when placed in the market. We ship Nick Ohmer to all strawberry sections. California growers are having

especially good success with them, in which state we have shipped millions of Nick Ohmer plants during the past years.

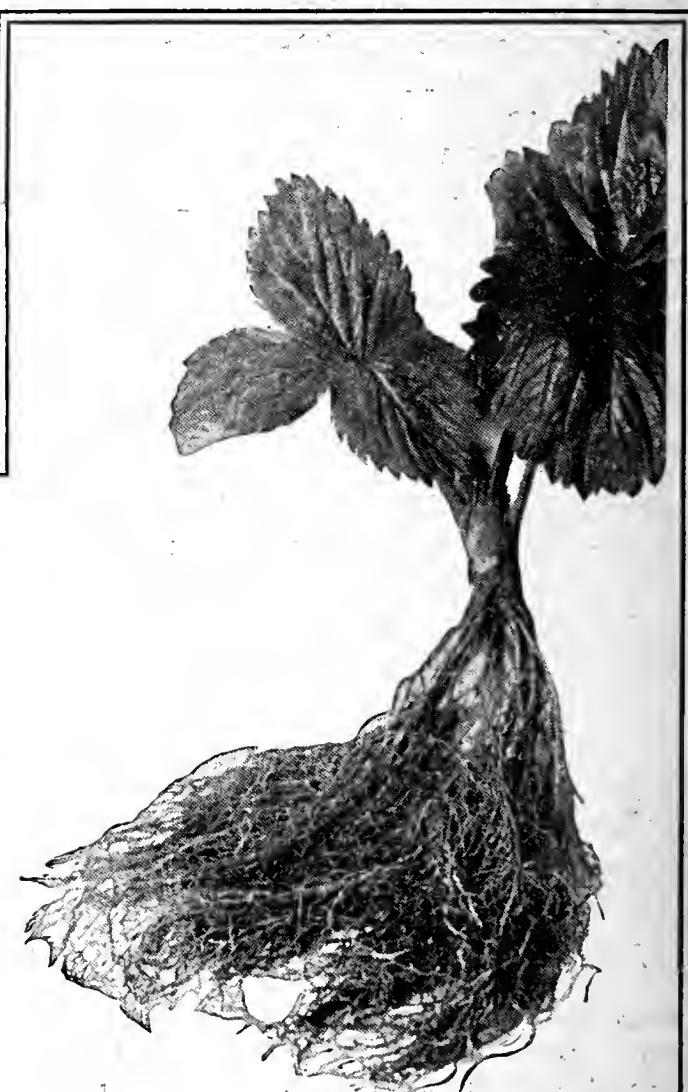
PARSONS' BEAUTY. (Perfect.) Midseason. One that may be depended upon to produce a large crop of fruit every season. The plants are splendid growers, without any sign of disease. Grows well on any soil that will produce Strawberries. The fruit is large, conical, uniform in shape, dark red, and fair quality. A strong pollenizer and a good one to plant with imperfect blooming varieties.

RED GOLD. (Perfect.) Early. Originated in the West, but grown successfully everywhere. Ripens earlier than Premier and produces extra large, brilliant red berries with tender flesh and sweet, melting flavor. A fancy table berry.

RIDGELEY. (Perfect.) A cross between Premier and Gandy. Ripens early midseason. Fruit firm, large size. Excellent shipper. Very good.

SAMPLE. (Imperfect.) Medium late. Extensively planted throughout the entire northern, middle and western states; is not worth planting south of Virginia on account of rust. Fruit is large and well made up, firm enough for long distance shipments.

WM. BELT. (Perfect.) Midseason to late. Produces a large berry of extraordinary beauty and quality. Has been the leading berry for table use in thousands of homes for many years and still grows in demand. It is one of the best pollenizers for imperfect sorts of its season.



Now!

BUNTINGS' Super-Rooted Strawberry Collection

100 Chesapeake
100 Dorsett
100 Fairfax
100 Mastodon

—
400 Plants

ONLY \$3.00

Bunting's Super-Rooted
Plants Bear in Abundance

Better Strawberry PLANTS



NORTH STAR
Plant Frost-Proof

North Star

A fine new variety, just recently released for introduction by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Recommended for trial as a medium early, firm, commercial and home-garden variety of high quality and above-average beauty.

A liberal planting of Buntings' high-quality strawberry plants will produce sufficient berries for the family and many "extras" for roadside or local markets.

Buntings' bay-shore-grown strawberry plants are true-to-name and free from disease and insects. The best of soil, located on bay-shore property, within 2 miles of the great Atlantic Ocean, is selected on which to grow the plants, which are excelled by none grown elsewhere in this country.



The plants are above average in size. Resistant to leaf spot and scorch. The berries are large, of very high flavor and aroma, glossy skin, light red, nearly the color of Blakemore, and very attractive. North Star berries are very firm, and ripen evenly all over; their color does not darken with age.

Better Strawberry Plants

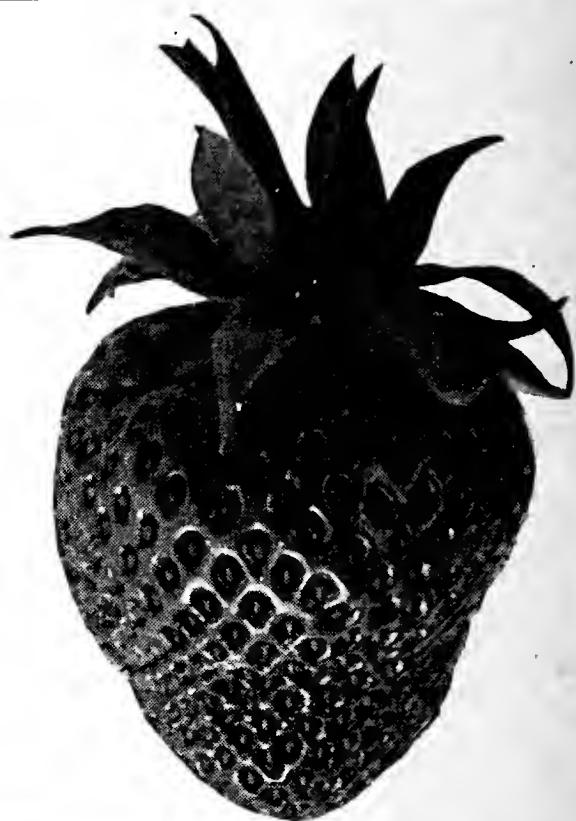
Senator Dunlap (Dr. Burrill)

The Old Dependable

One of the oldest midseason varieties and still grown on a large scale in all parts of the country.

Dunlap grows on all soils, under most adverse conditions, in localities where late frosts make it impossible to grow other sorts, and always makes a heavy fruiting row and produces a record yield of fine fruit.

Fruit is of good size and a beautiful bright red color, glossy and very firm. It is a splendid shipper and of excellent quality when grown in the regions adapted to it.



3 Other Worth-While Berries

PATHFINDER. A cross between Premier and Aberdeen; originated and introduced by the New Jersey State Experimental Station. Now quite popular in several Strawberry sections where it has been grown. Starts ripening a few days after Premier, and the first two pickings are exceptionally heavy, with the berries medium to large in size and of very good appearance. Ripens at a time to bring good prices, when there is a demand for large solid berries. Foliage is a dark thrifty green, holding up well during the fruiting season. The plants make a vigorous, healthy growth, and are disease-resistant. Try Pathfinder this year.

WAYZATA. Berries are extra large in size, very dark red, with a much better flavor than that of the other fallbearers. The fruit is quite firm and very attractive. A very poor plant-maker; seldom does the mother plant produce more than one or two runners a season. For this reason, the plants will always sell at a premium. Due to this habit of growth, the plants should be set rather close in the row, which will result in your obtaining a large crop of berries from a small area. Wayzata comes into bear-

ing earlier in the summer than the other fallbearers; a very prolific bearer.

FAIRMORE. Try this new variety for an early shipping berry. Another new introduction by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Originated as a cross between Blakemore and Fairfax, made in 1933 by Dr. George M. Darrow. For six years it was noted for its firmness and shipping qualities. Has been consistently more vigorous in plant growth than Missionary, Klondyke, Blakemore and Fairfax. The plants are very large, the leaves also being large and a dark, glossy green. The fruit is very uniform in shape, being even more uniform than Fairfax. Starts ripening with Blakemore. Very productive of glossy crimson fruit, carrying a large and attractive cap. The skin is tough, flesh firm, and under some conditions even more firm than Fairfax. Considered one of the best in carrying qualities. Its flavor is sub-acid, and ranks high in dessert quality. For best results, this variety should not be allowed to grow too thick in the row. For the southern states, it is highly recommended, and well worthy of trial in all strawberry sections.

Growing Strawberries Profitably

PLANTING TIME

Northern States—April and early May.

Central States—March and April.

Southern States—February and March.

Each year we are surprised that so many people think you can postpone setting Strawberry plants during Spring months, expecting to make up lost time by setting them in summer or early fall; it cannot be done successfully. Early spring is the ideal time to set Strawberry plants, as soon as the weather permits preparing the ground. In the Southern states, we recommend February and March; in the Central states, March and April; in the Northern states, April, or as early in May as possible. Place your order early so as to allow ample time for material to reach you at the time you wish to plant. You realize it requires time for your order to reach the nursery after it has been placed in the mails, and while we are thoroughly organized to handle all business promptly, we have adverse weather conditions, etc., which hold up digging and packing of plants. Under ordinary conditions, however, plants are shipped in two or three days after your order is received.

Type of Soil

For best results, select a plot springy in nature but well drained and free of vegetation. Strawberry plants are not like trees. They are small and do not root deeply in the soil. Moisture is essential. Should you have a plot of land which you contemplate setting to Strawberries, keep the crop as free from vegetation as possible during the previous year. If the land has been lying idle, plow late in the summer before the weeds and grass develop seed to maturity. This will eliminate crop of weeds and grass the next season. Heavy crops of Cow Peas, Soy Beans, or any other, if plowed under in late summer while green, increases the humus and fertility of the soil, making it loose and porous; therefore, the more retentive of moisture. A cover crop which has been allowed to grow to maturity and dry out, is of little benefit.

Soil Preparation and Fertilization

Prepare soil same as for truck or garden crops. Lay out rows, usually 3 feet 6 inches to four feet apart; set plants about 15 to 18 inches apart in the rows. Do not use commercial fertilizer at the roots. Ground animal bone, thoroughly mixed with the soil, is fine to use at the roots. It should be placed in bottom of furrow before row is made up. Spreading good barnyard manure on the land before plowing is always profitable. Should your soil be very fertile, then we do not recommend using any type of fertilizer when planting. Potash, at the rate of ten pounds to a hundred yards of row space applied during the month of September, will have its

effect on the quality of the fruit the following season. It makes it firm, and gives it a fine, waxy appearance, both of which are necessary for the fruit to command best prices in the market. We recommend applying potash as outlined above, and consider it the secret of success in commercial Strawberry culture. During very early spring, or from four to eight weeks before growth starts, a good grade of commercial fertilizer carrying an analysis of 5 per cent ammonia, 6 to 8 per cent phosphoric acid and 10 per cent potash, should be broadcast on the row of plants at the rate of fifteen pounds per hundred yards of row space.

When making the September application of potash as referred to above, it should not be thrown directly on the foliage; instead, carefully broadcast along each side of the row of plants, and immediately cultivated in. Select a calm day with dry atmosphere to avoid burning the foliage.

CULTIVATION

Keep Rows Free of Vegetation

As soon as the plants are set in the spring, cultivation should begin and should be continued whenever weeds start or a crust forms. Frequent shallow cultivation will make it unnecessary to do much hand hoeing or hand weeding. The cultivator, which merely loosens the top soil without breaking the roots, is to be preferred. Any weeds which interfere with the development of plants or fruit during the picking season are pulled by hand or cut off with sharp hoes. Tests have shown that Strawberry fields which receive frequent hoeing and cultivation made larger, stronger fruiting beds and produced a better crop of berries.

There is much that could be said about the culture of Strawberries. Different types of soil in different locations make it almost impossible to give any definite set rule. Yet it's very true that the information we have given, if followed closely, should bring the best of results.

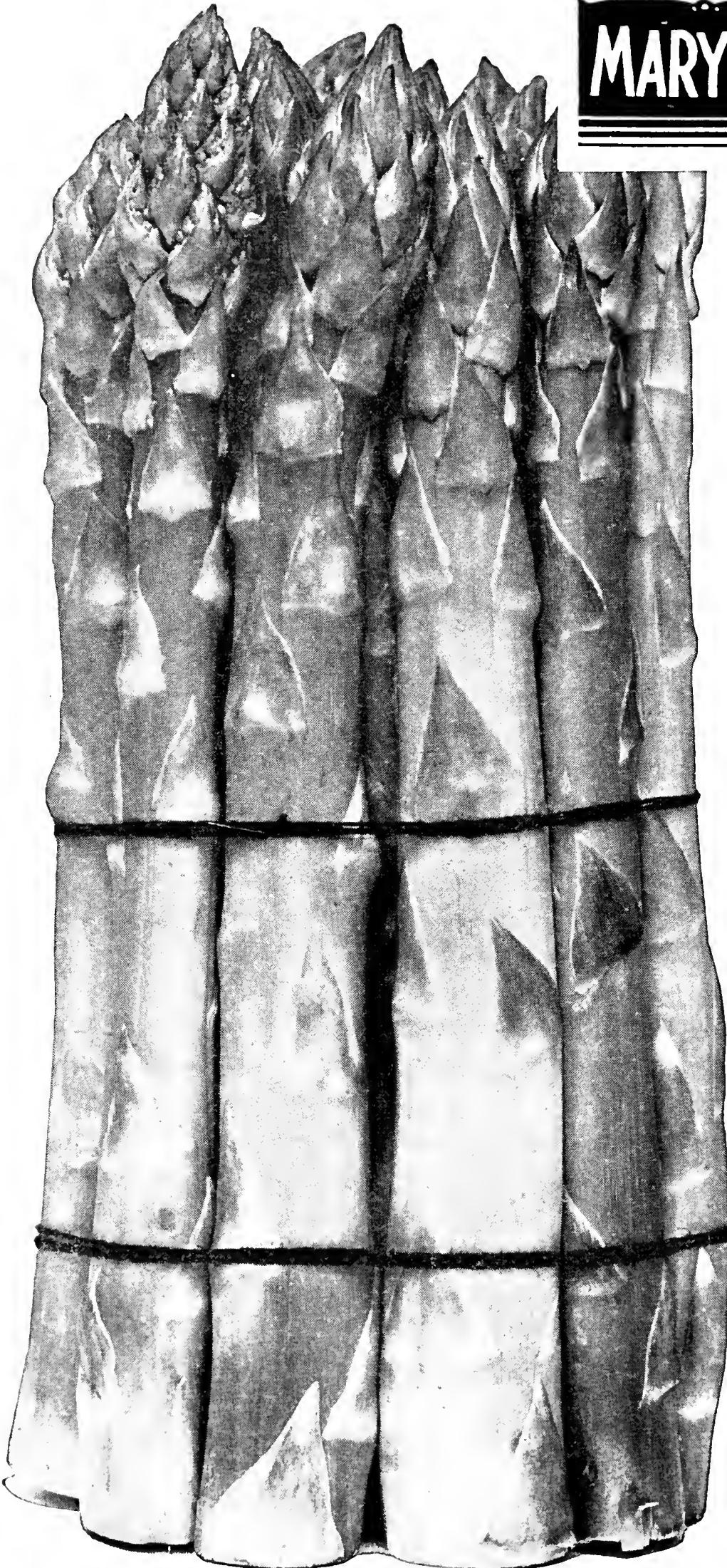
Setting Plants

Clip the roots if they can't be planted without doubling; we do not recommend this otherwise. The size of the plants will govern whether they should be clipped some before planting. Some varieties naturally grow less than others, and do not require clipping. Spades, trowels, or dibbles are commonly used in setting plants. A horse-drawn planter is sometimes used in large commercial plantings. However, to plant with such a machine, skill and experience is necessary to do the job properly. The plant should be set with the crown about even with the soil after it has been thoroughly firmed around the plant.

Profits

There have been exceptions during the past three years. We claim a profit ranging from \$100.00 to \$300.00 per acre a fair profit. Yet it's true, in many instances, the figures just named are doubled when conditions are favorable. We try to be conservative when making statements about yields and profits resulting from growing Strawberries, also about the quality of our plants, which we claim to be as good as any on the market.

MARY WASHINGTON



The Blue-Blood of the Asparagus World. Extra heavy crowns, long fat roots, strong, giant size, green color. Bunting-grown.

Originated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and without any doubt the best variety of Asparagus grown at this time. All of the commercial growers are planting Washington altogether, or a large percentage of their acreage to Washington. Very strong grower, stock of giant size, green color, rich, and tender. It is our opinion that the two principal good points of this variety are, that it is rust-resistant, also a stronger grower than any of the old standards of Asparagus.

Other Popular Varieties

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL.

An old variety, well known in all localities. Large and makes a rapid growth. Very popular.

GIANT ARGENTEUIL. This variety is largely grown in France. Stalks are immense size, rich and tender. Earlier than the other varieties.

PALMETTO. Of Southern origin. Very large and productive. Most extensively used Asparagus.

MARTHA WASHINGTON.

This is a sister to Mary Washington; however, it is claimed that its sister is a more vigorous grower and possibly more rust-resistant. With us here in our nurseries, there seems to be no difference in the two varieties that we can detect by carefully watching them in the nursery rows.

BARR'S MAMMOTH. Early and very large; makes a rapid growth. A general favorite.

America's Premier Growers of SPARAGUS CROWNS!

PRICES:

	25	100	1000	5000
3 yr., No. 1	\$0.80	\$2.00	\$12.00	\$50.00
2 yr., No. 1 .....	.50	1.50	7.00	30.00
1 yr., No. 1 .....	.40	1.00	5.00	20.00

WRITE FOR SPECIAL PRICES
ON LARGE LOTS

Grown in the Famous Sussex County Belt, Where Strong, Sturdy, Fat Roots Are Produced

Buy your plants from certified growers. We are the largest growers of Asparagus Crowns in the country. Our acreage under cultivation for the production of plants to supply commercial growers and gardeners runs up to 100 acres during a single season. Soil and climatic conditions here on the Peninsula are ideal for producing heavy crowns with sturdy, long, fat roots.



Cultural Hints For Asparagus Growing

Plant in rows five feet apart with crowns set two feet apart in the row. Plow a furrow five to six inches deep. Each crown should be set on a little mound of soil, spreading the roots in the same way as they grew. Cover at first with only two or three inches of fine soil, which should be well firmed over the roots. Put no more soil in the trench until shoots appear when they are again covered. Repeat the operation until the trench is finally filled. After plants have grown through the summer following the spring planting, they are ready for plant food. A good top dressing of barnyard manure is fine during the month of November or sometime during early winter. Follow this with an application of Nitrate of Soda at the rate of 100 to 200 pounds per acre in March before the tips appear. In the fall and every fall thereafter, cut the Asparagus stalks close to the ground and remove them from the field.

CASH RETURNS IN APRIL AND MAY

Profits from Asparagus are encouraging. It is ready for market in April and May before other crops are bringing in money. This is another reason why the growing of Asparagus is considered by our most prosperous agriculturists. It gives them money early in the season at a time when it is most needed, and therefore, the funds received from Asparagus tips are more appreciated than that of any other crop produced on the farm.

PLANTS PER ACRE

Under the above schedule, it requires 4,356 plants to set an acre. Some growers prefer planting in rows spaced farther apart, due to the fact that they have some particular spraying outfit which they are using for other purposes. Figures above are standard as to distance of planting and those most general in practice.

Tips On Distance to Plant - - - Number per Acre Small and Large Fruits, Asparagus, etc.

DISTANCE FOR PLANTING—SQUARE METHOD

Distances for planting different kinds of fruit trees, etc., square method:

Peach. 20 feet apart each way.

Standard Apple. 35 feet apart each way.

Cherry, Sour. 18 feet apart each way.

Cherry, Sweet. 20 feet apart each way.

Standard Pear. 20 feet apart each way.

Plum. 20 feet apart each way.

Grape Vines. Rows 8 feet apart, 8 feet apart in row.

Currants and Gooseberries. Rows 4 feet apart, 4 feet apart in row.

Blackberries. Rows 6 feet apart, 6 feet apart in row.

Black Raspberries. Rows 7 feet apart, 4 feet apart in row.

Red Raspberries. Rows 7 feet apart, 3 feet apart in row.

Dewberries. Rows 4 feet apart, 5 feet apart in row.

Strawberries, Field Culture. Rows 4 feet apart, 1½ feet apart in row.

Strawberries, Garden Culture. Rows 2 feet apart, 1 foot apart in row.

Asparagus, in Field. Rows 5 feet apart, 2 feet apart in row.

Asparagus, in Beds. Rows 1½ feet apart, 1 foot apart in row.

RULES FOR OTHER DISTANCES

Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill, which, divided into the number of square feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to an acre.

NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED TO SET AN ACRE AT VARIOUS DISTANCES

Trees per Acre

Trees planted 35 feet apart each way	35
Trees planted 30 feet apart each way	49
Trees planted 25 feet apart each way	69
Trees planted 20 feet apart each way	109
Trees planted 18 feet apart each way	137
Trees planted 16 feet apart each way	170
Trees planted 14 feet apart each way	222
Trees planted 12 feet apart each way	302
Trees planted 10 feet apart each way	435
Trees planted 8 feet apart each way	680
Trees planted 6 feet apart each way	1,210
Trees planted 4 feet apart each way	2,722

NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED TO SET AN ACRE AT VARIOUS DISTANCES

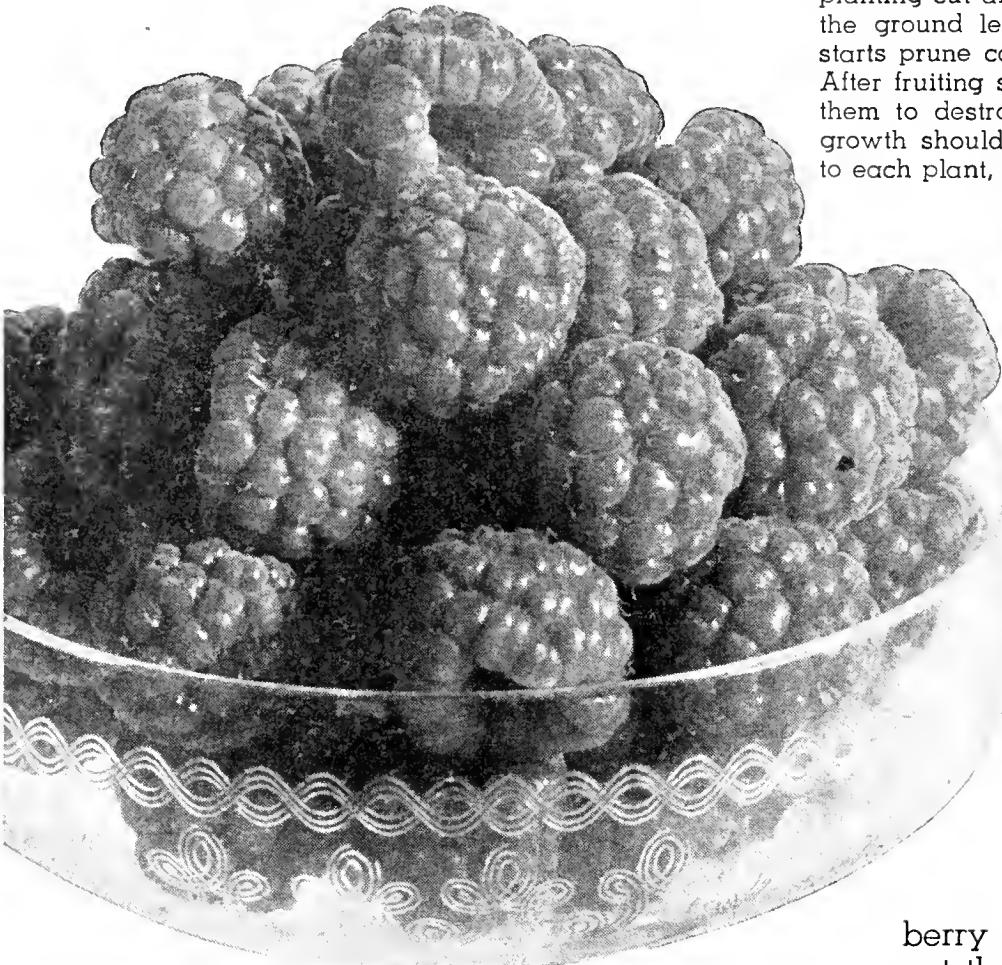
1 x 1 ft.	43,560	4 x 2 ft.	5,445
2 x 2 ft.	10,890	5 x 1 ft.	8,712
3 x 1 ft.	14,520	5 x 2 ft.	4,356
3 x 1½ ft.	9,900	6 x 1 ft.	7,260
3 x 2 ft.	7,260	6 x 2 ft.	3,630
4 x 1 ft.	10,890	7 x 1 ft.	6,222
4 x 1½ ft.	7,260	7 x 2 ft.	3,111

BUNTINGS' CERTIFIED

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS—RED RASPBERRIES

Two methods of culture are commonly used, the hill system and the solid row system. Under the first system plants are usually set five feet apart each way while under the second system they are set three feet apart in rows seven feet apart. Place plants in hole or furrow, spread roots, fill to ground level, and press soil firmly. After

planting cut all canes back to two or three inches above the ground level. The following spring before growth starts prune canes back to a length of about three feet. After fruiting season cut out all fruiting canes and burn them to destroy any disease or insects. Future year's growth should be confined to six or eight strong canes to each plant, following same procedure year after year.



CHIEF. (Red.) Ripens ten days earlier than Latham. Very hardy, can be grown successfully in cold climates. Fruit is firm and of fine flavor. Unusually healthy and vigorous. Chief is mosaic-proof and will not take on mildew. **Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$20.00.**

Latham
(Late.) This is the most popular midseason to late red Raspberry grown today. Very hardy; cold weather seems to have no effect on its bearing ability. Very large size, fine color; they start ripening in midseason and continue an unbelievably long time. Plants are vigorous growers; mosaic free. Latham is the all-purpose, big-money Raspberry for commercial growers throughout the country. **Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$20.00.**

CUTHBERT. (Red.) A good red Raspberry. Heavy yielder of large, solid fruit. Plant is a very vigorous grower. Fine for market and table use. **Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$20.00.**

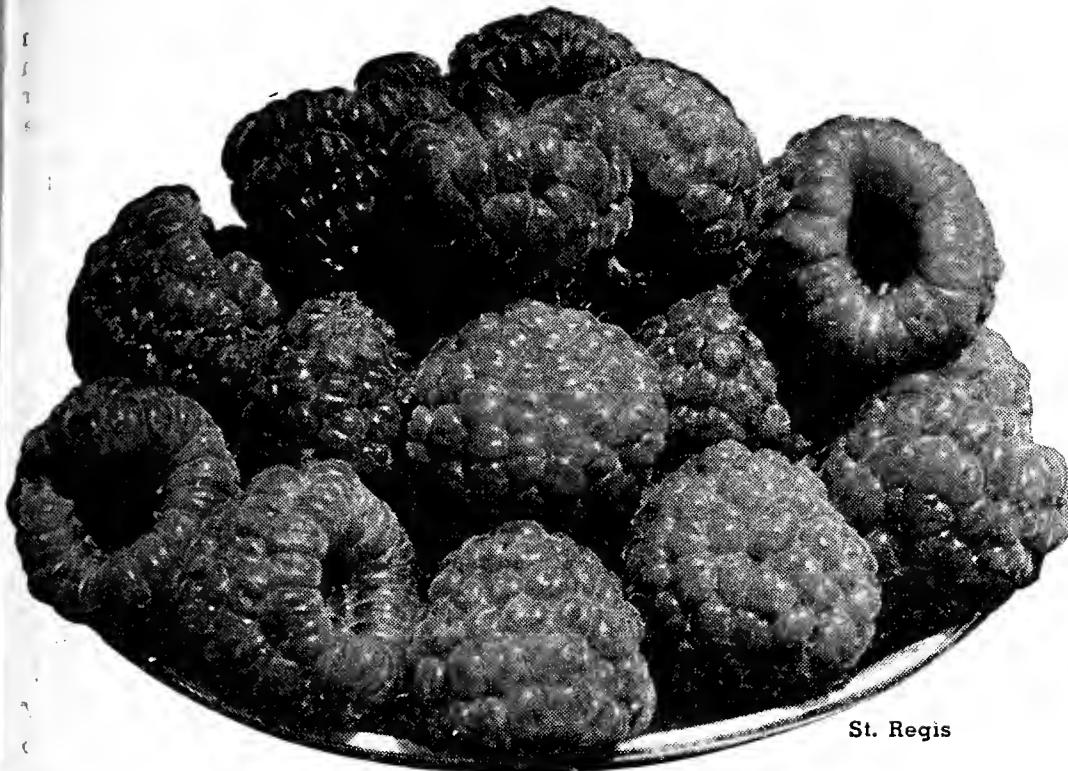
Newburgh
New but Tested Commercially
(Red.) Midseason. A new variety introduced by the New York Fruit Testing Association. Plant vigorous grower, branching more than most red varieties. Hardy, very productive. Fruit very large, firm. Does not crumble. Precedes Latham a few days in ripening. An excellent shipper and keeper. **Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$20.00.**

TAYLOR. This new red Raspberry promises to be the best of them all for New York and the northern states. The plants are vigorous, hardy, productive, tall growing, and increase rapidly. Sturdy canes hold the berries well off the ground. The berries ripen shortly before Latham, are large, long-conic, bright attractive red, thick-fleshed, firm, sub-acid, and of excellent quality. **Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$3.00; 1000 for \$22.00.**

Grow
Buntings' Big First-Grade Raspberry
Plants For Quick Cash Crops

RASPBERRIES . . .

ARE GROWN FOR
PLANTS ONLY



St. Regis

St. Regis *Everbearer*

Ripens with the earliest and continues on young canes until autumn. Color red, flesh firm and meaty. Large-ly planted. Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$16.00.

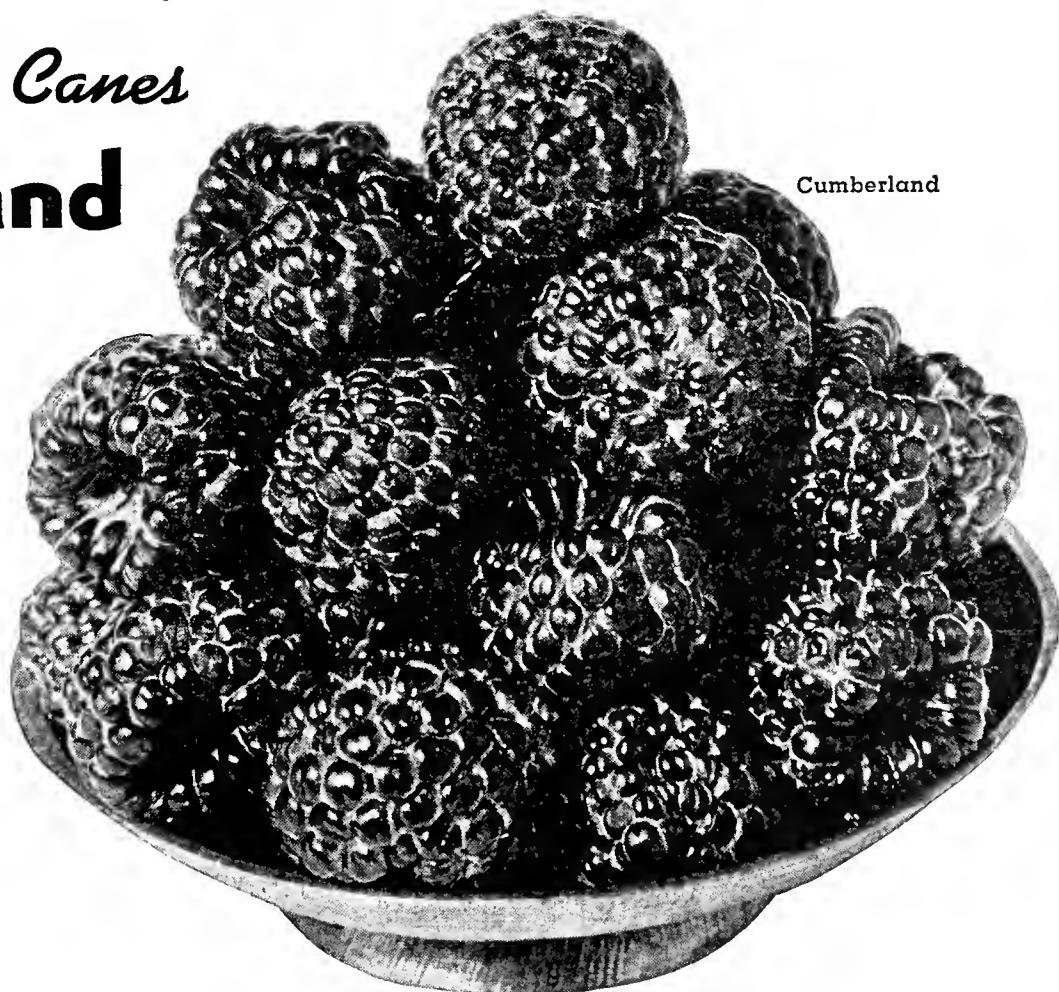
Cultural Directions Black Raspberries

Two methods of culture are commonly used, the hill system and the solid row system. Under the first system plants are usually set six feet apart each way while under the second system they are set four feet apart in rows seven feet apart. Place plants in hole or furrow, spread roots, fill to ground level, and press soil firmly. After planting cut all canes back to two or three inches above the ground level. When new growth starts and has attained a height of 18 to 24 inches, it is best to pinch the tips of the canes which causes each cane to throw off branches and grow upright. All lateral branches should be cut back severely, leaving from six to eight inches of cane. Weak spindling canes are cut out entirely. The following spring before growth starts prune canes back to a length of about three feet. Cultivate raspberries shallow during the entire season but do not continue beyond picking season, as late growth will not mature sufficiently to withstand the winter.

Strong Sturdy Canes Cumberland

(Black)

In blacks—your best bet. Produces large, jet black fruit, firm and of excellent quality; sweet and mild, ripening in midseason and continuing for two weeks. Extensively planted for commercial purposes and for table use. Price, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$18.00.



Cumberland

Boysenberry

The New Money Maker

Berries get to be 1 1/2 to 2 inches long,
1 inch thick

Boysenberry is a sensational new berry. It was introduced in 1932 in California. It is a cross between the California Loganberry, Raspberry, and Blackberry. Think of a berry that has a little of each of these fruits all in one giant, nearly seedless, beautiful wine-colored berry, with a flavor that you will never forget. They are sweet and juicy, yet firm enough to stand handling and shipping to market. The vines are hardy, have withstood temperatures of 10 degrees below zero.

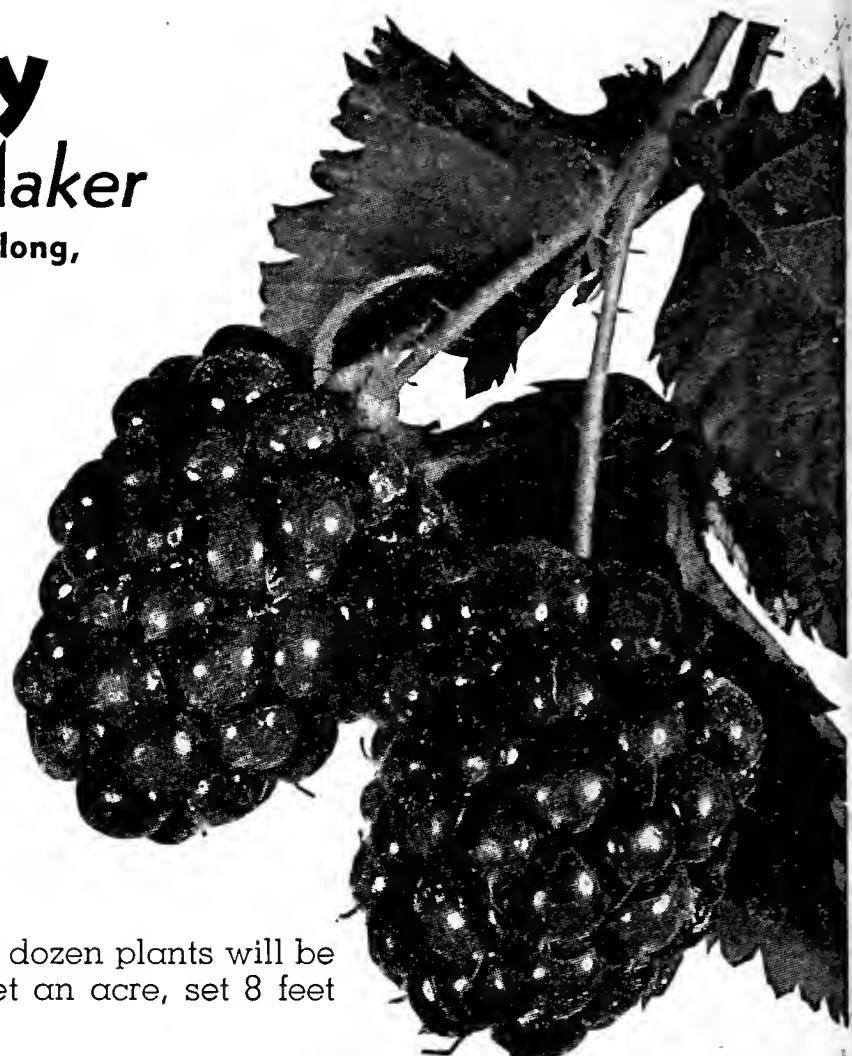
Profitable to Grow

Whether you are growing berries for market or just a few in your garden, it will pay you to get started right now. A dozen plants will be plenty for home use. 600 plants will set an acre, set 8 feet by 8 feet.

Vines start bearing the next year after planting.

Boysenberry price, No. 1, strong-rooted plants: Each, 10c; 10 for 90c; 25 for \$2.00; 100 for \$6.50; 1000 for \$40.00.

50 Boysenberries often fill a quart box.



BLOWERS

Blackberries

Two Leaders

BLOWERS. Bunting's plants are the heaviest fruiting and best Blackberries in the world. Very hardy, the berries are sweet and delicious, jet black color, good shippers, ripen in July.

ELDORADO. Another fine quality Blackberry. Plants are vigorous and seldom fail to produce a bumper crop. Commercial growers like their shipping qualities.

FIELD CULTURE

Plant in rows 7 feet apart with plants set 4 feet apart in the rows (1,555 plants to set an acre at given distances).

Plow a furrow about 5 or 6 inches deep or dig holes 6 inches deep and 6 inches square. Spread roots, fill hole with soil; firm well. Cut stock after planting approximately 2 inches above ground level. Let them grow and the following spring cut the new growth back one-third, leaving two-thirds of the season's growth for production of berries. After they have fruited cut all fruiting canes out and burn them. Cultivate occasionally and follow same procedure each year, allowing about six to ten canes on each plant to stand for fruiting each season.

Blackberry prices, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$3.00; 1000 for \$20.00.

Money Savers for the Home Garden

7 Garden Favorites for Pies - Canning - Seasoning - Jellies - Preserves

CURRANTS

FAY'S PROLIFIC. A very vigorous growing bush, enormously productive, with fruits of very large size. Inclined to do better on light soils than most varieties. Popular with most growers, but not as upright a grower as Wilder. 2-yr., No. 1 plants, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00; 100 for \$25.00.

WILDER. A vigorous, upright growing bush. Very hardy and productive. This variety is possibly more largely grown than any other kind in cultivation. It was highly commended by that great Currant authority, the late S. D. Willard, of Geneva, N. Y. Berries medium to large, dark glossy red; skin thin, tender; flesh juicy, firm, exceedingly good; late midseason. 2-yr., No. 1 plants, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00; 100 for \$25.00.

DEWBERRIES

AUSTIN. Ripens before Lucretia. A valuable variety for table use. Fruit very large.

LUCRETIA. Extremely productive. Berries extra large, black in color; flavor rich, sweet and delicious.

Prices, No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for 80c; 100 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$15.00.

GOOSEBERRIES

DOWNING. One of the old reliable varieties. Fruit is quite large, pale green in color, and of splendid quality. Bushes are vigorous growers. Midseason.

HOUGHTON. This variety rarely fails to produce a crop every year. The berries are of medium size, sweet and tender, and the plants are extremely hardy and healthy.

Price, 2-year, No. 1 plants, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00; 100 for \$25.00.

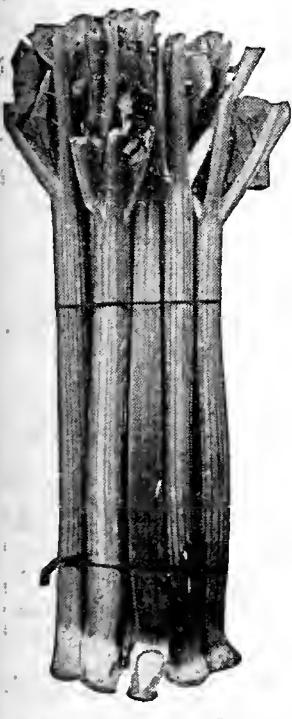
HORSERADISH

MALINER KREN. Very hardy, and thrives best in cool, moist earth, but will thrive well on any soil that produces crops of any kind. Plants are vigorous, and roots grow to a large size. Price, 1-yr., No. 1 plants: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$3.00. 3-yr., extra heavy plants, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 25 for \$3.00; 100 for \$10.00.

RHUBARB OR PIEPLANT

MYATT'S LINNAEUS. Early, large, tender and good quality. Price, 2-yr., No. 1 plants: 10c each; 10 for 75c; 100 for \$5.00; 1000 for \$40.00. 1-yr., No. 1 plants, 7c each; 10 for 50c; 100 for \$3.00; 1000 for \$20.00.

Write for our complete ornamental catalog—every page in actual color of the tree and fruit; a valuable book.



MYATT'S LINNAEUS
RHUBARB

Delicious BLUEBERRIES

(See page 36 for illustration in color.)

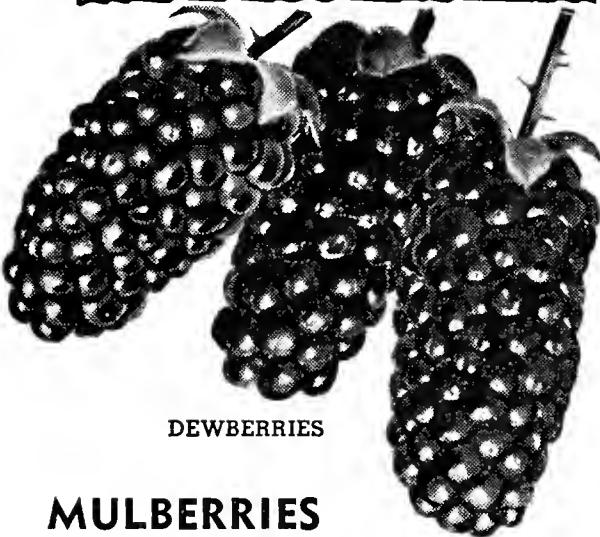
CABOT. The earliest variety to ripen. Berries have a delicious sub-acid flavor. Plants seldom exceed three feet in height, making a broad low bush.

JUNE. A bush of slender, vigorous, upright habit. A very large and early berry.

PIONEER. A very good variety, ripening about a week later than Cabot. Plants make a broad low bush, and produce heavy crops of berries close set in the cluster. Fine flavor.

RUBEL. An upright, vigorous grower. Ripens about two weeks later than Cabot. A dependable year-after-year producer.

Prices: Strong, 12-18 in. plants, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00; 10 for \$6.00. Heavy, 18-24 in. plants, \$1.25 each; 3 for \$3.50; 10 for \$10.00.



DEWBERRIES

MULBERRIES

RUSSIAN. Tree is a splendid grower, soon attains good size; fruits very heavy regularly, a good crop of the most delicious Mulberries. Trees bear when quite young, beginning second year in nursery row. 2-yr., 6-8 ft. trees, \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00; 100 for \$85.00.

PLEASE NOTE

Under provisions of the White Pine Blister-Rust Quarantine, it is unlawful for anyone to send Currants or Gooseberries into 23 States of the Union without first securing a special permit from the State Department of Agriculture where the shipment is to be made. Therefore, please do not request "rush" shipments on orders for these plants, as it sometimes requires ten days to secure a permit.

Grape Vines

BUNTING GROWN *they are HARDY*

WE HAVE acres of Grape Vines. It is a conservative statement that we grow more Grape Vines than any eastern nursery, and we know that you will find them better rooted than the average. The secret of the enormous root area on Bunting's Grapes lies in the fact that the plants have been grown on soil particularly suited to Grapes, and the fact that we keep them clean and growing by weekly dusting and frequent fertilizing. We use our tractor digging equipment for lifting the vines, and instead of the usual nurseryman's practice of leaving the grape roots in the ground, we send them with the plants.

AGAWAM. Deep red or maroon. Ripens early. Fruit large and meaty, borne in extra large, loose-shouldered bunches. Vines strong growers, very healthy. Ripens with Concord. Has a delightful aromatic flavor.

BRIGHTON. One of the best red varieties; bunch variable in size, flesh tender and juicy, red; early.

CACO. A new variety which is proving to be one of the best. It is wine-red with abundant bloom; the berries are very large; bunches medium in size, compact and of a good form. Ripens almost with Concord.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY. Black. Ripens about the last of August. Large, roundish, dark purplish black. Flesh firm and tender and sweet.

CHAMPAGNE. The Champagne grape vine produces big bunches of sweet, amber-colored fruit. Very hardy and productive.

CATAWBA. Keeps better than any Grape in cultivation. Ripens late and can be kept in good condition a long time. Berries large, round, when fully ripe dark copper colored. Good market variety.

CLINTON. Black. Vine a very strong grower. Berries are small to medium size. Bunches large and very compact. A good variety for home use.

See Page 37 for Grape Prices



DELAWARE. Early. Vine moderately healthy and vigorous. Bunch small but compact, berries small to medium in size, red in color and of excellent flavor.

DIANA. Strictly a wine Grape. Ripens late, with Catawba or a little later. Berries are large, dark copper colored.

DUTCHESS. White. Bunches large and compact. Berries medium size. Ripens in midseason. Ships well.

ELVIRA. White. Ripens with Concord. Produces heavy crop of medium size berries. Valuable for wine.

FREDONIA. Black, with heavy bloom, cluster about medium, berry large, very early, good quality; new and very promising.

GREEN MOUNTAIN. Fruit yellowish white. About the earliest and most reliable of well-known white varieties for the North.

IONA. Best wine Grape known. Berries light red, clusters large, sweet, delicious. Grown extensively in Canada as well as in Ohio.

IVES. Very hardy and productive. Ripens earlier than Concord, and will hang on the vine until shriveled. Black.

See Page 37 for Grape Prices

The profitable year-after-year vineyard —

is easily obtained. We will be glad to instruct you in the proper methods of planting and pruning, and in other necessary details to keep your vineyard in the most productive state. Only the best vines should be planted.

Buy Bunting Grown

The King and Queen of the Grape Family

Two Thoroughbreds • Their Popularity never Wanes

CONCORD

Discovered about 90 years ago. Apparently a seedling of a wild grape. It early established the record of being the "grape for the millions"—the KING of the grape family. It is still the best all-around grape. Its adaptability to varying climatic conditions alone makes it popular, to say nothing of what can be made of its fruit, such as sweet grape juice, jellies, jam, marmalades, etc.

Concord is a very vigorous grower, hardy and very productive. Ripens mid-season and known as the best money-making commercial variety; also, for home use, it is unsurpassed by any other variety.

A small sum invested in vigorous BUNTING-grown vines, turns your idle land into fruitfulness and value.



NIAGARA—
Queen of the
Whites. A very
fine white table
grape.

CONCORD—
King of the
Blues. Fine for
grape juice, jam,
jellies, marmalade.

NIAGARA

Was first fruited in 1868. Concord is one of its parents. It received practically all of its characteristics from this parent. Niagara, therefore, is Queen of the grape family. Where well grown, its bunch, berry and coloring cannot be surpassed in beauty. It has been and still is the standard white table grape of eastern United States. It does not easily crack. Consequently it makes a very good appearance on the market, inducing larger sales. The fruit of Niagara is at its best when left on the vines until well ripened. Niagara is a worthy Queen of King Concord.

To Commercial Vineyard Growers!

Your opportunity to buy real BUNTING-GROWN GRAPE VINES direct from the grower.

BUNTING GROWN *they are HARDY*

IMPROVED GRAPE VINES • BLUEBERRIES

LINDLEY. Red. A vigorous grower producing heavy crop, giant size bunches. Dark red, tender, very delicious.

MOORE'S EARLY. Ripens before Concord. Color of grapes deep black. Large and of best quality. Bunches hold together firmly. One of the best shippers. A profitable variety for either home use or market. Makes excellent wine. Very productive. Like Concord and Worden produces abundantly in nursery row on two-year-old vines.

MOORE'S DIAMOND. White. Ripens early September. Berries medium size, and desirable for grape juice. Good quality fruit.

PORTLAND. White, very early, cluster medium large, berry good quality. Very hardy, vigorous grower, productive. New and very promising.

SALEM. Red. Ripens slightly before Concord. Berries medium to large. Very dark red. Flesh juicy, tender, and of fine flavor.

WORDEN. Vine moderate grower, very hardy and productive. Grapes very large, thin skin, very fine flavor, blue-black in color and fine for home use or nearby market. One of the earliest, ripening about 10 days before Concord. Fruits heavily on young vines.

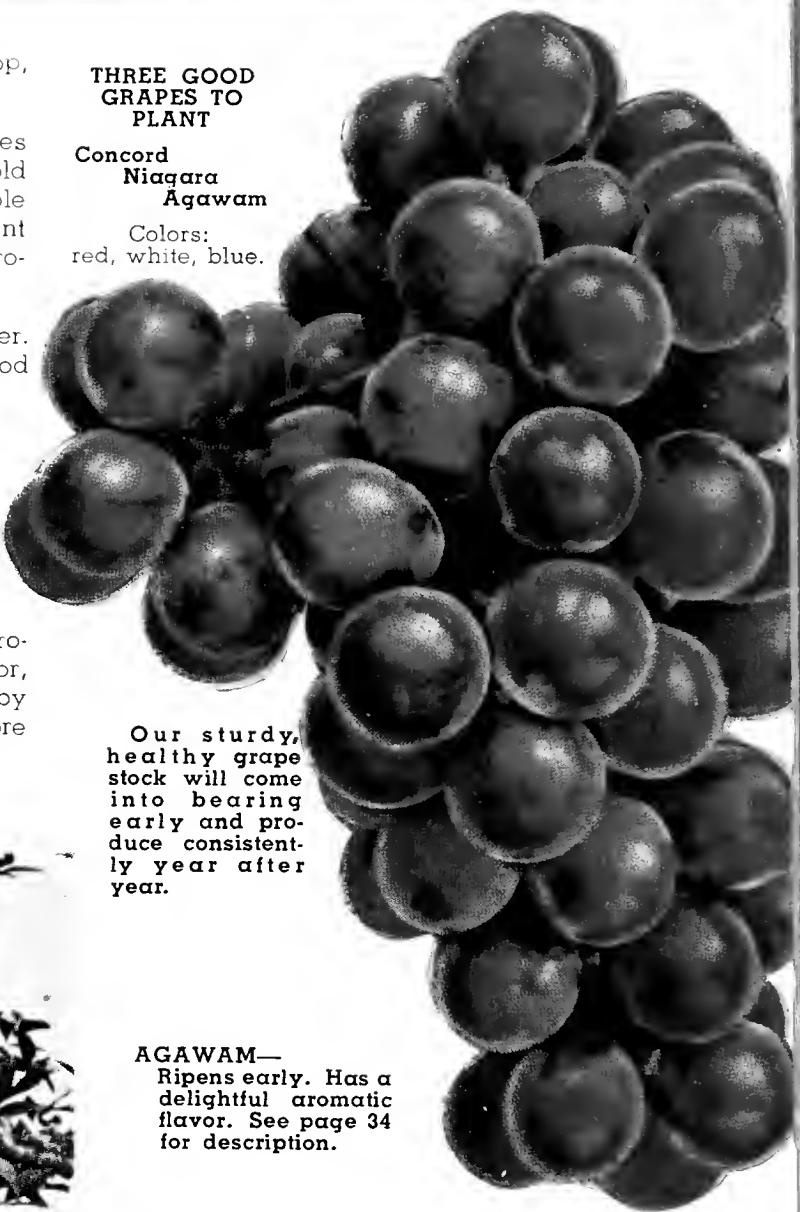
WYOMING. Early, sweet, coppery red.



THREE GOOD GRAPE VINES TO PLANT

Concord
Niagara
Agawam

Colors:
red, white, blue.



Our sturdy,
healthy grape
stock will come
into bearing
early and pro-
duce consisten-
tly year after
year.

AGAWAM—
Ripens early. Has a
delightful aromatic
flavor. See page 34
for description.

Delicious **BLUEBERRIES**

Handsome Ornamental Shrubs, that Produce
Wonderfully Flavored Fruit

Include two or more Blueberry plants in your order this year. They are a source of superlatively fine fruit, and are also prized for their beautiful foliage all during the year. In the spring, the dainty new leaves are most lovely, and, later, even more charming are the carmine-tipped buds and waxy white flower bells. To no foliage does autumn bring a more glorious and lasting crimson color.

Try them this season. Use two or more varieties to cross-pollinate for best results. Blueberries prefer an acid soil, containing an abundance of peat or other partially rotted vegetable matter.

SPECIAL OFFER: Three Blueberry plants, assorted varieties, strong 12-18" plants, for only \$2.00.

REFER TO PAGE 33 FOR VARIETY
DESCRIPTIONS AND PRICES.

GENERAL PRICE LIST

Bunting's' Hardy Grapes

	Each	10	100	1000
Agawam (Red), 2-yr. No. 1	\$0.15	\$1.20	\$7.50	\$60.00
Agawam (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Brighton (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Brighton (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Caco (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.25	2.00	16.00	140.00
Caco (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.20	1.50	12.00	100.00
Campbell's Early (Black), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Campbell's Early (Black), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Catawba (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	50.00
Catawba (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.10	.70	4.00	30.00
Champagne (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	8.50	70.00
Champagne (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	50.00
Clinton (Black), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Clinton (Black), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Concord (Black), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Concord (Black), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.10	.60	3.50	25.00
Delaware (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	8.50	70.00
Delaware (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	50.00
Diana (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Diana (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Duchess (White), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Duchess (White), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Elvira (White), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Elvira (White), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Fredonia (Black), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.18	1.40	11.00	90.00
Fredonia (Black), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Green Mountain (White), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Green Mountain (White), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Iona (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Iona (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Ives (Purple), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Ives (Purple), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Lindley (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Lindley (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Moore's Diamond (White), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Moore's Diamond (White), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Moore's Early (Black), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Moore's Early (Black), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Niagara (White), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	50.00
Niagara (White), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.10	.70	4.00	30.00
Portland (White), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.18	1.40	11.00	90.00
Portland (White), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Salem (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Salem (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Worden (Black), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Worden (Black), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00
Wyoming (Red), 2-yr. No. 1 .....	.15	1.20	7.50	60.00
Wyoming (Red), 1-yr. No. 1 .....	.12	.90	6.00	40.00

Here's
QUALITY
plus
ECONOMY



Taxus Cuspidata



Globe Arbor-Vitae



Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae

Real Buys on Ornamentals

All Stock Listed On This Page Will Be Sent
You Prepaid Within a Radius of Five
Hundred Miles of Selbyville.

ECONOMY ORNAMENTALS

Young, thrifty, well-rooted stock; priced to save you money.

It is most feasible that a good percentage of our customers share with us the pride and enjoyment in growing the smaller sizes of stock on, watching them as they develop into older specimens of increased value. So, in writing our catalog this year, we decided to list these economical sizes of sturdy, well grown plants separate from the regular listing of finished stock. Complete descriptions of these items will be found elsewhere in this book.

EVERGREENS

FOR YEAR-ROUND BEAUTY

American Arbor-Vitae. 1-1½ ft. 45c each.

Chinese Arbor-Vitae. 1½-2 ft. 49c each.

Globe Arbor-Vitae. 8-10 in. 49c each.

Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae. 1½-2 ft. 79c each.

Canadian Hemlock. 1-1½ ft. 69c each.

Spiny Greek Juniper. 1-1½ ft. 59c each.

Golden Plume-like Cypress. 1-1½ ft. 69c each.

Upright Japanese Yew. 1-1½ ft. 79c each.

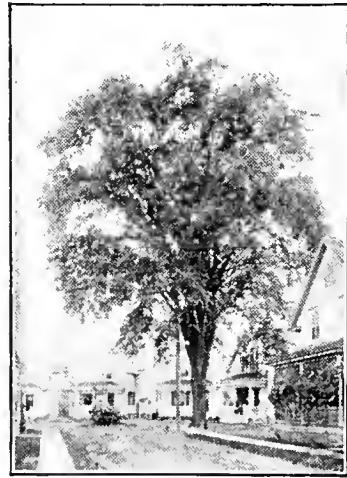
Dwarf Old English Boxwood. 8-10 in. 59c each.

All Evergreens Are Full, Compact, Specimen Plants.
Which Have Been Transplanted a Number of Times.

Selected Shade Trees • 2 for 35c and up

For Summer Time Comfort—An Investment For Life

How worth while to plant a tree? How little care it requires? How much it returns in shade, shelter and beauty, not only throughout your own lifetime but for generations beyond. Look around your home. Have you made full use of the possibilities of a majestic Poplar, or a row of Silver Maples. Here are the most popular varieties at exceptionally low prices.



LOMBARDY POPLAR

A tall, steeple-like tree. With age the Lombardy probably becomes one of the most striking and picturesque trees. Price: 3-4 ft., 2 for 35c; 10 for \$1.25.

AMERICAN ELM

Excellent and durable street tree. Grows to great height. Graceful, drooping branches. 3-4 ft., 2 for 40c; 10 for \$1.50.

SILVER MAPLE

This is the best known of all Maples. Thrives almost anywhere, but grows very rapidly in moist rich soil. 3-4 ft., 2 for 45c; 10 for \$1.75.

CHINESE ELM

A noble rapid-growing tree. Remarkable for resistance to drought and disease. 3-4 ft. 2 for 50c; 10 for \$2.00.

Here Are Values You Will Find Hard to Duplicate

Rare and Unusual OUT OF THE ORDINARY TREES and PLANTS

Not Freaks — But Tested Varieties of Merit

Look over our list of specialties and treat yourself by ordering some of these uncommon plants that will place your lawn or garden into an "unusual" classification.

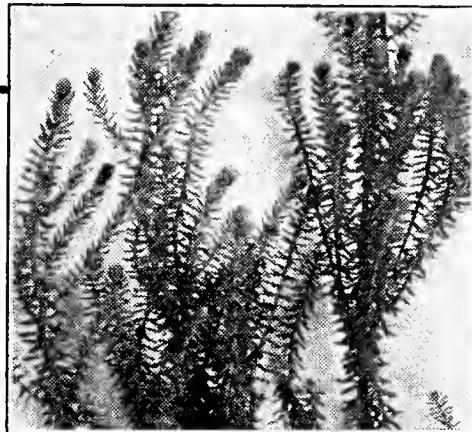
Quintuplet Apple

A one-tree orchard. Five of the best varieties on one tree, including two early, one midseason, and two late. Think of it! From the same tree you will be picking five different varieties of fruit, from early summer to late fall. Five trees in one. **Strong, two-year-old trees, \$1.95 each.**

Red-Flesh Crab

Just as its name implies, this sensational new flowering Crabapple produces fruit that is dark red all the way through. Fine for jams, jellies and sauce, either when cooked alone or mixed with other apples. The tree is very sturdy and completely hardy for the north. It bears when real young, usually the second or third year after planting. A new handsome ornamental tree, with its beautiful red flowers early in the spring. **Strong, one-year-old trees, 55c each; \$5.00 per 10.**

The items listed on this page represent years of searching for varieties of rare merit. Be the first in your community to grow these distinctive plants.



Winter-Blooming Heather

(Erica Darleyensis)

A low growing plant, with small, narrow, almost needle-like leaves. The remarkable fact about this plant is that it blooms during late winter. Starts blooming here the middle of February in the nursery row. (With protection will bloom earlier.) Produces small, rosy pink flowers.

**Strong, No. 1 plants
60c each, \$5.50 per 10**



Rosa Rouletti

Imagine, if you can, a full grown rose bush small enough to place beneath a quart cup. The tiny buds are perfectly formed, opening into miniature double rose-pink flowers about the size of a marble. May be raised as a pot-plant or grown outside in the rock garden. Widely used for an edging along walks and flower beds. Perfectly hardy. Blooms all summer outdoors and the year around in the house.

**Strong, No. 1 plants
50c each, \$4.50 per 10**



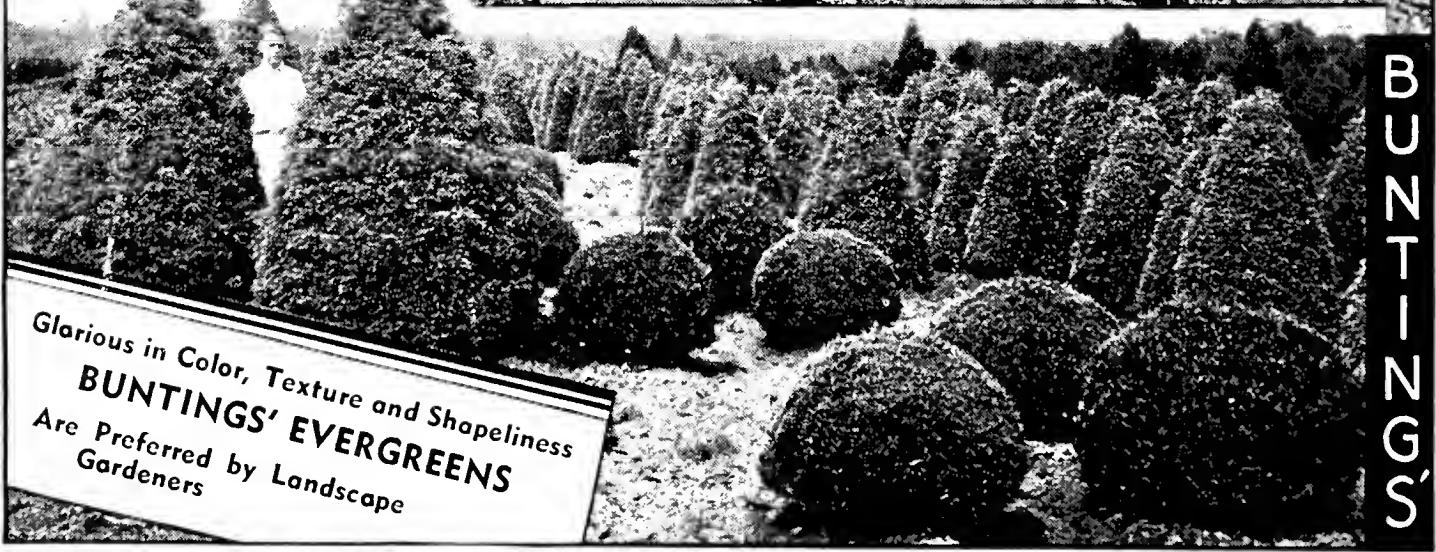
On Location at

Bunting's

Visitors are always welcome to browse around our nurseries. Come and see our extensive planting of Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, etc. See how they are grown and convince yourself first hand of the dependable Bunting quality.



A photograph
of a block of
**ORIENTAL PLANE
TREES**
in our nursery. Note
the straight trunks
and symmetrical tops
... they speak for
themselves.

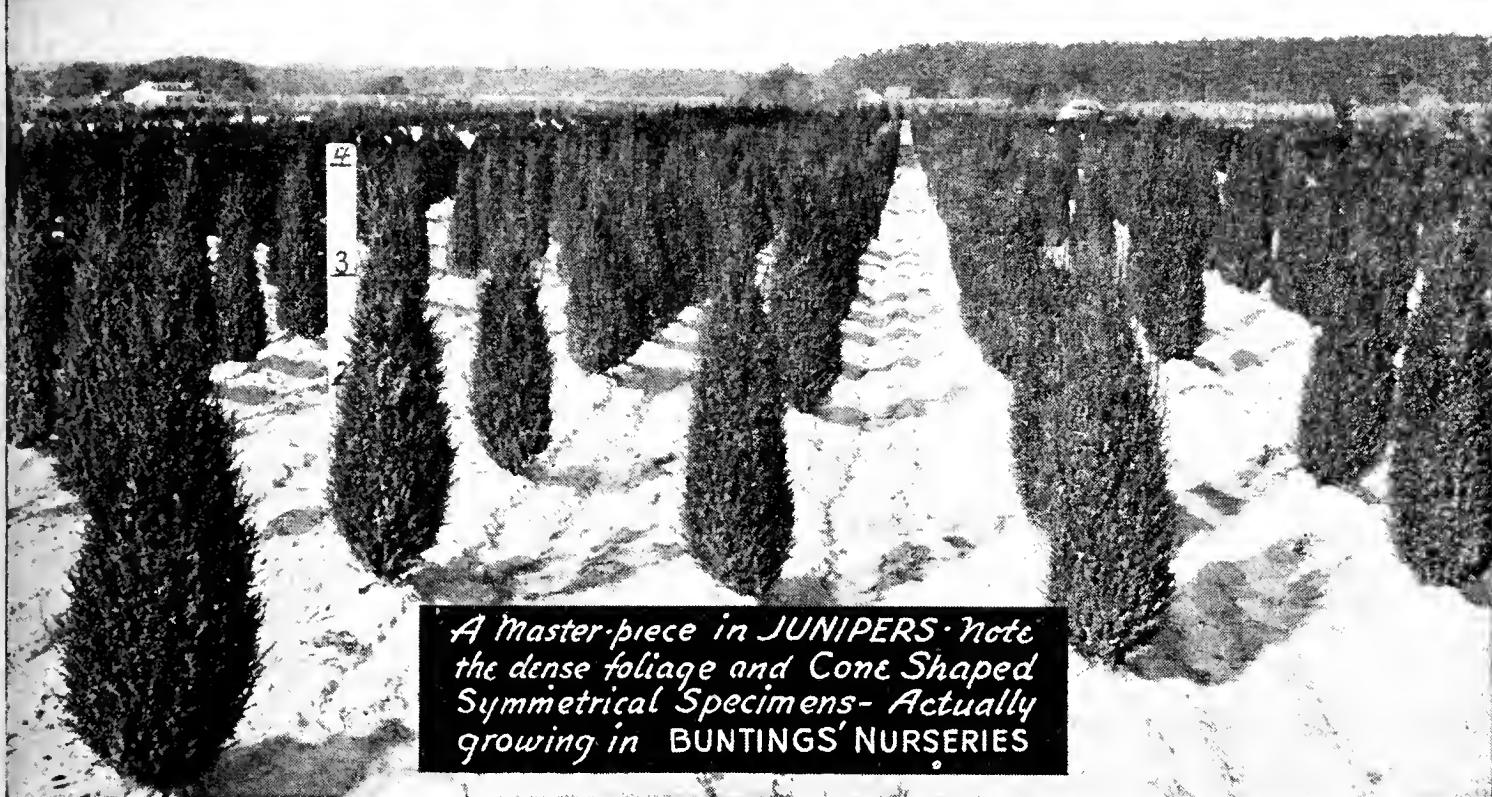


BUNTING'S

CHOICE
Specimen

Evergreens

For Lawn
PLANTINGS



*A Master-piece in JUNIPERS. Note
the dense foliage and Cone Shaped
Symmetrical Specimens- Actually
growing in BUNTINGS' NURSERIES*

ARBOR-VITAE

AMERICAN ARBOR-VITAE (*Thuja Occidentalis*). Foliage flat, set on edge, color bright green. One of the most extensively planted Arbor-Vitae. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, 95c; 10 for \$8.50. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.25; 10 for \$11.00.

BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN ARBOR-VITAE (*Biota Aurea Nana*). Conical form, very dense and compact, bright yellow foliage. Price: 12 to 15 in., each, \$1.40; 10 for \$12.00. 15 to 18 in., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00.

CHINESE ARBOR-VITAE (*Biota Orientalis*). Tall, slender, fast grower; dark green foliage. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.25; 10 for \$11.00.

GLOBE ARBOR-VITAE (*Thuja Globosa*). Very dwarf in growth, round or globe shaped, foliage dark green. Does not require shearing. Price: 10 to 12 in., each, 75c; 10 for \$7.00. 12 to 15 in., each, 90c; 10 for \$8.50.

PYRAMIDAL ARBOR-VITAE (*Thuja Pyramidalis*). Tall, slender, dense, dark green foliage. The best Arbor-Vitae grown. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00.

FIR

BALSAM FIR (*Abies Balsamea*). Compact growth, dark green foliage. Conical form. Price, 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

NORDMANN FIR (*Abies Nordmanniana*). Wide, rich deep green needles make this a distinctive tree with a broad base. A slow grower, but if planted in a favorable spot will develop into a dense tree. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$2.50; 10 for \$22.50.

HEMLOCK

CANADIAN HEMLOCK (*Tsuga Canadensis*). Graceful tree with dark green foliage; very hardy. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50. 2 to 2½ ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

JUNIPER

IRISH JUNIPER (*Juniperus Hibernica*). Trees form dense slender cones of silvery green. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, 90c; 10 for \$8.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.25; 10 for \$10.00.

PFITZER'S JUNIPER (*Juniperus Pfitzeriana*). Broad, bushy with gray-green branches. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, \$2.75.

SAVIN JUNIPER (*Juniperus Sabina*). Low growing, very dwarf. Dark green foliage, very desirable; never gets large. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00. 2 to 2½ ft., each, \$2.50; 10 for \$22.50.

SPINY GREEK JUNIPER (*Juniperus Excelsa Stricta*). Gray-green foliage, compact, pyramidal, well shaped. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

PINE

AUSTRIAN PINE (*Pinus Austriaca*). Strong spreading growth, round form, with regularly arranged branches. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

RETINOSPORA

GOLDEN GLOBE CYPRESS (*Retinospora Lutescens*). One of the best of the low growing Evergreens. It likes shearing, and grows into a low, dense ball. The foliage is soft, plume-like, golden yellow. Price: 15 to 18 in., each, \$1.15; 10 for \$10.00. 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.65; 10 for \$15.00.

GOLDEN PLUMELIKE CYPRESS (*Retinospora Plumosa Aurea*). Foliage and growth like the Plumed Cypress except that the foliage is tipped with bright gold. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.10; 10 for \$9.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

MOSS CYPRESS (*Retinospora Squarrosa Veitchii*). Foliage silvery blue, feathery and dense. Conical form. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.10; 10 for \$9.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

PLUME-LIKE CYPRESS (*Retinospora Plumosa*). Soft, deep green foliage. Strong growing tree. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.10; 10 for \$9.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

With ~ a Lifetime Experience ~ as EVERGREEN ~ SPECIALISTS

Our Evergreens are Not to be Compared With the Ordinary Stock Grown by Many of Our Competitors

SPRUCE

NORWAY SPRUCE (*Picea Excelsa*). Perfectly hardy. Compact growth. Green foliage. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.10; 10 for \$10.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

YEW

Especially popular because of their comparative freedom from disease.

UPRIGHT JAPANESE YEW (*Taxus Cuspidata Capitata*). A beautiful slow growing evergreen, with rich dark green foliage throughout the year. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

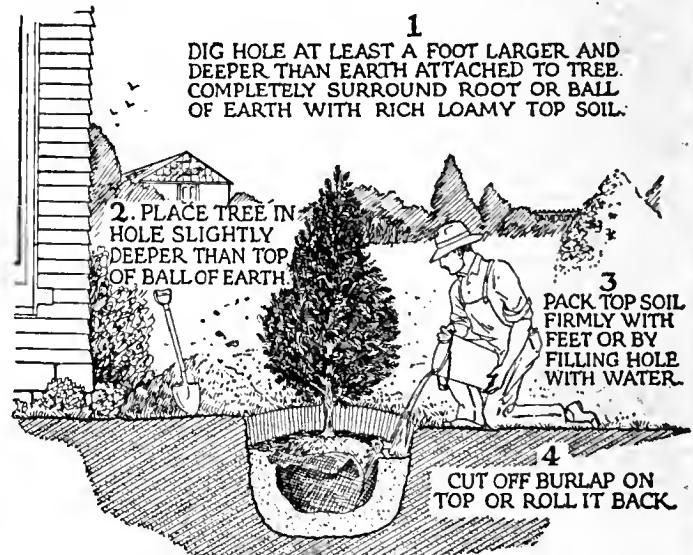
HICKS' UPRIGHT YEW (*Taxus Media Hicksii*). An upright form which grows in a narrow columnar shape. The foliage is deep dark green. One of the best upright Yews. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00. 2 to 2½ ft., each, \$2.75; 10 for \$25.00.

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

AZALEA HINODEGIRI. The most popular of all Azaleas. Good deep green foliage and bright scarlet flowers completely covering the plant in late spring. Price: 6 to 8 in., each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50. 8 to 10 in., each, 70c; 10 for \$6.00. 10 to 12 in., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

BUSH ARBUTUS (*Abelia Grandiflora*). Blooms from May to frost; grows into a compact, graceful bush, stands

How to Properly Plant Evergreens



Add Loose Soil Until the Hole is Filled and Pack Firmly and Leave Liberal Supply of Loose Earth on Top

shearing well and thus can be used for a hedge. Foliage a bright, glossy, shiny green, turning to bronze in winter; blooms are funnel-shaped, light pink in color. A hardy plant. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, 75c; 10 for \$7.00. 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

COMMON BOXWOOD (*Buxus Sempervirens*). Grows into a medium-sized bush of somewhat squat, conical shape. Very dark green foliage. Price: 6 to 8 in., each, 40c; 10 for \$3.50. 8 to 10 in., each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50.

DWARF OLD ENGLISH BOXWOOD (*Buxus Suffruticosa*). True dwarf old English variety. Low, very slow growing; a truly aristocratic plant. Price: 8 to 10 in., each, 75c; 10 for \$7.00.

GARLAND FLOWER (*Daphne Cneorum*). Pleasing evergreen foliage, dwarf in habit, blooms profusely with an unusual lilac-like fragrance. A fine rock garden plant and a gem for the garden lover. Blooms in April and intermittently all of the summer. Price: 6 to 8 in., each, 80c; 10 for \$7.00. 8 to 10 in., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

AMERICAN HOLLY (*Ilex Opaca*). Foliage intense green, produces an abundance of red berries in the fall. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50. 3 to 4 ft., each, \$2.75; 10 for \$25.00.

JAPANESE HOLLY (*Ilex Crenata*). Evergreen; stubby, twig-like branches with boxwood-like leaves of pleasant dark green color. Small black berries. Rarely gets more than five feet tall. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00.

NANDINA DOMESTICA. A low treelike plant with bright green leaves during the summer which turn to a bright red in the winter and remain on the bush until early spring. Excellent for interplanting among Yews and spreading Junipers for winter color contrast. Loaded with bright red berries in the fall. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, 80c; 10 for \$7.50. 2 to 2½ ft., each, \$1.25; 10 for \$10.00.



Azalea

Hedges • Beautiful Living Fences

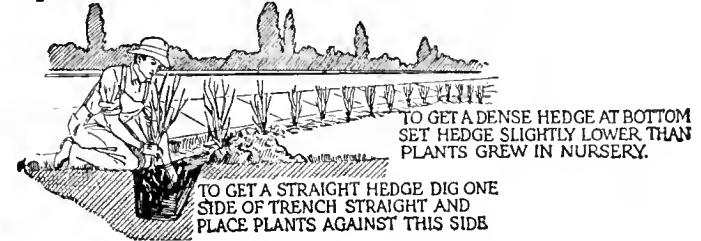


California Privet

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. One of the leading hedge plants. Its foliage is of the deepest, richest green which stays on until late winter. Very hardy; easily and quickly pruned. 12 to 18 in., 100 for \$3.00; 1000 for \$25.00. 18 to 24 in., 100 for \$4.00; 1000 for \$35.00. 2 to 3 ft., 100 for \$5.00; 1000 for \$45.00.

JAPANESE BARBERRY. Probably so well known it needs little description. Dark green leaves which turn to red and yellow in the fall. Thorny bush, making a good hedge or specimen plant. Its graceful, drooping branches are loaded late in summer with bright red berries which hang on most of the winter.

	Each	10	100
2-yr., 9-12 in.	\$0.10	\$0.75	\$ 4.00
2-yr., 12-18 in. ....	.15	1.00	5.00
3-yr., 15-18 in., extra heavy ....	.20	1.50	12.00
3-yr., 18-24 in., extra heavy ....	.25	2.00	16.00



Hardy Decorative Climbing Vines

BITTERSWEET (*Celastrus scandens*). A climbing plant with attractive light green foliage and yellow flowers during June which are followed in the winter with bright orange fruits. **Price, strong, 2-year vines, each, 30c; 10 for \$2.50.**

BOSTON IVY (*Ampelopsis Veitchi*). One of the best clinging vines. Grows very dense. Foliage green and very healthy. **Price, 2-yr, vines, each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00.**

CLEMATIS PANICULATA. A splendid climber. Flowers snow-white during entire summer and autumn. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 30c; 10 for \$2.50.**

CLEMATIS, LARGE FLOWERED.

Mme. Edouard Andre. Large flowering rich red.

Henryi. Large flowering white.

Jackmani. Large flowering purple.

Ramona. Large flowering blue.

Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 60c; 10 for \$5.50.

ENGLISH IVY (*Hedera helix*). Foliage rich waxy green during entire winter. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 25c; 10 for \$2.25.**

HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE. White, changing to yellow flowers, blooming from May until November. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 25c; 10 for \$2.25.**

GOLDFLAME HONEYSUCKLE. Blooms all summer. Showy tubular flowers, flame-red outside, bright yellow inside, borne in clusters. Delightfully fragrant. **2-yr. vines, 75c each; \$7.00 per 10.**

MATRIMONY VINE (*Lycium barbarum*). Blooms purplish flowers in great profusion from middle of summer until freezing weather. Very popular. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 25c; 10 for \$2.25.**

SILVER LACE VINE (*Polygonum Auberti*). Produces very fragrant white flowers. Blooms during the month of September. A hardy vine, growing new every year from the crown. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50.**

TRUMPET VINE (*Bignonia radicans*). A tall growing, twining vine with wisteria-like foliage which bears orange flowers in mid-summer. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 25c; 10 for \$2.25.**

WISTERIA. Blooms in great profusion during spring. Fine for porches and trellises. Colors: White or purple. **Price, 2-yr. vines, each, 40c; 10 for \$3.50.**



Hall's Japan Honeysuckle



Clematis Paniculata

Buddleia
Farquhari

12 Shrubs of Distinction

 PRICES ALL VARIETIES LISTED ON THIS PAGE: 1½- to 2-ft. size, each, 30c; 10 for \$2.50. 2- to 3-ft. size, each, 40c; 10 for \$3.50.

ALTHEA, ROSE OF SHARON (*Hibiscus Syriacus*). Blooms in early summer and continues through the autumn months. Colors: Red, white, pink and blue.

BUTTERFLY BUSH (*Buddleia Farquhari*). Vigorous and easy to grow. Blooms from August to the end of autumn. Lilac-colored blooms, fragrant, attracting bevies of butterflies.

BLOODTWIG DOGWOOD (*Cornus Sanguinea*). Bright cherry-red stems in winter; creamy white blooms.

GOLDENTWIG DOGWOOD (*Cornus Stolonifera Lutea*). Very striking yellow branches in winter, forming a good contrast when planted with the red-stemmed sorts. Dwarf grower.

GOLDEN BELL (*Forsythia*). One of the best early blooming shrubs. Rich golden flowers in early April. Vigorous grower.

JAPAN QUINCE (*Cydonia Japonica*). In very early May this shrub is a-dazzle with scarlet flowers which are later succeeded by quince-shaped fragrant fruits which can be used for jellies. Dark glossy green leaves, bushy growth, with protecting thorns.

SNOWBERRY, WHITE (*Symphoricarpos Racemosus*). This low, shade-loving plant bears rose-white flowers in summer, and large white berries in winter. A superb, fine-textured shrub for borders and shady foundation planting.

SNOWBERRY, RED, or INDIAN Currant (*Symphoricarpos Vulgaris*). A dwarf shrub which thrives in the shade. The coral-colored berries last until late winter.

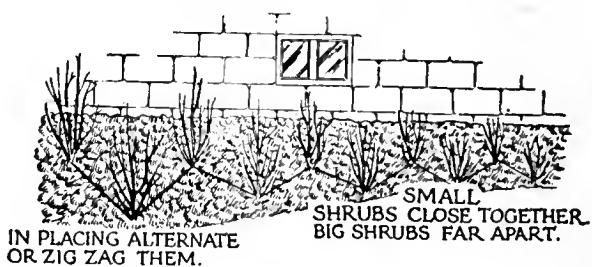
SPIREA, BILLIARD'S (*Spirea Billardi*). Erect, sparsely twigged branches crowned with dense spikes of rose-pink flowers from July to September.

SPIREA, THUNBERG'S (*Spirea Thunbergi*). In April and May its delicate arching branches bear fine bright green foliage and a profusion of dainty white flowers.

WEIGELA, RED-FLOWERED (*Weigela Eva Rathke*). Dark reddish green foliage and dark red blossoms. Somewhat dwarfish in habit, and an excellent specimen for border plants. Blooms through the summer and fall.

WEIGELA, PINK (*Weigela Rosea*). A tall, vigorous shrub which bears a profusion of deep pink flowers in June and more sparsely at intervals thereafter through the summer. Most popular of all the Weigelas.

SPACING SHRUBS



PLANT THREE OR MORE OF A KIND TOGETHER.



BLOODTWIG DOGWOOD
(*Cornus Sanguinea*)



SNOWBERRY, WHITE
(*Symphoricarpos Racemosus*)



JAPAN QUINCE
(*Cydonia Japonica*)



WEIGELA, PINK
(*Weigela Rosea*)

HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS

A Pageant of Bloom — Spring, Summer and Fall

The shrubs form the greater part of attractive plantings and with careful placing and selecting of varieties, with reference to location, ultimate growth, flowering season, and foliage, form and color, will become the most treasured beauties of your possession.

ALMOND (*Prunus Glandulosa*). One of the most popular flowering shrubs.

Low bush with arching branches. Blooms early spring; pink or white.

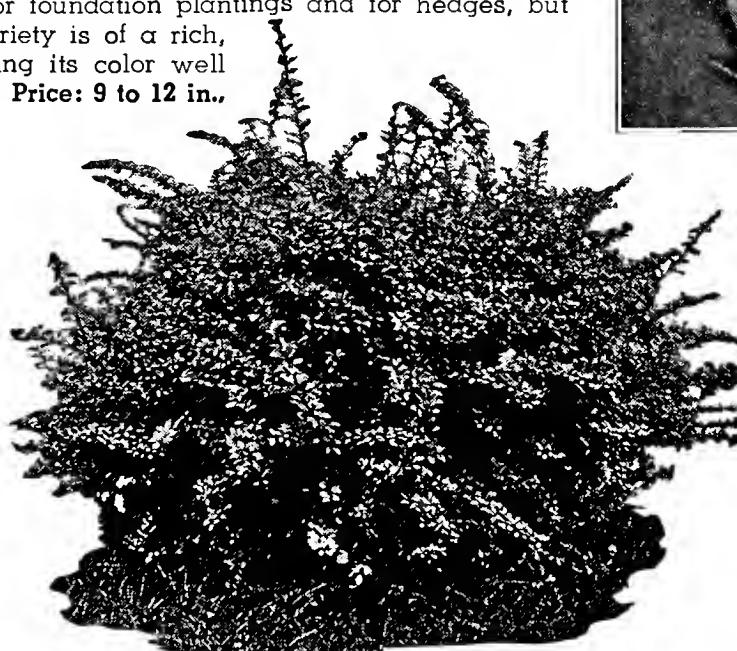
Price: 18 to 24 in., each, 40c; 10 for \$3.50. 2 to 3 ft., each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50.

MENTOR BARBERRY (*Berberis Mentorensis*) Plant Patent No. 99. Practically evergreen, erect growth, dark green foliage to the ground. So dense that it needs little or no pruning. Grows in either acid or alkaline soils so can be used in any foundation planting. Excellent for a hedge between properties. Price: 12 to 15 in., 3 for \$1.40; 12 for \$4.00; 100 for \$25.00. 15 to 18 in., 3 for \$1.50; 12 for \$4.50; 100 for \$30.00.

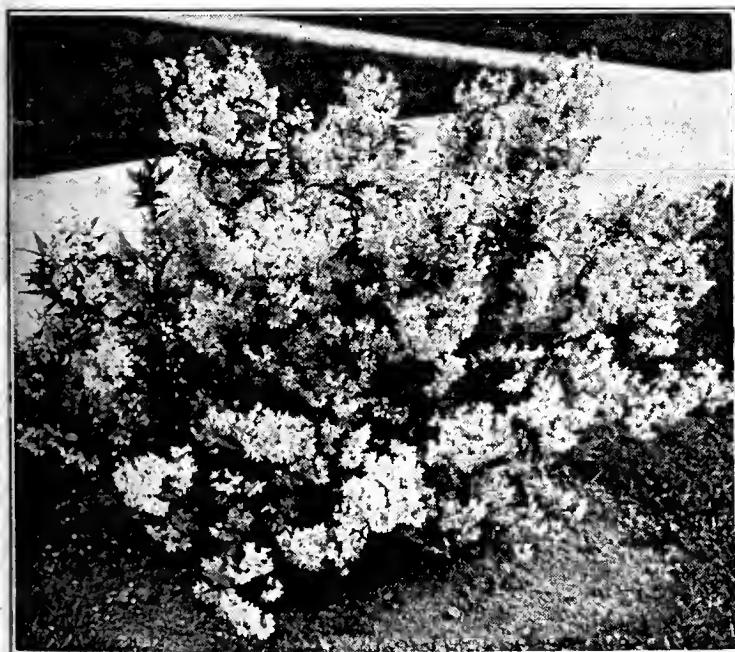
RED-LEAVED BARBERRY (*Berberis Thunbergi Atropurpurea*). Similar in all respects to the green leaf Barberry which is so popular for mixing in the shrubbery border, as single specimens, or for planting in clumps on the lawn as well as for foundation plantings and for hedges, but the foliage of this new variety is of a rich, lustrous, bronzy red, holding its color well through the entire summer. Price: 9 to 12 in., each, 25c; 10 for \$2.25.

12 to 15 in., each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00.

**TRUEHEDGE COLUMNBER-
RY** (*Berberis Thunbergi
Pluriflora Erecta*). Patent
No. 110. A barberry that
is often mistaken for Box-
wood because of its for-
mal growth and bright
green leaves. Valuable
for lawn specimens, rock-
ery specimens and it is
a ready-made sheared
hedge. Price: 9 to 12 in.,
each, 25c; 10 for \$2.00.
12 to 15 in., each, 30c;
10 for \$2.50.



Red-Leaved Barberry



Deutzia Gracilis



Honeysuckle

BEAUTY BUSH (*Kolkwitzia
Amabilis*). A beautiful
shrub covered in early
May with small pink
flowers on drooping
branches. Price: 18 to
24 in., each, 50c; 10 for
\$4.50. 2 to 3 ft., each,
70c; 10 for \$6.50.

CREPE MYRTLE (*Lager-
stroemia Indica*). A strong
growing shrub, adapting
itself to almost any soil
and condition except in
the northern sections
where the temperature
often drops below zero.

Does very well in latitudes south of Philadelphia. Leaves are bright green; the blooms are large panicles of crinkled little flowers of brilliant hues. Blooms late July and August. Price: 2- to 3-ft. plants, each, 80c; 10 for \$7.50.

DEUTZIA, PRIDE OF ROCHESTER (*Deutzia Scabra*). Blooms in May; large double flowers which are white with the outer petals tinted pink. Free bloomer. Attains height of 6 to 8 feet. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00. 3 to 4 ft., each, 45c; 10 for \$4.00.

DEUTZIA, SLENDER (*Deutzia Gracilis*). Of dense, bushy, dwarf habit. Festoons of pure white flowers in May. Price: 12 to 15 in., 30c each; 10 for \$2.50. 15 to 18 in., each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00.

TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE (*Lonicera Tatarica*). Dense, vigorous growing shrub with luxuriant foliage during summer to late fall. Branches are laden with currant-like fruits in July and August. Blooms in June. Colors red, white and pink. Price: 18 to 24 in., each, 25c; 10 for \$2.25. 2 to 3 ft., 35c each; 10 for \$3.25.

All Our Shrubs Are Two-Year, Field-Grown, Ready To Bloom

Flowering Shrubs beautify

HYDRANGEA

Otaksa

Almost perennial in this latitude. Large blue or pink blooms in summer. See inside back cover page. **Prices:** Strong, 2-year plants, 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

Hills of Snow

(*Hydrangea Arborescens Grandiflora*). Known for its profusion of round snow-white blooms which appear early in July and last until late September. Very hardy. **Price:** 18 to 24 in., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10. 2 to 3 ft., 60c each; \$5.50 per 10.

Pee Gee

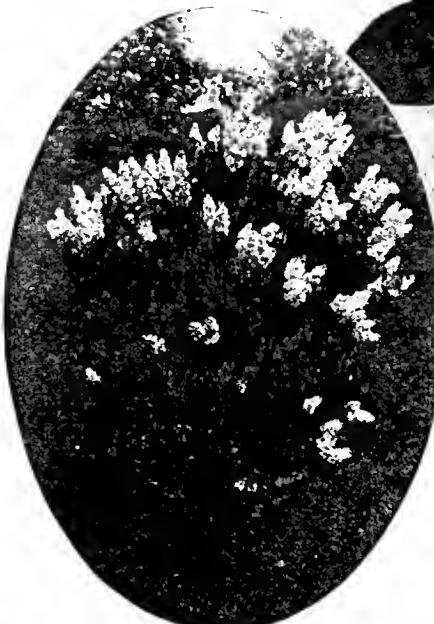
(*Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora*). Pyramids of creamy white flowers which are tinged with pink in late summer. Blooms from mid-July until late October, at which time the blooms turn a light bronze and can be used as handsome house decorations for winter. **Price:** 18 to 24 in., 30c each; \$2.75 per 10. 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.

JETBEAD or WHITE KERRIA

(*Rhodotypos Kerrioides*). It bears showy white flowers in May and occasionally through the summer. The shiny black fruit which follows the blooms stays on through the winter. Very hardy. **Price:** 18 to 24 in., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10. 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; \$4.50 per 10.



Hydrangea, Hills of Snow



New French LILACS

Sweetly Perfumed

Every home garden needs two or more New French Lilacs. Their colorful large trusses of sweet, fragrant, double flowers will scent up the entire yard with a delightful perfume. Do not fail to plant one or two of our New French Lilacs, you will always be pleased. A row of them makes an excellent screen. Blossoms are splendid for bouquets. See inside back cover page.

Superfine Varieties Strong, Heavily Rooted

ALPHONSE LAVALLEE. Double, large pale lavender.
CHARLES THE TENTH. Single reddish purple.
HUGO KOSTER. Single, dark reddish purple.
MICHEL BUCHNER. Double pale lilac.
MME. CASIMIR PERIER. Double white.
PRES. GREVY. Very double, lilac-blue. Large panicles.
SOUVENIR DE LUDWIG SPAETH. Very large dark crimson-purple.

	Each	10
18 to 24 in.	\$0.50	\$4.50
2 to 3 ft. ....	.60	5.00

Your Home at Low Cost



Common Snowball

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER

A dwarf and very dense little shrub which bears flat clusters of rose-pink flowers all summer. If the bloomed heads are removed it will continue to flower more abundantly. Price: 12 to 15 in., 30c each; 10 for \$2.50. 15 to 18 in., 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.

SWEET SHRUB OR SWEET SCENTED SHRUB

(*Calycanthus Floridus*). Sometimes called the Strawberry Shrub. A widely cherished old-fashioned plant. Neat, compact, with large leaves and small double blossoms of dark mahogany color with rare fragrance. Blooms in May and June with a few blossoms from time to time during the summer. Price: 18 to 24 in., 30c each; 10 for \$2.50. 2 to 3 ft., 40c each; 10 for \$3.50.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI

Sometimes called the "Improved Bridal Wreath." A medium-sized shrub covered in late May and June with pure white flowers. Foliage is dark green and fine texture. Price: 18 to 24 in., 25c each; 10 for \$2.00. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; 10 for \$2.50.

MOCK ORANGE

(*Philadelphus Coronarius*). A fine old garden shrub, which grows erect to a height of 8 to 10 feet. In May it thrusts out dense sprays of delightfully scented creamy white flowers. Price: 18 to 24 in., 30c each; 10 for \$2.50. 2 to 3 ft., 40c each; 10 for \$3.50.

COMMON SNOWBALL

(*Viburnum Opulus Sterile*). White balls of bloom in May. A well-known and very popular shrub. Price: 15 to 18 in., 35c each; 10 for \$3.00.

JAPANESE SNOWBALL

(*Viburnum Tomentosum Plicatum*). A shrub of compact upright habit which has highly ornamental foliage, and which during late May and early June bears dense clusters of pure white flowers in great profusion. Price: 18 to 24 in., 50c each; 10 for \$4.50. 2 to 3 ft., 60c each; 10 for \$5.50.



Spirea Anthony Waterer



Spirea Van Houttei



enjoy a friendly SHADE

By Planting Buntings' Specimen Shade and Ornamental TREES

The well-planted home grounds have trees on all sides of the property. The street and lawn trees frame the house and add wonderfully to its attractiveness and value. Flowering trees are used in the tall shrubbery border, and fruit trees in the rear yard also add beauty and give graceful shade while supplying the table with the finest of fruit—that grown at home.

WATER BIRCH (*Betula fontinalis*). A graceful small tree, with slender, often pendulous branches. Bark dark bronze color, lustrous. Price: 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each; 10 for \$11.00. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50 each; 10 for \$12.50.

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRY (*Prunus Serrulata*). The popular Japanese varieties, well known because of the renowned plantings in Washington, D. C. They may be had in single or double, pink or white. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 each.

HOPA FLOWERING CRAB (*Malus Hopi*).

A red flowering Crab which is becoming very popular. The flowers are followed by small, intensely red apples about $\frac{3}{4}$ inch in diameter which are highly ornamental, and which may be mixed with other Apples for jellies. The flesh of the fruit is deep red and gives the jellies a beautiful wine-red color. Price: 3 to 4 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00. 4 to 5 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

WHITE FLOWERING DOGWOOD

(*Cornus Florida*). In early May this small native tree is a cloud of white flowers, and in the autumn the upper sides of the leaves turn a brilliant crimson or scarlet. A lovely tree for sun or shade. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, 60c; 10 for \$5.50. 3 to 4 ft., 80c; 10 for \$7.00.

RED FLOWERING DOGWOOD (*Cornus Florida Rubra*).

The red flowering form of the above. In the spring-time it is a profusion of pink and red flowers, and in the fall the foliage is unusually brilliant. Price: 2 to 3 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

AMERICAN ELM (*Ulmus Americana*).

A stately and dignified tree, whose slim, straight trunk, and slender arching branches give it a vaselike shape. Popular for street, park and roadway. Price: 6 to 8 ft., each, 75c; 10 for \$6.50. 8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

JAPANESE BLOODLEAF MAPLE (*Acer Palmatum*).

A small bushy tree, well known and greatly admired for its intense blood-red leaves throughout spring and summer. The plants offered are grafts and are true blood-red. Price: 18 to 24 in., B&B, each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50. 2 to 3 ft., B&B, each, \$2.50; 10 for \$22.50.

NORWAY MAPLE (*Acer Platanoides*).

Symmetrical, dense, round-headed tree of medium growth. Large leaves which turn to brilliant yellow in the fall. An excellent yard or street tree. Price: 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50. 8 to 10 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

SILVER MAPLE (*Acer Dasycarpum*). In the early spring, before the leaves have burst their buds, small clusters of red flowers appear. Rapid growing tree with graceful pendulous branches. Fine for lawns and parkways. Price: 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00. 8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.30; 10 for \$11.00.

DOUBLE-FLOWERING PEACH (*Amygdalus persica*). Small trees, covered in early spring with little double, roselike flowers. Colors red, white and pink. Price:

2 to 3 ft., 40c each; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

PIN OAK (*Quercus Palustris*). Preferred of all the Oaks. Perfectly symmetrical tree. Bright, shiny green foliage which is deeply cut. It is the easiest of the Oaks to transplant, and the quickest growing. Whether for shade, specimen, avenue, cemetery or park, we recommend the Pin Oak. Crimson fall coloring. Price: 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50. 8 to 10 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

ORIENTAL PLANE (*Platanus Orientalis*).

Considered by many as the most successful tree for city plantings as it is suited to a variety of soils, grows rapidly, and is remarkably free from insect pests. Creamy white bark, mottled by dark blotches of older bark, which peels off in thin plates. Holds foliage until late. Prices: 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.25; 10 for \$11.00. 8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.75; 10 for \$15.00.

LOMBARDY POPLAR (*Populus Nigra Italica*). A tall, spirelike tree, upright branches. Effective for screens and vertical accents. Price: 6 to 8 ft., each, 75c; 10 for \$6.50. 8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

WISCONSIN WEEPING WILLOW (*Salix Blanda*). The famous Weeping Willow whose long pendulous branches droop to the ground with matchless grace. Creates an exquisite effect on the margins of streams or lakes. Price: 5 to 6 ft., each, 75c; 10 for \$7.00. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; \$11.00 per 10.

DOUBLE-FLOWERING PLUM (*Prunus triloba plena*). Slender branches, completely covered with double, pink flowers before the leaves appear. Green foliage, small tree. Price: 2 to 3 ft., 40c each. 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

Write for our complete ornamental catalog—every page in actual color of the tree and fruit; a valuable book.

ROSES ~ Climbers • Perpetuals • Everbloomers

6 Hybrid Perpetual Roses

June Massive Blooming Varieties

Hardy Perpetual Roses are those which have an abundance of bloom in the spring and as a rule they will have a series of blooms again in the fall. Some few kinds will bloom intermittently along through the summer. These varieties are extremely hardy and will withstand much colder winters than Hybrid Teas.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. Favorite crimson-carmine.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. White, popular for cutting.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Clear red; fragrant.

MAGNA CHARTA. A vigorous growing variety with large pink flowers.

MRS. JOHN LAING. Soft pink; large.

ULRICH BRUNNER. Cherry-red.

Price: 2-year plants, each, 50c; 10 for \$4.25; 100 for \$35.00.

Climbers

We list below 14 of the finest and most popular climbing roses, all plants are healthy and selected from virile stock.

AMERICAN PILLAR. Carmine-crimson, white eye.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Deep rose-pink; fragrant.

CLIMBING TALISMAN. A climbing form of the Talisman Hybrid Tea.

CLIMBING CLAUDIO PERNET. Clear deep yellow.

CLIMBING MAMAN COCHET. Pale pink, yellow base.

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Popular crimson.

DOROTHY PERKINS. Large, pink clusters.

DR. W. VAN FLEET. Pale pink; very popular.

EXCELSA. Large clusters; scarlet-crimson.

GARDENIA. Nankeen-yellow.

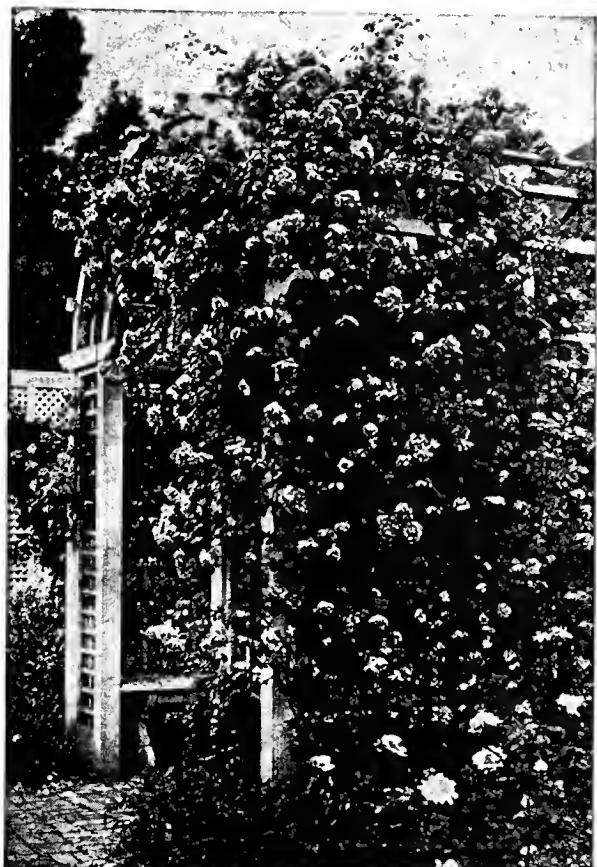
MME. GREGOIRE STAECHELIN. Pearl-pink petals; fragrant.

PAUL'S SCARLET. Blazing red; popular.

SCORCHER. Brilliant scarlet-crimson.

SILVER MOON. White, streaked yellow.

Price: 2-year plants, 50c each; 10 for \$4.25; 100 for \$35.00.



Climbers Are Effective Draped Over a Trellis or Arbor

3 for \$1.39

YOUR CHOICE

Any Three June-Blooming Roses or
Any Three Fine Climbers.

NEW PATENTED ROSES

COUNTESS VANDAL. (Plant Patent No. 38.) The sensation of the shows. Lovely coppery pink and gold, extra long pointed buds. The Queen of the Garden. **Each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.**

BLAZE. (Plant Patent No. 10.) The only hardy everblooming scarlet climber. **Each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.**

ECLIPSE. (Plant Patent No. 172.) The long, stream-lined bud, enhanced by ornamental sepals, is of rich gold without shading. The international sensation, awarded prizes in Rome, Paris, and other test gardens. **Each, \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15.**

BETTER TIMES. (Plant Patent No. 23.) The brilliant cerise flowers are large, double and delicately fragrant. Being produced on long, strong stems, they are excellent for cutting; a very free, full bloomer. **Each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.**

NIGRETTE. (Plant Patent No. 87.) Flowers are medium size, deep maroon with blackish velvet sheen and quite fragrant. The darkest of roses, appearing almost black in cool seasons; almost continuously in bloom. **Each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.**

RADIANT BEAUTY. (Plant Patent No. 97.) A hardy, vigorous grower. The color is a peculiar red, with petals of an unusual eggshell finish; opens to a perfect rose in all weather. **Each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.50.**



Countess Vandal



Joanna Hill

LOVELY GARDENS ABOUND IN ROSES

For genuine loveliness in fragrance, shape, and color, no flowers provide more satisfaction than Roses.

Plant twelve or more Bunting's prime 2-year-olds—they will bloom this year.

**All Varieties Listed On This
Page:
50c each; 10 for \$4.25;
100 for \$35.00**



Etoile de Hollande

Favorite Roses

Your Choice of Any Three Everblooming Roses for \$1.39

DAME EDITH HELEN. (Hybrid Tea.) Largest, most perfectly shaped and most perfumed pink Rose. Clear, glowing pink, from the time the bud opens until the petals fall. Blooms abundantly, with long, strong stems. Growth of bush is vigorous and thoroughly hardy. Wins praise and admiration everywhere.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. (Hybrid Tea.) Large, velvety crimson flowers produced in great profusion throughout the summer. Deliciously perfumed. Vigorous, upright grower. Unquestionably a popular and excellent red Rose.

MISS ROWENA THOM. (Hybrid Tea.) Large buds open to full blooms of perfect form, often measuring over 5 inches in diameter. The color is deep rose-pink with a yellow base to the petals which lights up the whole flower. Vigorous grower, splendid foliage, and blooms freely. Delicious fragrance.

MRS. PIERRE S. DU PONT. (Hybrid Tea.) This Gold Medal winner has a medium-sized long-pointed bud of a reddish gold, opening to a semi-double, cupped, very lasting fragrant flower of a deep golden yellow. The plant is strong and vigorous.

JOANNA HILL. (Hybrid Tea.) Extremely large, very long-pointed; flowers large, semi-double, full, unusually lasting, moderately fragrant, darker yellow than Sunburst, borne singly on long, strong stem. Beautiful foliage; few thorns. Vigorous grower; profuse bloomer.

TALISMAN. A multi-color rose of orange, yellow and rose-red. Fragrant—a gold medal winner.

BETTY UPRICHARD. (Hybrid Tea.) Deep toned carmine with coppery orange blend; interior mostly delicate salmon-pink. Very choice.

RED RADIANCE. (Hybrid Tea.) Large, globular flowers of an even, clear red. Constantly in bloom. Very popular.

PINK RADIANCE. (Hybrid Tea.) Extra hardy, vigorous and prolific. Blending of carmine-rose with shades of opal and copper.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. (Hybrid Tea.) Bright scarlet, shading to velvety crimson; fragrant; free flowering.

PAUL NEYRON. (Hybrid Perpetual.) Largest Rose in cultivation. Color bright cerise-red, very fragrant. June until late October. Flowers full and double.

SOUV. DE CLAUDIUS PERNET. (Pernetiana.) Most satisfactory yellow Rose. Strong sunflower-yellow, even deeper toned at center. Large flowers; buds long and pointed. Vigorous growing bush, with brilliant foliage.

PRES. HERBERT HOOVER. Vivid cerise-rose, softly suffused with yellow. Always in bloom.



Miss Rowena Thom

New Thrills in Everblooming Roses

All Varieties Listed on This Page—Strong, 2-Year Plants:
50c each 10 for \$4.25 100 for \$35.00

AUTUMN. Most extraordinary colored rosebud—burnt orange—on strong stems for cutting. Foliage glossy and very dark green.

BRIARCLIFF. Handsome flowers of silvery rose-pink.

DUCHESS OF LUXEMBOURG. Rich golden yellow.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. Large, well-formed buds, opening to semi-double saffron-yellow flowers, stained with crimson and changing to lighter yellow.

EDITOR McFARLAND. Long pointed pink bud with a glow of amber and a paler edge. Fine for cutting.

E. G. HILL. Great, massive blooms of deep maroon, velvety on inside, very fragrant.

ETOILE DE FRANCE. Well-formed buds that develop into full open flowers of red and soft velvety crimson, shading to vivid cerise.

J. J. L. MOCK. Silvery rose-white, reverse of petals carmine-pink.

K. A. VICTORIA. Most popular of all white Hybrid Tea Roses. Flowers large and finely formed, borne singly on strong upright stems.

KILLARNEY PINK. Fine satiny pink. Perfectly hardy, robust grower. A constant bloomer.

KILLARNEY WHITE. Same habits and fragrance as Killarney Pink.

LADY ASHTOWN. Very pale solid carmine-pink; yellow base. Blooms are large, globular and well formed.

LOS ANGELES. Flame-pink. Buds long and pointed. Beautiful from the opening of the bud until the last petal drops.



Briarcliff

Your Choice of ANY
3 EVERBLOOMING \$139
ROSES

MARGARET McGREDY. One of the most popular Red Roses. Almost always in bloom; a thrifty, vigorous grower.

MEV. G. A. VAN ROSSEM. Brownish yellow flowers, strongly shaded with copper-pink.

MME. CAROLINE TESTOUT. Broad petals of satiny rose, rounded flower, shaded darker at center and lighter edges.

MME. BUTTERFLY. Harmony of bright pink, apricot and gold. Richly perfumed.

MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT. Color coral-red; a free blooming variety; producing fine flowers all summer and until frost.

MRS. AARON WARD. Dark yellow, almost orange. A beautiful variety.

MRS. E. P. THOM. Clear, deep canary-yellow.

REV. F. PAGE-ROBERTS. Copper-red buds unfolding to beautiful golden blooms.

ROSLYN. Full golden yellow bloom, deeper in center with orange splashings on back of petals.

SOUV. DE GEORGES PERNET. Brick-red, magnificent blooms.

SUNBURST. Golden yellow with yellow-orange center. A good variety.

SYRACUSE. A new Rose, outstanding in the brilliance of its bright crimson hue.

WILLOWMERE. Brilliant pink flowers suffused with a golden light.



Mme. Butterfly

❖ About Ordering, Shipping, Etc. ❖

SHIPPING SEASON. We begin filling orders about September 1st and continue digging and shipping during the entire fall, winter and spring until June 1st. We are sometimes delayed in January, February and the early part of March by freezing weather, but usually are able to ship most of the time during these months.

THE PROPER PLANTING SEASON is during the months of February, March and April in the spring, and late October, November and December in autumn.

SUBSTITUTION. When sold out of a variety of trees or plants we frankly say so and when you allow us to substitute we will send a variety similar to the one ordered, as good or better; as we know the many varieties, our substitution, if any, will be of advantage. Late in the season we are sometimes sold out of some varieties of stock, thus when sending your order it is to your advantage to say whether we may substitute or not, that we may get the order off promptly, before the season is too far advanced for successful planting. If you do not wish us to exercise this right please mark your order sheet plainly NO SUBSTITUTION.

CLAIMS. If any, must be made within five days from receipt of stock. We cannot be held responsible for damage to stock caused by droughts, floods, frosts, insects, fires, etc., and by stock not being taken from the express office for several days after its arrival.

NOTICE OF SHIPMENT. Notice will be sent you when your order has been shipped.

WARRANTY. We strive to avoid mistakes and believe we are as exact as any in the business. Any stock received from us that isn't true-to-name, we agree to replace, on proper proof, such stock free of charge, or re-

fund purchase price. It is understood and agreed between the buyer and ourselves that we will not be held responsible for any greater sum than the cost of the stock, should any prove untrue.

TERMS. Cash with order; but orders will be booked if one-fourth value is received with order, remainder to be sent before time of shipment. Remit by money order, registered letter, check or draft.

WE CANNOT GUARANTEE STOCK TO LIVE. We guarantee all stock we sell to be strictly first class, dug and packed properly for shipment. We can only guarantee to send you good stock up to grade represented, full of life, and to reach you in good condition.

PRICES QUOTED HEREIN ARE F. O. B. SELBYVILLE. At these very reasonable prices, we do not prepay transportation, except where noted.

REFERENCE. We refer you to Dun & Bradstreet, Inc., Baltimore Trust Company of Selbyville, or any business house in Selbyville.

TELEGRAPH OR TELEPHONE US AT SELBYVILLE, DELAWARE.

STATE OF DELAWARE
STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE
CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION

Dover, Del., August 25, 1939.

To Whom It May Concern:

This certifies that I have this day examined the nursery stock of the Bunting's Nurseries, Inc., of Selbyville, Sussex County, Delaware and that said nursery stock is apparently free from dangerous, injurious insects and diseases. The above company certifies that the stock contained in this shipment was taken from the stock which passed inspection.

This certificate may be revoked by the State Board of Agriculture for cause and it is invalid after August 31, 1940.

S. L. HOPPERSTEAD, Inspector.

INDEX

STRAWBERRIES	Page	SMALL FRUITS—Continued	Page	MISCELLANEOUS	Page
Blakemore	21	Grape Vines	34-37	Asparagus	28
Catskill	21	Mulberries	33	Horseradish	33
Cultural Directions	27	Raspberries	30, 31	Pie Plant	33
Dorsett	20	Strawberries	17-27	Rhubarb	33
Fairfax	20				
General List	17-27				
Price of Plants	19				
SMALL FRUITS					
Blackberries	32	FRUIT TREES		ORNAMENTALS	
Blueberries	33, 36	Apple	8-12, 39	Evergreens	41, 42
Boysenberry	32	Apricot	15	Hedge Plants	43
Currants	33	Cherry	14, 15	Roses	39, 49-51
Dewberries	33	Peach	4-7	Shade Trees	48
Gooseberries	33	Pear	13	Shrubs	39, 44-47
		Plum	16	Unusual Plants	39
		Quince	16	Vines	43
		NUT TREES	16		

From _____

St. or R.F.D. _____

Town _____ State _____

BUNTINGS' NURSERIES, INC.

Selbyville, Delaware

U. S. A.



5 Colorful Garden Favorites

See pages 43, 44, and 46
for individual prices.



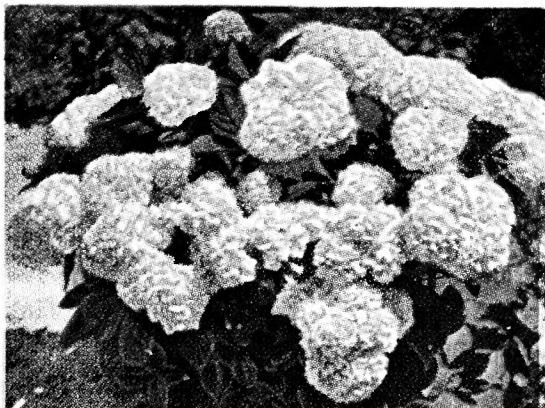
Althea, Rose of Sharon

ALTHEA

Color spot of the fall. Erect and stately in growth habit; very appropriate for formal planting. Blooms profusely in August and September.

OTAKSA HYDRANGEA

Very decorative and beautiful. Large balls of pink or blue flowers (color depending upon soil acidity) during July and August.



Otaksa Hydrangea

COLORFUL PLANT COLLECTION

- 1 ALTHEA RED, 1½-2 ft.
- 1 BUTTERFLY BUSH, 1½-2 ft.
- 1 HYDRANGEA OTAKSA, 2-yr. No. 1
- 1 SILVER LACE VINE, 2-yr. No. 1
- 1 HARDY LILAC, 1½-2 ft.

(State color Lilac preferred)

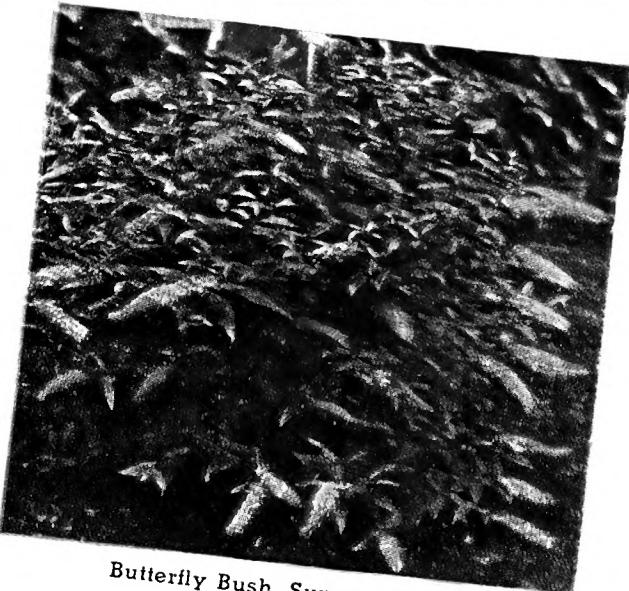
A \$2.10 value — **SPECIAL for \$1.90**

SILVER LACE VINE

A very rapid climbing vine. A well grown specimen is a cloud of lacy, misty white, shot with tints of cream, blooming all summer.



Silver Lace Vine



Butterfly Bush, Summer Lilac

BUTTERFLY BUSH

Summer Lilac. Blooms continually from July to frost, bearing long slender arching spikes of light blue, lilac-like flowers. Thrifty and succeeds everywhere.

HARDY LILACS

Well known, justly popular. In June they yield large trusses or panicles of sweet-scented blossoms. A "must have" plant for your garden.



Hardy Lilac

Bunting's
Specials

A
Good
Investment



Duchess of Wellington

AUTUMN. Most extraordinary colored rosebud — burnt orange — on strong stems for cutting. Foliage glossy, very dark green and disease-resistant.

MME. CAROLINE TESTOUT. Broad petals of satiny rose, rounded flower, shaded darker at center and lighter edges.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. Large, well-formed buds, opening to semi-double saffron-yellow flowers, stained with deep crimson and changing to deep coppery saffron-yellow as the blooms become fully open.



Autumn



Mrs. Caroline Testout

**3
Beautiful
ROSES**

**As Pictured
for only \$139**



**PINK
CUSHION
MUMS**

This compact bush is literally covered with hundreds of dainty flowers. Light orchid-pink with creamy centers. Price, No. 1 plants, 20c each, 3 for 45c.

BUNTINGS' NURSERIES, Inc., Selbyville, Delaware